

**NATIONAL ACCOUNTS
OF SRI LANKA
1989**

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PREFACE

This is the 15th publication in the series of National Accounts Estimates published by the Department of Census and Statistics. This issue contains the final Gross Domestic Product estimates for 1989 based on a variety of data sources, both public and private.


In addition to the final estimate of GDP, this publication contains a comprehensive set of accounts by sectors for production, income and outlay, capital finance, supply and disposition of goods and services, and a detailed classification of expenditures under the International Comparison Project categories (ICP).

In response to the suggestions made by the users of the national accounts at the Users Conference on National Accounts, the format of this publication is changed to give greater emphasis to the national accounts data.

The present publication was prepared under the guidance of Mr. D. Amarasinghe, Deputy Director, and under the direction of Mr. D.C.A. Gunawardena, Mrs. Nelum Perera, Mr. W.W.M.A.S. Premakumara, Statisticians, assisted by Mesdames D.C. Bandara, Manel Fernando, Violet de Silva, and Messrs. A. Shanmaganathan and H.A. Samarasinghe, Statistical Officers, and the Statistical Investigators and staff of the National Accounts and Prices Division.

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The continued assistance given by the private and the public organizations to make this publication an annual feature is very much appreciated.



R.B.M. Korale

Director of Census and Statistics.

Department of Census and Statistics,
P.O. Box 563,
Colombo 07.

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PART-I. ECONOMIC PERFORMANCE - 1989

A. Aggregate Estimates:

The economy of Sri Lanka grew by 2.0 per cent in 1989, as measured by the change in the real Gross Domestic Product (GDP). This is a lower growth rate than the 2.8 per cent experienced in 1988. This lower growth rate in the economy occurred because of the civil unrest and the unfavourable weather conditions that prevailed in the Country during the year. However, the fact that growth did occur, reflects the basic strength of the economy and the determination of the people of Sri Lanka to improve the Country. It also should be noted that this growth rate is higher than the 1.6 per cent growth rate that occurred in 1987. This shows that given any remission in the civil unrest in the country, the economy has the resiliency and the capability to rebound to a much greater level of economic activity and accomplishment.

The value of the 1989 GDP in real terms (constant 1975 prices) is Rs. 50,310 million as compared to the level of Rs. 49,336 million in 1988. In current prices, GDP reached a level of Rs. 248,230 million, which is Rs. 29,456 million higher than the 1988 figure. This reflects an increase of 13.5 per cent in the current price GDP for 1989. The difference between the GDP changes in current and constant prices reflects the amount of change that is due to price increases that occurred during this period. The constant price GDP estimates measure the change that occurred in the quantity of goods and services produced after deducting the amount of change due only to price changes.

The per capita Gross National Product (GNP) in current prices, which is derived by dividing the GNP value by the average population for the year, increased by 12.3 per cent in 1989 to a level of Rs. 14,478. The real per capita GNP, which is the constant 1975 price GNP divided by the population, increased by 0.7 per cent in 1989 to a level of Rs. 2,929. Thus the economy was able to improve slightly in terms of real per capita GNP, despite the unfavourable civil and weather conditions in the Country. In U.S. dollars (\$), the GNP per capita declined slightly from \$404 in 1988 to \$402 in 1989, reflecting the change in the foreign exchange rates, which moved from 31.81 to 36.05 ruppies to the dollar during the year.

The population of the Country is increasing, but at a decreasing rate. In 1989, the population increased by 1.3 per cent, which is slightly lower than the 1.4 per cent experienced in 1988 and the 1.5 percent population growth rate in 1987.

Prices rose at a slower rate in 1989 when compared to 1988, as measured by the GDP Implicit Price Deflator. This deflator is derived by dividing the current price GDP by the value of the constant price GDP. The GDP deflator increased by 11.5 per cent in 1989 as compared to the 12.7 per cent rise recorded in 1988. The change in the Implicit Price Deflator measures the changes in prices as well as reflecting the shifts that occur in the composition of the GDP. In

comparison, the consumer price index measures the average change in the prices of a fixed market basket of goods and services. It does not account for the shift in consumer purchasing patterns that occur when prices change on some items. The Implicit Price Deflator, which is also an index, measures the change in value of all goods and services purchased rather than just measuring the change in value of a restricted market basket of selected items.

B. Overview of Sector Estimates:

1. Current Price Measures:

The Agriculture, Wholesale and Retail Trade, and Manufacturing Sectors dominated the economic activity of the Country in 1989, accounting for a 62 percentage share of the Gross Domestic Product in current prices. These sectors have maintained this same level of dominance of the economy in previous years as well.

The value added of the Agriculture Sector, which accounted for a 24.4 percentage share of the GDP in 1989, increased by 11.2 per cent in current prices to a level of Rs. 56,774 Mn. from the 1988 value of Rs. 51,074 Mn. However this is lower than the 18.3 per cent increase in the agriculture product in current prices in 1988. Other Food Crops, Paddy, Tea and Fisheries accounted for slightly more than a 67 percentage share of the total agriculture product.

The Wholesale and Retail Trade, Restaurants, and Hotels, the second largest sector, contributed a 19.0 percentage share to the Gross Domestic Product in 1989. The product measure of this sector increased by 7.0 per cent to a level of Rs. 44,564 Mn. from the 1988 value of Rs. 41,643 Mn. This growth in product is lower than the Trade Sector increase of 17.7 per cent in 1988. The value added for this sector includes the contribution derived from tourism and for 1989 the number of tourists increased by 1.1 per cent.

The Manufacturing Sector maintained a 17.8 percentage share of GDP in 1989. Its production increased by 18.8 per cent from Rs. 34,852 Mn. in 1988 to a level of Rs. 41,415 Mn. in 1989. This is slightly higher than the 17.3 per cent increase in Manufacturing Product in 1988. Of the three industries that make up the Manufacturing Sector, the Factory Industry contributed the largest share of Rs. 33,232 Mn. to the total Manufacturing product. The Export Processing Industry had a value added of Rs. 4,345 Mn. and the Cottage Industry contributed Rs. 3,838 Mn. to the total value added of Manufacturing.

Transport and Communication, Government Services and Construction were the next three sectors with the largest contribution to the GDP with 10.3, 8.5, and 7.5 percentage shares respectively. The balance of 12.3 percentage share of GDP was contributed by the Financial, Energy, Private Services, Mining and Quarrying and Ownership of Dwellings Sectors. Table 3. contains the information on the GDP by industry in current year prices.

Table i - Key Economic Indicators, 1988-1989

| | 1988 | 1989 | Percent Change |
|--|---------|---------|-------------------|
| Current Market Price Estimates: | | | |
| Gross Domestic Product (GDP) (Rs.Mn.) | 218,774 | 248,230 | 13.5 % |
| Gross National Product (GNP) " " | 213,275 | 243,324 | 14.1 % |
| Constant 1975 Market Price Estimates: | | | |
| Gross Domestic Product (GDP) (Rs.Mn.) | 49,336 | 50,310 | 2.0 % |
| Gross National Product (GDP) (Rs.Mn.) | 48,250 | 49,231 | 2.0 % |
| Per Capita Estimates: | | | |
| GNP Per Capita (Current Price) (Rs.) | 12,859 | 14,478 | 12.6 % |
| GNP Per Capita (Constant Price) (Rs.) | 2,909 | 2,929 | 0.7 % |
| GNP Per Capita (Current Price) (US \$) | 404 | 402 | -0.5 % |
| Population: (000) | 16,586 | 16,806 | 1.3 % |
| GDP Implicit Price Deflator (1975 = 100) | 443.4 | 494.2 | 11.5 % |
| Economic Growth Rate (Constant Price GDP) | 2.8 % | 2.0 % | |

2. Constant Price Measures:

In the Gross Domestic Product in constant 1975 prices, the effect of price changes is removed and the real growth measure reflects the change in the quantity of goods and services that are produced during the year. In constant price measures, the same three sectors accounted for a 68.2 percentage share of Gross Domestic Product. However, in real terms, the Wholesale and Retail Industry had the highest share of GDP with a 26.4 percentage, followed by Agriculture with a 21.2 percentage share and Manufacturing with a 20.6 percentage share.

In real terms, the 1989 Agriculture value added was Rs. 10,528 Mn., a slight decline from the 1988 level of Rs. 10,837 Mn. This was a 2.9 per cent decline compared to the increase of 2.6 per cent which occurred in 1988. Adverse weather conditions in some areas of the Country and the civil unrest in others, were among the factors causing this decline in Agriculture products.

However, individual crops within the sector moved in diverse directions and the decline was not a unified movement. Coconut, Other Food Crops, Betel and Arecanuts were among some of the crops that showed increased in 1989. In addition, Livestock and Fisheries also increased in real terms. However, the decline in Minor Export Crops, Paddy, Tea, Rubber and Miscellaneous Agriculture Products outweighed the value increase in growth crops and the total sector product declined in 1989.

The Trade Sector product increased by 2.4 per cent in 1989 to a level of Rs. 13,077 Mn. from the 1988 value of Rs. 12,772 Mn. This real growth rate is slightly lower than the 2.8 per cent experienced in 1988.

In Manufacturing, the 1989 production as measured in real terms, increase by 3.2 per cent to a level of Rs. 10,227 Mn. from the 1988 value of Rs. 9,911. Manufacturing showed a slight improvement in the 1989 growth when compared with the 2.5 per cent growth in 1988. The Factory Industry increased by 5.1 per cent, and the Cottage Industry rose slightly by 0.6 per cent. However, not all Manufacturing sub-sectors increased, and Export Processing (tea, rubber and coconut) showed a decline of 0.5 per cent for 1989.

In constant price estimates, the Transportation and Communication Sector showed a decline from Rs. 4,829 Mn. in 1988 to Rs. 4,775 Mn. in 1989. This 1.1 per cent decline was due primarily to the disruptions in the transportation service experienced during the periods of civil unrest that occurred during the year.

Other sectors such as Construction and Energy (Electricity, Gas and Water) also made positive contributions to the economic growth during the year, but at rates lower than those posted in 1988. The growth rate in Construction was 0.8 per cent and Energy was 1.9 per cent, both lower than their respective growth rates in 1988. Table 3. provides the constant price data on the GDP by industry.

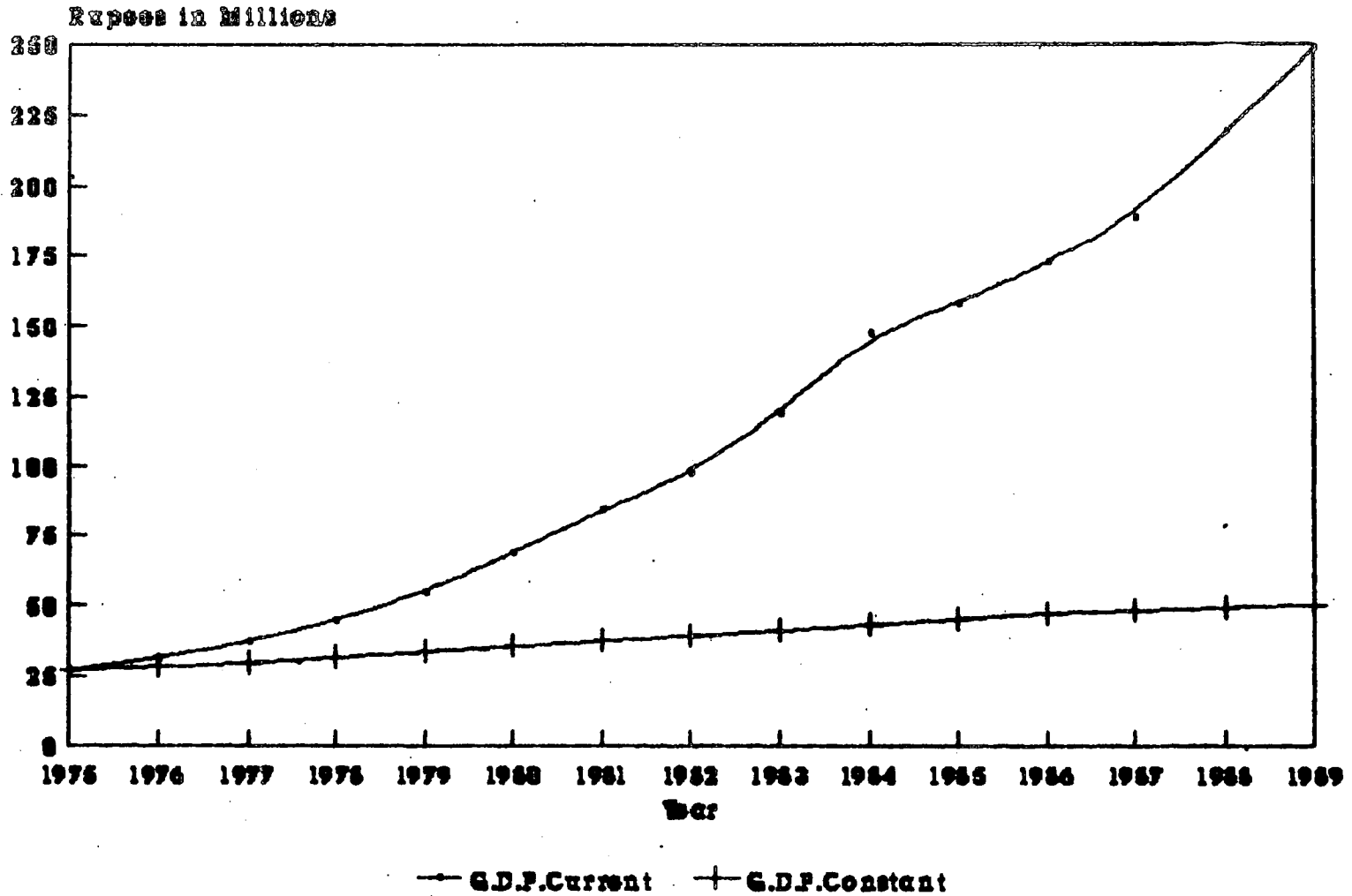
Table ii - Gross Domestic Product,
Current and Constant Prices, 1975-1989

| Year | GDP - Current Price (Rs.Mn.) | Percent Change Yr./Yr. | GDP - Constant Price (Rs.Mn.) | Percent Change Yr./Yr. |
|------|---------------------------------|------------------------------|----------------------------------|------------------------------|
| 1975 | 27,040.5 | - | 27,040.5 | - |
| 1976 | 30,973.0 | 14.5% | 28,241.0 | 4.4% |
| 1977 | 36,911.9 | 19.2% | 29,319.6 | 3.8% |
| 1978 | 44,561.5 | 20.7% | 31,492.1 | 7.4% |
| 1979 | 54,920.0 | 23.2% | 33,405.6 | 6.1% |
| 1980 | 68,337.7 | 24.4% | 35,307.5 | 5.7% |
| 1981 | 84,526.6 | 23.7% | 37,266.3 | 5.5% |
| 1982 | 97,527.5 | 15.4% | 39,198.8 | 5.2% |
| 1983 | 119,201.5 | 22.2% | 41,061.8 | 4.8% |
| 1984 | 147,343.5 | 23.6% | 43,135.7 | 5.1% |
| 1985 | 157,763.3 | 7.1% | 45,300.0 | 5.0% |
| 1986 | 172,440.3 | 9.3% | 47,235.5 | 4.3% |
| 1987 | 188,821.6 | 9.5% | 48,002.5 | 1.6% |
| 1988 | 218,774.0 | 15.9% | 49,336.2 | 2.8% |
| 1989 | 248,230.0 | 13.5% | 50,310.3 | 2.0% |

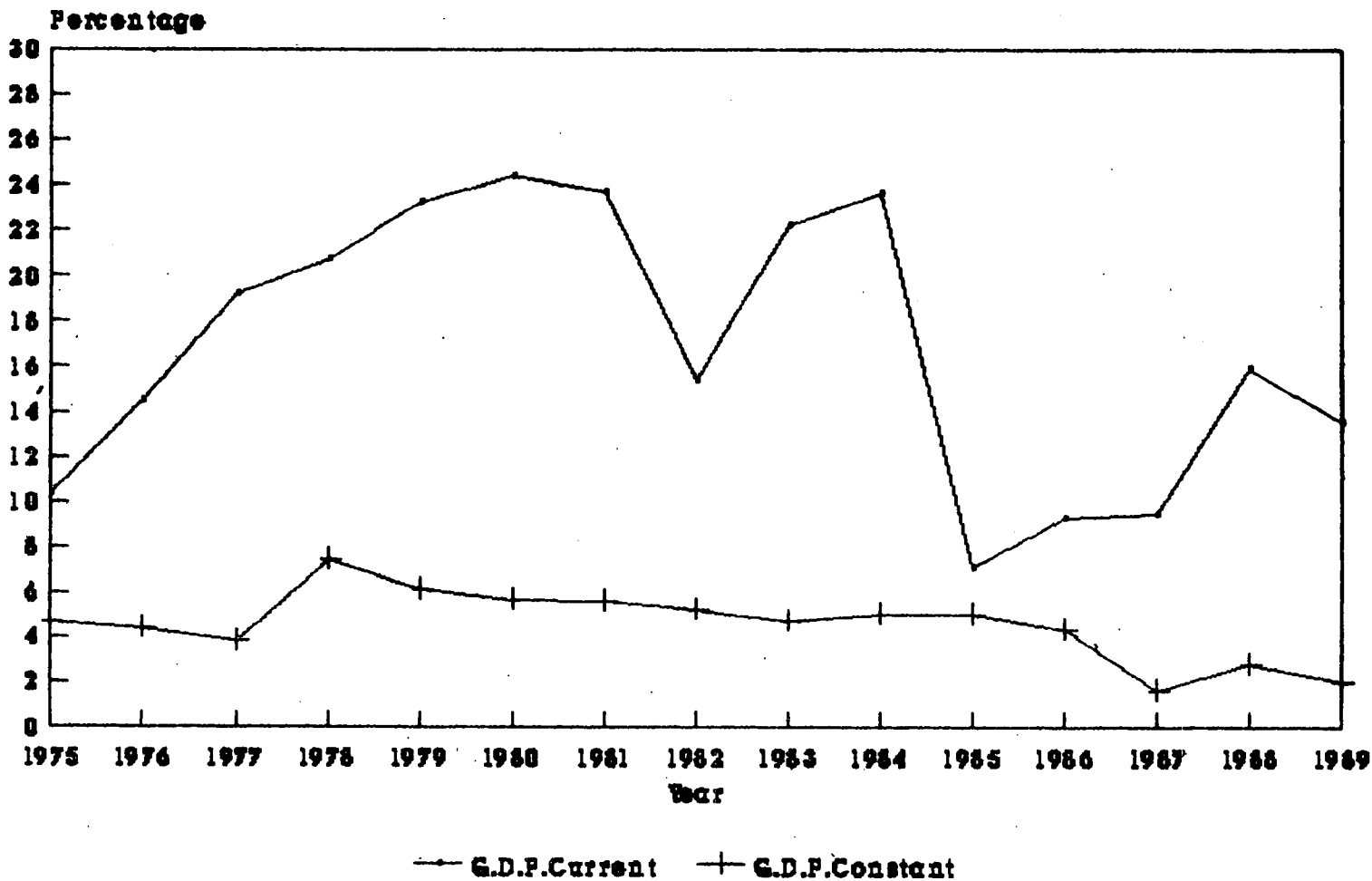
Average Annual Growth Rates:

| Periods: | Constant Price GDP Average Annual Growth Rate |
|-------------|---|
| 1975 - 1989 | 4.5 % |
| 1977 - 1989 | 4.6 % |
| 1980 - 1989 | 4.0 % |
| 1985 - 1989 | 2.7 % |

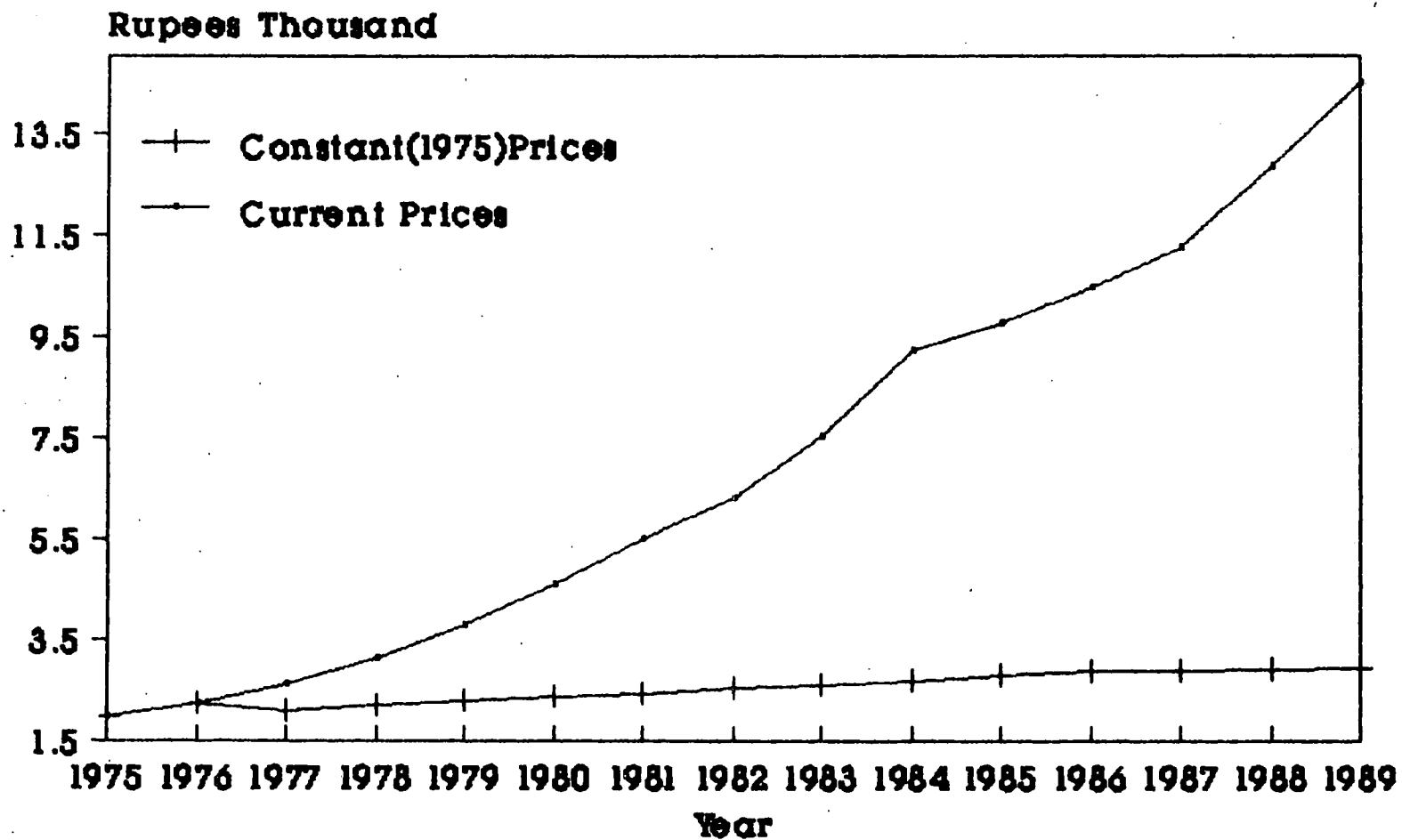
**Graph 1- GROSS DOMESTIC PRODUCT IN
CURRENT & CONSTANT (1975) PRICES.**



**Graph 2 - GROSS DOMESTIC PRODUCT
PERCENTAGE CHANGES IN CURRENT &
CONSTANT (1975) PRICES**



**Graph 3 - GROSS NATIONAL PRODUCT
PERCAPITA IN CURRENT AND
CONSTANT (1975) PRICES**



PART-II. GROSS DOMESTIC PRODUCT BY INDUSTRY
DETAILED SECTOR REVIEW - 1989

The measure of Gross Domestic Product by Industry identifies the product generated by each producer classified by economic activity as recommended by the UN System of National Accounts (SNA) and the International Standard Industrial Classification (ISIC). The production approach looks at the way output is produced and measures the contribution to output made by each producer. This is done by deducting from the total value of its output the value of the goods and services it has purchased from other producers and used up in producing its own output. The remainder is the value added, and what is used up in production is intermediate consumption. The total value added by all producers equals Gross Domestic Product.

The economic activity in Sri Lanka is grouped according to the International Standard Industrial Classification (ISIC) with some modification to satisfy the user's data needs as shown below.

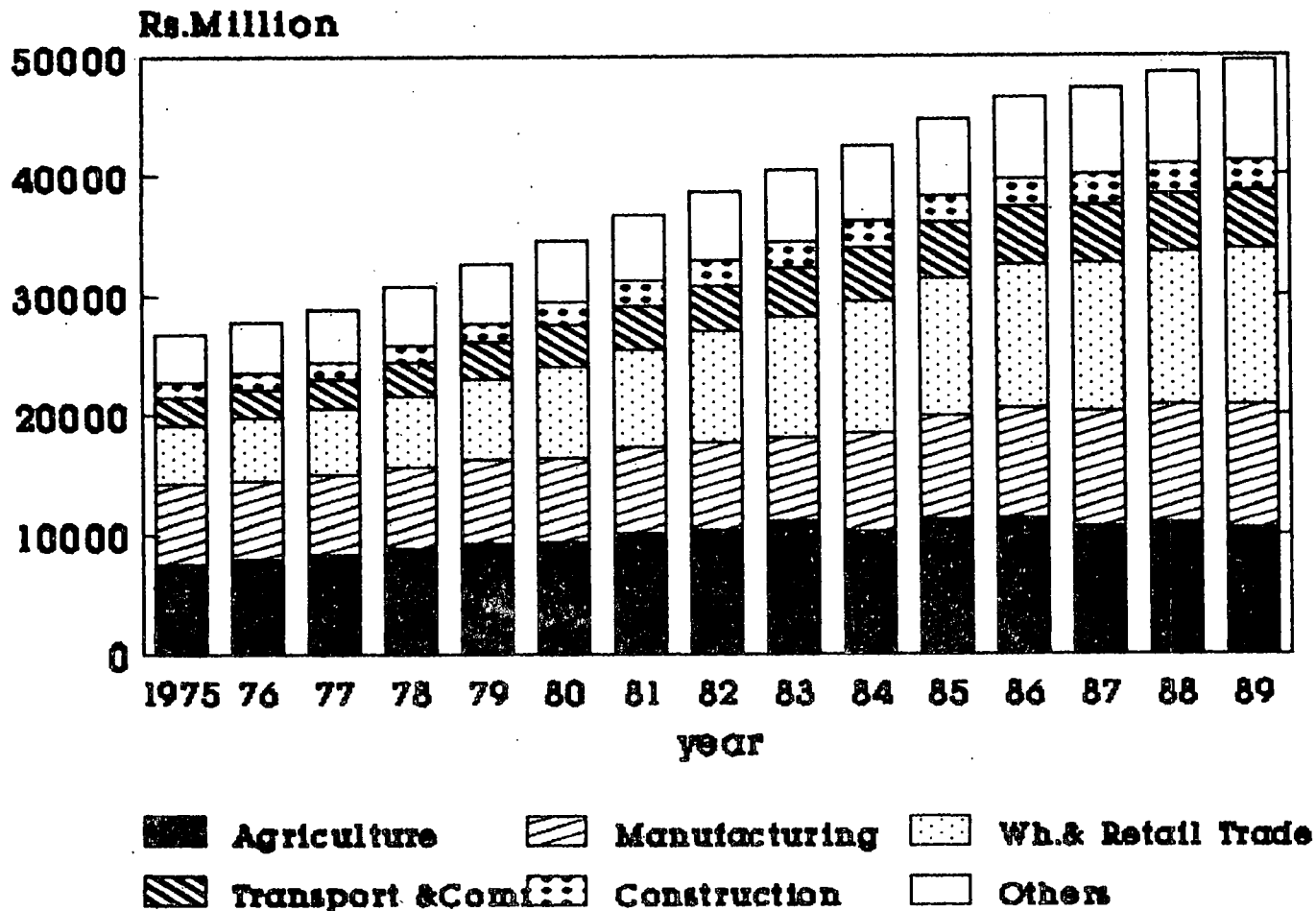
| ISIC No. | Economic Activity |
|----------|---|
| 1. | AGRICULTURE |
| 2. | MINING AND QUARRYING |
| 3. | MANUFACTURING |
| 4. | ELECTRICITY, GAS AND WATER |
| 5. | CONSTRUCTION |
| 6. | WHOLESALE AND RETAIL TRADE, RESTAURANTS AND HOTELS |
| 7. | TRANSPORT AND COMMUNICATIONS |
| 8. | BANKING INSURANCE AND REAL ESTATE |
| 9. | OWNERSHIP OF DWELLINGS* |
| 10. | GOVERNMENT SERVICES* |
| 11. | PRIVATE SERVICES* |

* The category for ownership of dwellings does not exist in the ISIC. In addition, categories 10 and 11 are combined into one category, Community, Social and Personal Services, in the ISIC.

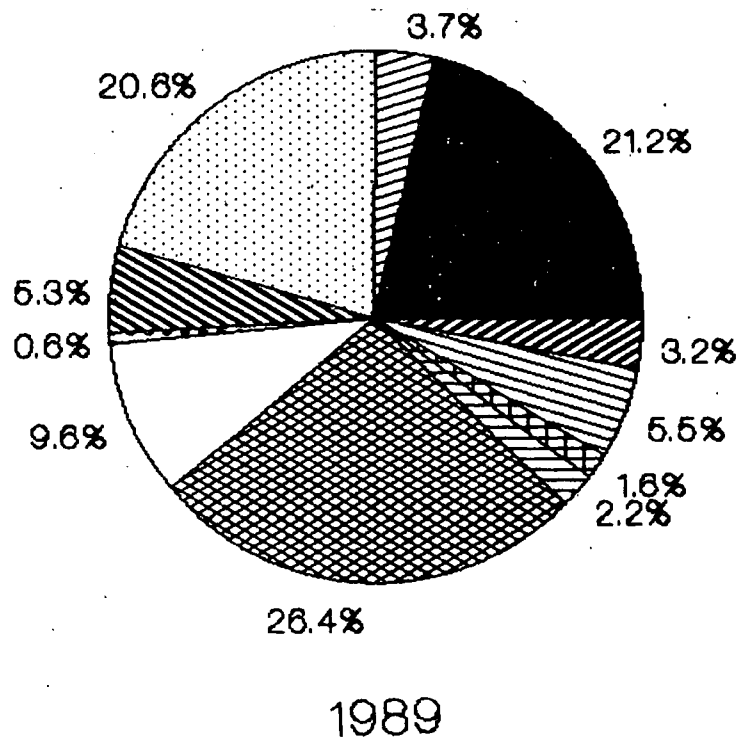
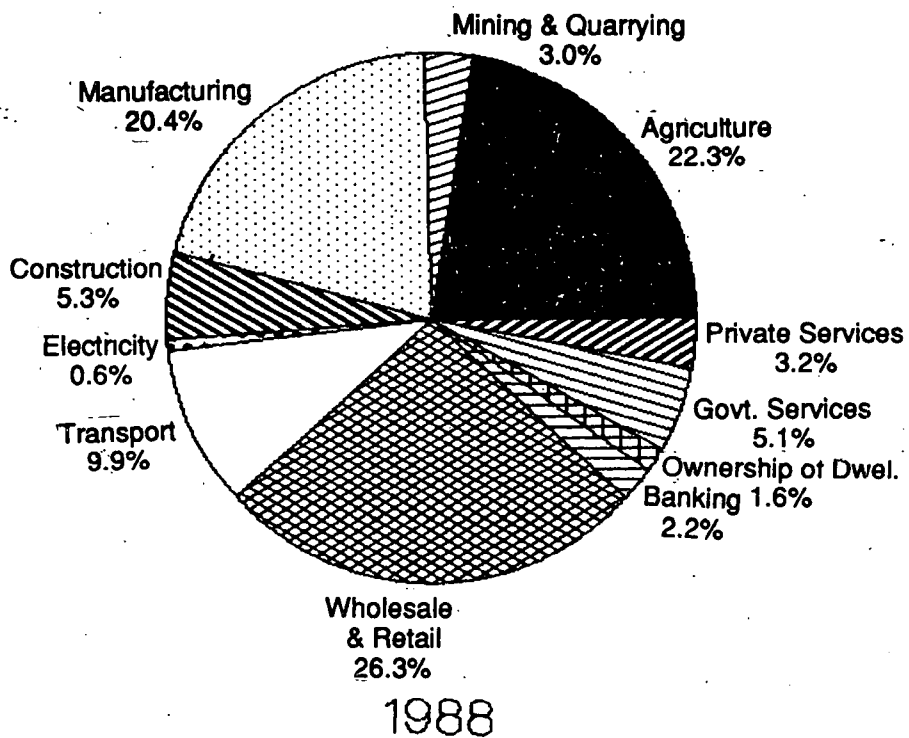
Table iii - Gross Domestic Product by Industry of Origin,
Current and Constant Prices, 1987-1989

| Major Divisions | At current prices | | | At constant (1975) prices | | | | |
|--|-------------------|-----------|-----------|----------------------------|----------|----------|-------------|-------|
| | Value (Rs.Mn.) | | | Value (Rs.Mn.) | | | Growth rate | |
| | 1987 | 1988 | 1989 | 1987 | 1988 | 1989 | 1988 | 1989 |
| 1. Agriculture, livestock, Fisheries etc. | 43,173.6 | 51,074.4 | 56,774.0 | 10,562.2 | 10,836.9 | 10,527.9 | 2.6% | -2.9% |
| 2. Mining and Quarrying | 2,194.0 | 3,024.1 | 3,605.0 | 1,132.8 | 1,464.7 | 1,818.7 | 29.3% | 24.2% |
| 3. Manufacturing | 29,701.3 | 34,852.1 | 41,414.7 | 9,670.0 | 9,910.7 | 10,227.1 | 2.5% | 3.2% |
| 3.1 Export processing (Tea, Rubber and Coconut) | 4,166.8 | 4,514.3 | 4,344.6 | 2,826.2 | 2,739.4 | 2,725.7 | -3.1% | -0.5% |
| 3.2 Factory industry | 22,744.3 | 26,713.4 | 33,232.2 | 6,080.8 | 6,393.2 | 6,719.0 | 5.1% | 5.1% |
| 3.4 Cottage industry | 2,790.2 | 3,624.4 | 3,837.9 | 763.0 | 778.1 | 782.4 | 2.0% | 0.6% |
| 4. Electricity, gas and water | 3,456.6 | 3,986.2 | 4,249.7 | 304.1 | 314.9 | 320.9 | 3.6% | 1.9% |
| 5. Construction | 14,206.7 | 15,349.1 | 17,505.3 | 2,556.5 | 2,596.4 | 2,616.1 | 1.6% | 0.8% |
| 6. Wholesale and retail trade, restaurants and hotels | 35,373.2 | 41,643.2 | 44,563.5 | 12,422.0 | 12,772.0 | 13,076.7 | 2.8% | 2.4% |
| 7. Transport and communication | 20,235.6 | 22,305.0 | 23,877.2 | 4,803.3 | 4,828.5 | 4,774.6 | 0.5% | -1.1% |
| 8. Banking, insurance and real estate etc. | 8,369.5 | 10,152.4 | 11,585.4 | 989.2 | 1,048.6 | 1,111.5 | 6.0% | 6.0% |
| 9. Ownership of dwellings | 2,656.3 | 2,777.4 | 2,881.9 | 749.4 | 759.7 | 769.8 | 1.4% | 1.3% |
| 10. Government services | 12,708.2 | 15,914.8 | 19,674.5 | 2,474.8 | 2,501.9 | 2,750.1 | 1.1% | 9.9% |
| 11. Private services | 5,063.9 | 6,096.6 | 6,391.0 | 1,583.1 | 1,546.8 | 1,567.7 | -2.3% | 1.4% |
| Total | 177,138.9 | 207,175.3 | 232,522.2 | 47,247.4 | 48,581.1 | 49,561.1 | 2.8% | 2.0% |
| Add: Import duties | 11,682.7 | 11,598.7 | 15,707.8 | 755.1 | 755.1 | 749.2 | 0.0% | -0.8% |
| Gross Domestic Product | 188,821.6 | 218,774.0 | 248,230.0 | 48,002.5 | 49,336.2 | 50,310.3 | 2.8% | 2.0% |

Graph 4 - GROSS DOMESTIC PRODUCT BY MAJOR SECTORS AT CONSTANT (1975) PRICES



Graph 5 - COMPOSITION OF GROSS DOMESTIC PRODUCT AT CONSTANT(1975)PRICES



1. AGRICULTURE:

The Agriculture Sector plays a vital role in the economy as the major contributor to the Gross Domestic Product. Its 24.4 percentage share of GDP in 1989, was down slightly from a 24.7 percentage share in 1988. It also has a significant impact on the other sectors of the Economy. In current prices, agriculture value added grew by 11.2 per cent in 1989 from the 1988 level. However, in real terms, agriculture experienced a decline in 1989. The total value added in constant 1975 prices was Rs. 10,527.9 Mn. down from the 1988 estimate of Rs. 10,836.9 Mn. for a loss of Rs. 309 Mn. or a 2.9 per cent decline. Ethnic disturbances in the North & East and the prevailing civil unrest, especially in the last quarter of the reference year, prevented the growth rate from going higher than reported for the agriculture sector.

Table 1-1. Major Agricultural Crops and Prices 1985-1989

| | Unit | 1985 | 1986 | 1987 | 1988 | 1989 |
|----------------------------------|---------------|-------|-------|-------|-------|--------|
| 1) Production: | | | | | | |
| (a) Tea | '000 MT | 214.1 | 211.3 | 213.3 | 226.9 | 207.0 |
| (b) Rubber | '000 MT | 137.5 | 137.8 | 121.8 | 122.4 | 110.7 |
| (c) Coconut | (Mn. nuts) | 2,958 | 3,039 | 2,292 | 1,933 | 2,481 |
| (d) Paddy | (Mn. bushels) | 127.5 | 124.3 | 101.9 | 118.7 | 98.8 |
| 2) Average Producer Prices: | | | | | | |
| (a) Tea* | Rs. /kg. | 35.39 | 31.12 | 39.30 | 42.77 | 52.16 |
| (b) Rubber* | Rs./ kg. | 15.46 | 17.06 | 20.21 | 24.40 | 22.56 |
| (c) Coconut | Rs./Nut | 1.70 | 1.21 | 2.17 | 3.60 | 2.70 |
| (d) Paddy | Rs./bushel | 81.29 | 82.32 | 86.51 | 88.75 | 118.11 |
| 3) Average Export F.O.B. Prices: | | | | | | |
| (a) Tea | Rs./kg. | 60.62 | 44.52 | 52.97 | 55.95 | 62.49 |
| (b) Rubber | Rs./kg. | 21.34 | 23.83 | 37.63 | 37.33 | 35.77 |
| (c) Coconut | Rs./Nut | 3.92 | 3.04 | 4.28 | 5.81 | 5.32 |

* Colombo Auction Price. Source: Rubber Control Department.
Ministry of Agriculture
Development.
Coconut Cultivation Board.
Central Bank of Sri Lanka.
Department of Census and
Statistics.

The share of agricultural exports to total exports decreased to 38.6 percentage share in 1989 from a 43.4 percentage level of in 1988. The total value of exports increased to Rs. 54,685.6 (Mn) in 1989, up by Rs. 8,138.2 (Mn) from the 1988 level of Rs. 46,547.4 (Mn) for a gain of 17.5 %. The higher value of exports in 1989 was due mainly to an increase in export prices and only marginal quantity increases in products.

Graph 6 - COMPOSITION OF AGRICULTURE IN GROSS DOMESTIC PRODUCT IN CONSTANT (1975) PRICES

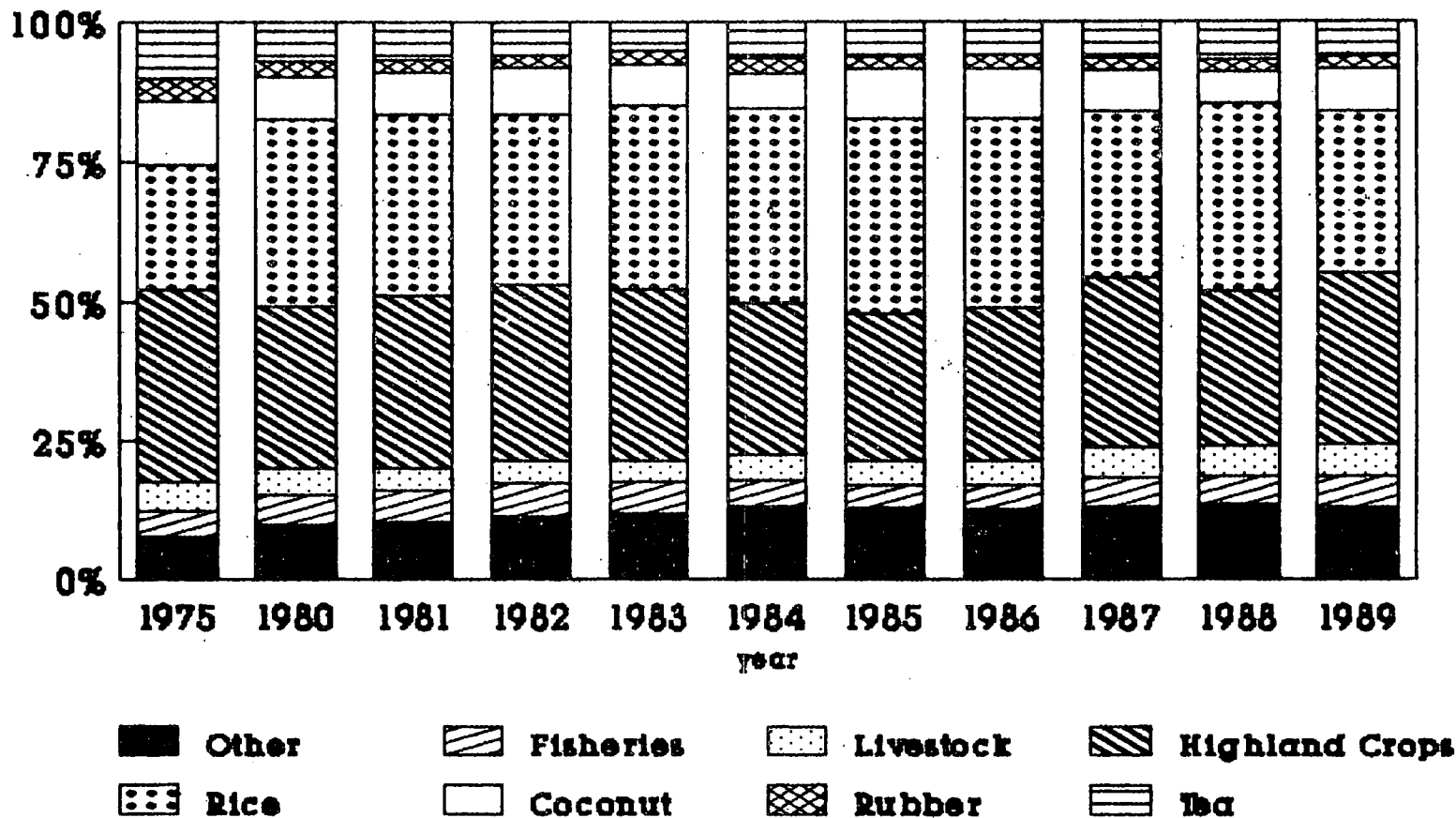


Table 1-2. Percentage Composition of Agricultural Exports

| Export Crops | 1984 | 1985 | 1986 | 1987 | 1988 | 1989 |
|---|------|------|------|------|------|------|
| Tea | 42.2 | 33.2 | 27.2 | 25.9 | 26.1 | 21.7 |
| Rubber | 8.8 | 7.1 | 7.7 | 7.0 | 7.9 | 6.4 |
| Coconuts | 5.7 | 8.5 | 7.0 | 5.2 | 4.3 | 6.2 |
| Minor Export Crops | 3.7 | 3.8 | 4.4 | 3.9 | 5.1 | 4.3 |
| Agriculture Exports as a share of total exports (%) | 60.4 | 52.6 | 46.3 | 42.0 | 43.4 | 38.6 |

Source: Customs Department

The 1989 decrease in agricultural exports from the 1988 levels reflected the decreases in tea, rubber, minor export crops and coconut exports.

Tea:

The year 1989 was not favourable for production in the industry. Tea production dropped 19.9 Mn. kgs. from 226.9 in 1988 to 207.0 Mn. kgs. in the current year, for a decrease of 8.8 per cent. However, average prices for tea increased to Rs. 52.16 in 1989 from a price of Rs. 42.77 in 1988, for a 22.8 per cent increase. The Increase in prices resulted in an increase in the tea value added in current prices to Rs. 6,703.7 Mn. in 1989, indicating an 23.3 per cent increase at current prices over the previous year.

In constant 1975 prices, the value added for tea decreased by 8.8% to Rs. 674.5 (Mn) in 1989 from Rs. 739.4 (Mn.) in 1988. This was mainly due to the decrease in quantities of tea produced in 1989.

Table 1-3. The Annual Elevational Production of Tea
(Mn. Kgs.)

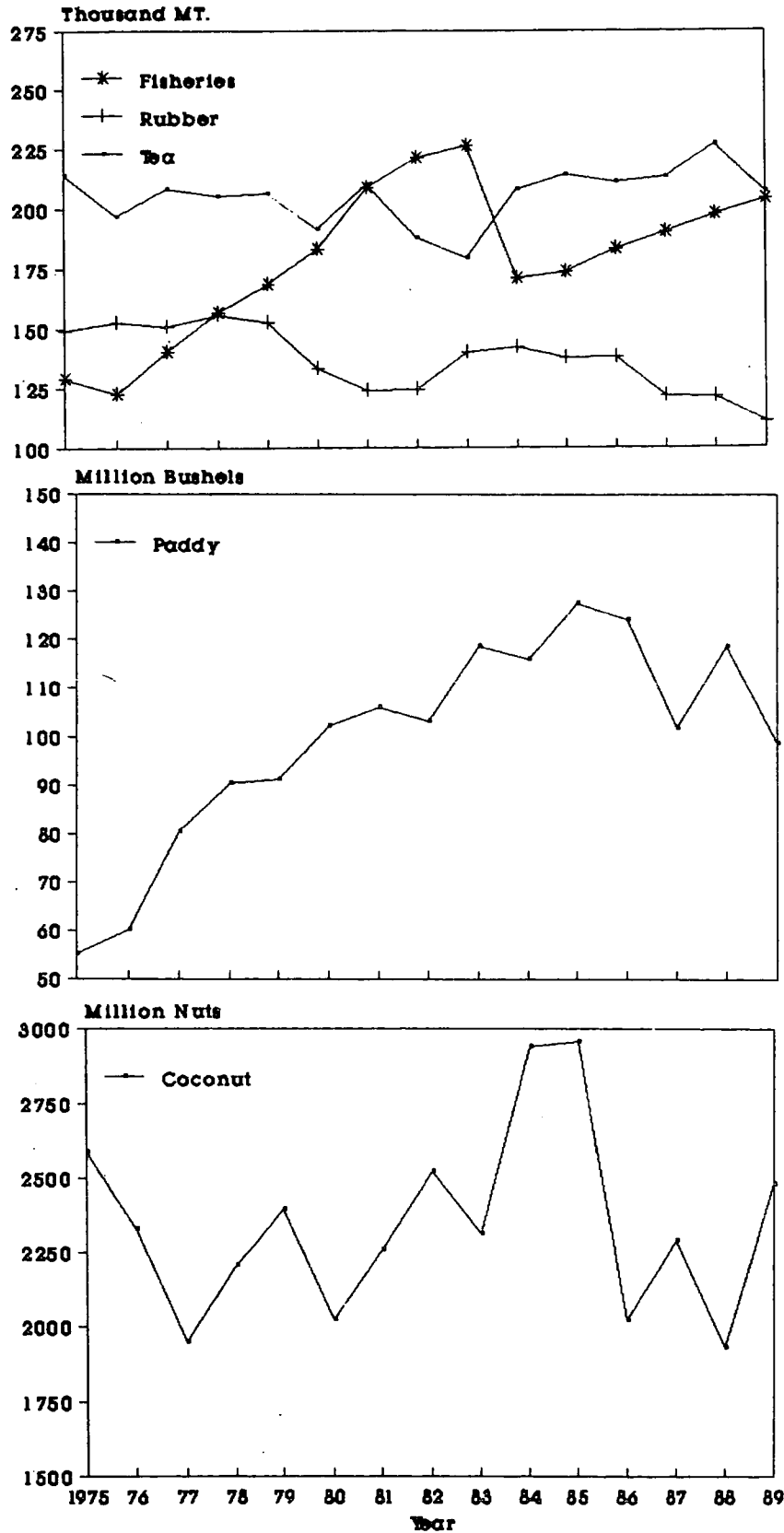
| Tea Type | 1984 | 1985 | 1986 | 1987 | 1988 | 1989 |
|--------------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| High Grown | 79.3 | 78.9 | 77.1 | 73.4 | 76.8 | 74.1 |
| Medium Grown | 54.6 | 55.1 | 53.3 | 53.5 | 54.3 | 50.0 |
| Low Grown | 74.1 | 80.1 | 80.9 | 86.4 | 95.8 | 82.9 |
| Total | 208.0 | 214.1 | 211.3 | 213.3 | 226.9 | 207.0 |

Source: Tea Commissioner's
Department

Rubber:

Rubber production in 1989 decreased by 9.6 per cent to a level of 110.7 Mn. Kgs. from the 122.4 Mn. Kgs. produced in 1988. Rubber is one of the important crops of the Plantation Industry. The Colombo

Graph 7 - PRODUCTION OF MAJOR AGRICULTURAL CROPS & FISHERY



Market Price of Rs. 24.40 Kg. in 1988 dropped to Rs. 22.56 Kg. in 1989, reflecting a lower demand in the world market. The value added at current prices dropped to Rs. 1,605.1 Mn. in 1989 from Rs. 2,310.9 Mn. in 1988. There was a 30.5 per cent drop in production of rubber in 1989, due mainly to less favourable weather conditions and to the 65.0 per cent drop in fertilizer consumption for rubber.

The value added at constant prices in 1988 which was Rs. 228.7 Mn. decreased to Rs. 206.8 Mn. in 1989. At the Colombo Market Auctions, the F.O.B. price for all rubber declined in price compared with the previous year and the average export price decreased by 4.1% in 1989.

Table 1-4. Prices For Rubber

| | 1985 | 1986 | 1987 | 1988 | 1989 |
|---|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| 01. F.O.B. Price for all rubber Rs./Kg. | 21.34 | 23.83 | 27.63 | 37.33 | 35.77 |
| 02. Colombo Market Price for rubber Rs./Kg. | | | | | |
| (a) R.SS No.1 | 15.90 | 16.62 | 19.87 | 24.40 | 22.63 |
| No.2 | 15.56 | 16.32 | 19.45 | 23.84 | 21.77 |
| (b) Latex Crepe | 18.26 | 24.72 | 21.22 | 32.80 | 29.42 |
| (c) Scrap Crepe | 14.93 | 14.01 | 17.55 | 32.37 | 27.70 |

Source: Central Bank of Sri Lanka.

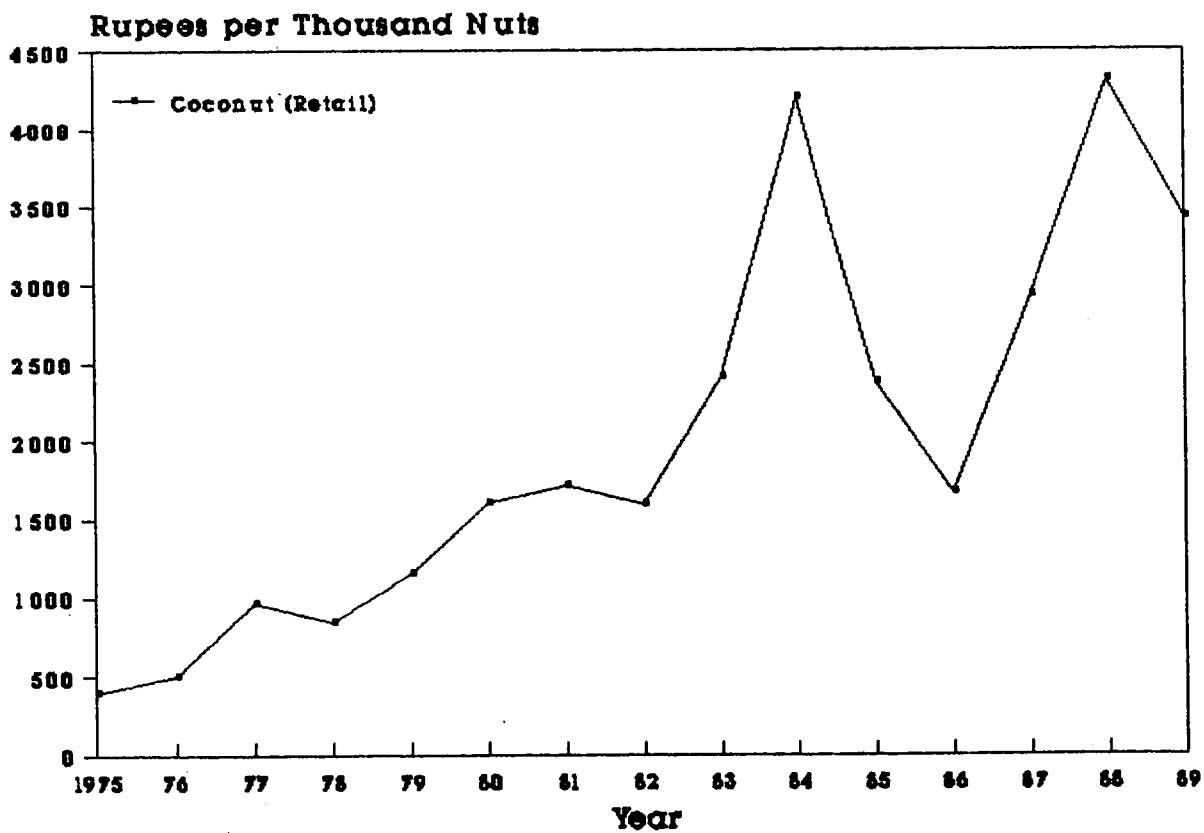
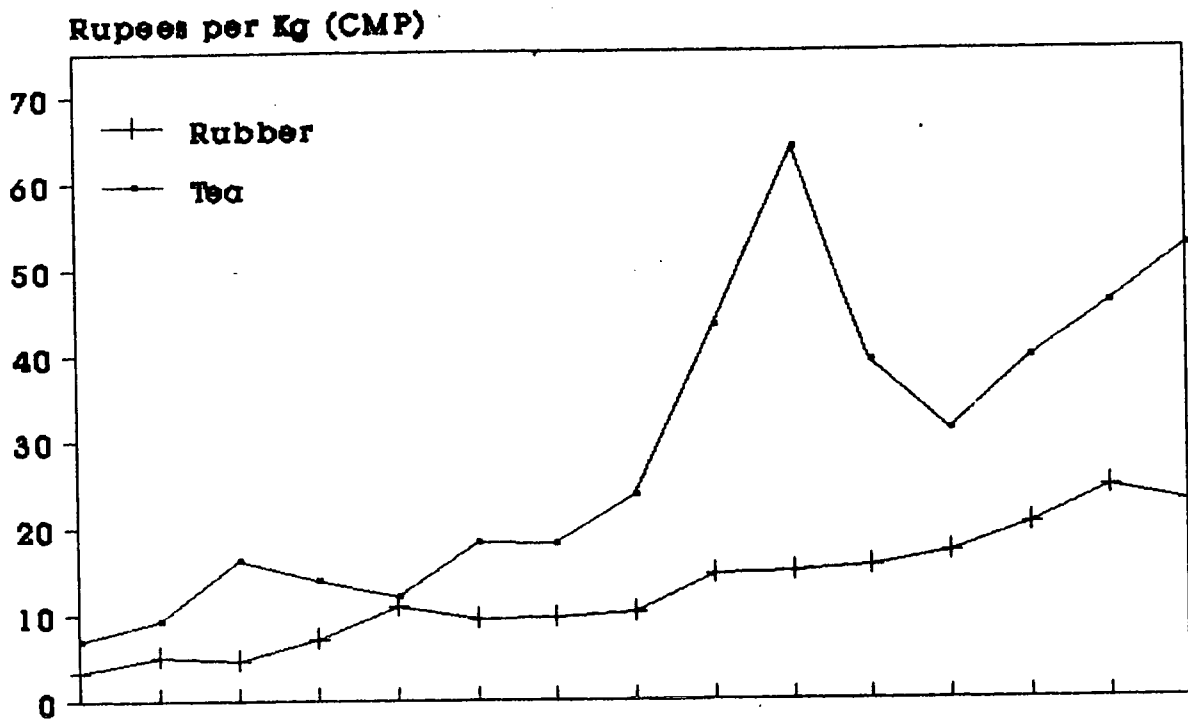
Coconuts:

Prices of coconuts moved upwards appreciably during the period 1986-1988, but dropped in 1989, while the quantities produced increased substantially in 1989. The average producer price of coconuts in 1989 decreased by 25 per cent however, the increase in quantities produced raised the value added at current prices to Rs. 6,131.4 Mn. from Rs. 6,018.7 Mn. in 1988 for a 18.7 per cent increase. This was slightly lower than the 23 per cent increase for the previous year.

In real terms, the total value added in the coconut growing industry of Rs. 815.1 Mn. in 1989, was an increase of 28.8 per cent compared to 1988. Production was 2,481.0 million nuts in 1989 while the corresponding figure for 1988 was 1,933.0 million nuts.

The increase in production in 1989 may be a lagged effect of the increased usage of fertilizer in previous years, coupled with favourable weather conditions. However, the total fertilizer consumption in the coconut sector decreased by 78.6 per cent from 42,000 MT in 1988 to 9,600 MT in 1989. This is the lowest ever fertilizer usage in the sector. The fertilizer consumption decreased by 2.2% to 41,300 MT in 1988 from 42,200 MT in 1987. Fertilizer consumption for 1987 increased by 33.5% over 1986. This high fertilizer consumption was not reflected in coconut production directly due to the severe drought that prevailed in 1987, but is evident in the high production in 1989.

Graph 8 - PRICES OF MAJOR COMMERCIAL CROPS



In current prices, the value added in coconut growing sector increased by Rs.113.5 Mn. from the 1988 level of Rs. 6,018.7 Mn. to Rs.6,132.2 Mn. in 1989. The annual average retail price per nut in 1989 was Rs. 3.43 which was a decrease of 20.4 per cent from the 1988 price of Rs. 4.31 per nut. The index of quarterly average of coconut producer prices given below trace the movement of the prices for the period 1986-1989.

Table 1-5. Producer Price Index For Coconuts
(Quarterly) (1975=100)

| Quarter | 1985 | 1986 | 1987 | 1988 | 1989 |
|-------------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| 1st Quarter | 258.6 | 112.2 | 202.3 | 402.9 | 332.3 |
| 2nd Quarter | 207.2 | 105.4 | 195.5 | 360.3 | 262.8 |
| 3rd Quarter | 115.4 | 103.0 | 208.1 | 358.2 | 230.4 |
| 4th Quarter | 98.4 | 162.3 | 261.0 | 353.7 | 253.9 |

Source: Department of Census and Statistics.

The F.O.B. prices of coconuts decreased by 8.4 per cent to Rs. 5.32 per nut in 1989 from Rs. 5.81 per nut in 1988. This decrease in prices decreased the total export value although the quantity increased from 12.1 Mn.Kg. in 1988 to 12.7 Mn.Kg. in 1989. The value of coconut exports dropped to Rs. 68,200 Mn. in 1989 from Rs. 70,400 Mn. in 1988 showing a decrease of 3.1 per cent.

Paddy:

The value added of paddy at current prices increased by 10.7 per cent or Rs. 8,762.2 Mn. in 1989 from Rs. 7,916.0 Mn. in 1988. The average producer price of a bushel of paddy rose to Rs. 118.11 in 1989 from Rs. 88.75 in 1988. Under the guaranteed price scheme, the price of paddy was raised on 13th November, 1985 from Rs. 62.50 bushel to Rs. 70.00 bushel and again was raised to Rs.80.00 per bushel in August 1988.

In Constant prices, the value added of paddy decreased from Rs. 3,637.2 Mn. in 1988 to Rs. 3,026.9 Mn. in 1989, for a drop of 15.8 percent. This reflected a drop of 16.7 percent in paddy production from 118.7 million bushels in 1988 to 98.8 million bushels in 1989.

Paddy production in 1989 decreased by 16.7% to 98.8 (Mn.) bushels from 118.7 (Mn.) bushels in 1988. The guaranteed price per bushel of paddy in 1989 was Rs. 80.00 per bushel. The producer price per bushel of paddy rose to Rs. 118.11 in 1989 from Rs. 88.75 in 1988.

As in the previous Maha Season, 63.8% of the total production was achieved during the 1988/89 maha season. A total of 440,000 Hectares were harvested out of 469,000 Hectares sown in 1988/89 Maha

season, while 499,000 Hectares were harvested from the 545,000 Hectares sown in 1987/88 Maha season. The lower number of hectares cultivated and the higher rate of crop failure due to the prevailing drought, contributed to the decline in production during the 1989 season. The Yala cultivation also provided a lower harvest in 1989 for production of 721,000 Metric Tons, a decrease of 24.3% over the 952,000 Metric Tons for the 1988 Yala. The Yala harvest decreased because of the higher crop failure during the season. There were 250,000 Hectares harvested out of 258,000 Hectares sown in the 1989 Yala season, while 317,000 Hectares were harvested out of 323,000 Hectares sown in 1988 Yala season.

Table 1-6. Paddy Production and Cultivation

| | 1988 | | | 1989 | | |
|---|------|------|-------|------|------|-------|
| | Maha | Yala | Total | Maha | Yala | Total |
| 1. Gross area sown ('000 hec.) | 545 | 323 | 868 | 469 | 258 | 727 |
| 2. Harvested area ('000 hec.) | 499 | 317 | 816 | 440 | 250 | 690 |
| 3. Total yields ('000 MT) | 1525 | 952 | 2477 | 1342 | 721 | 2063 |
| 4. Average yield/hectares (kg) | 3947 | 3370 | 7317 | 3429 | 3274 | 6708 |
| 5. Fertilizer issue ('000 MT) | N/A | N/A | 226.2 | N/A | N/A | 165.3 |
| 6. Area cultivated under improved varieties ('000 hec.) | 671 | 371 | 1,042 | N/A | N/A | N/A |

Source: Department of Census and Statistics
Ministry of Agricultural Development and Research.

Fertilizer usage in Paddy sector amounted to 165,300 Metric Tons in 1989, a decrease of 60,900 Metric Tons from the 226,200 MT used in 1988 or 26.9% lower than the previous year.

Minor Export Crops:

As most of these crops are grown in home gardens it is difficult to obtain adequate statistics on the extent of production. Hence, the quantity exported is being used as a proxy for production. In constant 1975 prices, the value added decreased to from RS. 678 Mn. in 1988 to Rs. 556.0 Mn. in 1989.

The production of most minor export crops such as pepper, coffee and arecanuts decreased during 1989. In real terms the value added decreased by 18.0 per cent when compared to the previous year. The decrease in the quantities exported of pepper and coffee are 41 and 67.9 per cent respectively. Exports of cloves and cardamon declined by 55.7 and 9.0 per cent respectively in 1989. This was mainly due to unfavourable weather conditions which prevailed in the growing areas.

Fisheries:

Total production of fish increased by 3.3 per cent to 204,126 MT in 1989 from 197.536 MT for 1988 as compared with the 4.0 per cent increase for 1988.

The total value added of fisheries in 1989 at 1975 constant prices rose to Rs. 596.7 Mn. from Rs. 575.3 Mn. in 1988, and the average producer price/kg. in 1989 rose to Rs. 31.50 from Rs. 29.62 in 1988. The progress of the fishing industry was interrupted due to ethnic disturbances in recent years. Deep Sea and Coastal fisheries which accounted for about 80% of the total production were thus the most adversely affected in the Northern and Eastern areas.

Livestock:

This sector consisted mainly of the production of milk, eggs, beef, mutton, pork, poultry, and hides and skins. The per capita expenditure approach is being used to estimate the production of many of these items due to the non-availability of data. The gross value added of the Livestock Sector at current prices rose from Rs. 2,399.8 Mn. to Rs. 2,784.2 Mn. or by 16.0 per cent in 1989.

Other Food Crops:

In current prices, other food crops increased by 17.9 percent to Rs. 17,904.9 Mn. in 1989 from Rs. 15,189.3 Mn. in 1988. In constant price terms, the increase was 8.6 percent from a level of Rs. 2,964.7 Mn. in 1988 to a level of Rs. 3,218.6 in 1989. This represents a 28.8 percentage share of total agriculture product in constant prices and a 30.8 percentage share in current prices for 1989.

2. MINING AND QUARRYING:

During 1989, the mining and quarrying sector grew at a rate of 24.2 per cent, but not as much as the 29.3% in 1988 as measured in constant 1975 prices. The value added for this sector at current prices in 1989 indicated a 19.2 per cent increase over the previous year.

Table 2-1. Mining and Minerals Production 1987-1989

| ITEM | 1987 (Metric Tons) | 1988 | 1989 | % Change 1989/1988 |
|-------------------------------|-----------------------|---------|---------|-----------------------|
| 01. Ilmenite | 128,490 | 74,305 | 97,798 | + 31.6 |
| 02. Rutile | 7,238 | 5,255 | 5,589 | + 6.4 |
| 03. Zircon | 23,855 | 20,900 | 21,983 | + 5.2 |
| 04. High Titanium Ilmenite | 3,938 | 3,702 | 3,556 | - 2.0 |
| 05. Graphite | 6,718 | 6,718 | 3,992 | - 40.6 |
| 06. Phosphate | 21,305 | - | - | - |
| 07. Apatite | 20,574 | - | 24,457 | - |
| 08. Common Salt | 100,636 | 115,325 | 172,658 | + 49.7 |
| 09. Kaolin | 5,230 | 7,109 | 9,042 | + 27.2 |
| 10. Ball Clay | 16,788 | 17,202 | 19,578 | + 2.5 |

Source: Ceylon Mineral Sand Corporation.
State Mining and Mineral Development Corporation.
Sri Lanka National Salt Corporation.

For 1989, export earnings from precious stones and semiprecious stones rose to Rs. 2,380.6 Mn. from Rs.2,236.1 Mn. in 1988. This resulted in a 6.5% increase in foreign earnings from precious stones at current prices. This was mainly due to the quantity increase in semiprecious and precious stones in 1989. The semiprecious stone of Geuda had a strong local demand in 1988 and 1989 due to the new project introduced by the State Gem Corporation at Ratnapura to convert the Geuda to a valuable gem. The values of exports of selected precious stones such as Blue Sapphire, Star Sapphire, Ruby and Cats Eye etc. increased by 19 per cent in 1988 but decreased by 12.7 per cent in 1989.

Table 2-2. Gem Exports 1987-1989

| Gems | 1987 | | 1988 | | 1989 | |
|-------------------|-------------------------|-----------------|-------------------------|-----------------|-------------------------|-----------------|
| | Qty. Carats (000) | Value Rs.Mn. | Qty. Carats (000) | Value Rs.Mn. | Qty. Carats (000) | Value Rs.Mn. |
| 01. Blue Sapphire | 51.2 | 363.3 | 56.6 | 419.9 | 69.0 | 318.5 |
| 02. Star Sapphire | 186.7 | 177.0 | 191.4 | 231.7 | 171.4 | 205.7 |
| 03. Ruby | 1.6 | 18.9 | 2.1 | 25.5 | 8.6 | 84.6 |
| 04. Star Ruby | 4.3 | 17.4 | 5.7 | 36.0 | 5.8 | 31.7 |
| 05. Cats Eye | 27.9 | 220.9 | 26.8 | 235.4 | 21.4 | 187.6 |
| Total Value | | 797.5 | | 948.5 | | 828.1 |

Source: State Gem Corporation.
Department of Customs

The State Mining and Mineral Development Corporation secured earnings of Rs. 111 Mn. in foreign exchange, by the export of 4,160 Metric Tons of graphite during 1989. This was an 30 per cent decrease over the value of graphite exports in 1988 which amounted Rs. 157 Mn.

Despite the ethnic disturbances that prevailed, the overall production of the Mineral Sands Corporation increased slightly during the year 1989. Thus the volume of production of ilmenite and Rutile and Zircon has increased by 32, 6 and 5 per cent respectively, while production of Graphite and High Titanium dropped 40.6 and by 2.0 per cent respectively. Over 99% of mineral sands production is exported and only small quantities of Rutile and Zircon are sold locally.

The export value of ilmenite increased to Rs. 235.6 Mn. in 1989, from Rs. 145.8 Mn. in 1988.

Table 2-3. Export Earnings of Mineral Sands
(Rs.Million)

| Minerals | 1985 | 1986 | 1987 | 1988 | 1989 |
|--------------------------------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| 01. Ilmenite | 86.9 | 122.5 | 146.6 | 145.8 | 235.6 |
| 02. Rutile | 73.6 | 75.1 | - | 147.7 | 103.1 |
| 03. Zircon and Crude zircon | 10.5 | 0.1 | 44.4 | 41.2 | - |
| Total | 171.0 | 197.7 | 191.0 | 334.7 | 338.7 |

Source: State Mineral Sand Corporation.

3. MANUFACTURING INDUSTRY:

The manufacturing industry showed a 18.8 percent increase in value added at current prices in 1989, which was slightly higher than the 17.3 percent increase recorded in 1988. In addition, the rate of growth in 1989 at constant 1975 prices was 3.2 percent which was higher than the 2.5 percent experienced in 1988. The manufacturing industry was the third highest major contributor to Gross Domestic Product (GDP) and accounted for 20.7 percent share at constant prices. This proportion is similar to the performance during the recent few years.

During this period, manufacturing industries grew unevenly. This was due to slackening of export processing industries in 1989, and the poor performance in manufacturing industries located in the North and East, such as the Cement factory at Kankasanturai of the Cement Corporation and the Paranthan Chemical Corporation. The export processing industries recorded a negative growth rate of 0.5 per cent while the factory industry recorded a marked 5.1 per cent growth rate for 1989, which was same as the 1988 rate. The uneven growth rate in the processing industry was mainly due to poor performance in the production of tea.

During 1989, the Sri Lanka Cement Corporation produced 595,621 Metric Tons of Cement which is 5.9 percent below its production in 1988. The Puttalam and Ruhunu Cement Factories however have shown increase in production for 1989.

Table 3-1. Manufacturing Industries 1985 - 1989
Growth Indices of Major Sectors
(1975=100)

| SECTOR | 1985 | 1986 | 1987 | 1988 | 1989 |
|------------------------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| 01. Export Processing | 114.3 | 98.7 | 91.4 | 96.9 | 99.5 |
| 02. Factory Industries | 103.1 | 109.1 | 111.1 | 105.1 | 105.1 |
| 03. Cottage Industries | 95.6 | 117.4 | 97.5 | 102.0 | 100.6 |
| Total Sector | 106.2 | 106.1 | 103.5 | 102.5 | 103.2 |

During 1989, the performance of private sector industries was favourable compared to public sector industries. The industrial growth in 1989 was mainly the result of this private sector performance. The factory industries sector consist of both private and public sector industries. The rate of growth in factory industries in 1989 was 5.1 percent which was a lower growth rate when compared with 1988.

Table 3-2. The Percentage Share of Manufacturing by Divisions
(Value Added at Current Prices)
1985 to 1989

| Divisions | 1985 | 1986 | 1987 | 1988 | 1989 |
|---|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| 1. Manufacture of Food, Beverages and Tobacco | 53.6 | 55.2 | 55.3 | 55.5 | 54.0 |
| 2. Textile, Wearing Apparel and Leather Industries | 15.7 | 16.0 | 19.1 | 19.3 | 19.3 |
| 3. Manufacture of Wood and Wood products including furniture | 2.5 | 2.3 | 2.2 | 1.9 | 1.5 |
| 4. Manufacture of Paper products, Printing and Publishing | 1.7 | 1.0 | 1.1 | 0.9 | 0.6 |
| 5. Manufacture of Chemicals Petroleum, Coal Rubber and Plastic Products | 8.7 | 7.8 | 10.2 | 9.4 | 10.3 |
| 6. Manufacture of non-metallic mineral prod. except Petroleum and Coal. | 4.7 | 4.3 | 2.1 | 2.7 | 4.2 |
| 7. Basic Metal Industries | 0.4 | 0.4 | 0.3 | 0.4 | 0.5 |
| 8. Manufacture of Fabricated Metal products, Machinery and equipment | 7.2 | 7.5 | 4.3 | 5.6 | 5.3 |
| 9. Other Manufacturing Industries | 5.5 | 5.5 | 5.4 | 4.3 | 4.3 |
| TOTAL | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 |

Source: Department of Census and Statistics

The percentage distribution by the nine major divisions of manufacturing industry is given in the table above. As seen from this table, the major contributors in 1989 were Food, Textiles and Chemicals. These three industrial divisions contributed 83.6 per cent to the total product (value added) of the manufacturing sector in 1989.

Petroleum Products:

For 1989, the volume of crude oil imports declined by 8.6 per cent. The value added of CPC products decreased from Rs. 696.5 Mn. in 1988 to Rs. 452.7 Mn. in 1989 as measured in 1975 constant prices. This amounts to a 35.0 per cent decrease in comparison with the increase of 3.0 per cent in 1988.

During 1988, the value of total production at producer prices for Ceylon Petroleum Corporation (CPC) decreased by 6.8 per cent. The value of output of major petroleum products such as Gasoline, Diesel and Kerosene increased by 10.1, 7.2, and 33.2 per cent respectively while fuel oil decreased by 16.9 percent.

The share of value added at current prices of petroleum products in relation to the total value added of the factory industrial sector was 9.4 per cent in 1989. It has been a noteworthy feature that in every year almost half the total factory industrial output value was accounted for by petroleum products. The domestic prices of major petroleum products had increased in April and September 1989.

Table 3-3. Petroleum Products

| ITEM | UNIT | 1970 | 1988 | 1989 | % Change 1989/1988 |
|-------------------------------|---------|-------|--------|-------|-----------------------|
| 1. Crude Oil inputs | 000'MT | 1,795 | 1,774 | 1,201 | - 32.2 |
| 2. Gasoline | 000'MT | 143 | 156 | 118 | - 24.4 |
| 3. Kerosene | 000'MT | 267 | 152 | 124 | - 18.4 |
| 4. Diesel | 000'MT | 425 | 494 | 289 | - 41.5 |
| 5. Fuel Oil | 000'MT | 698 | 595 | 443 | - 28.1 |
| 6. Value of crude oil | Rs.Mn | 130.9 | 7,723 | 6,697 | - 13.2 |
| 7. Value of refinery products | Rs.Mn | 184.1 | 10,216 | 7,462 | - 27.0 |
| 8. Price per litre: | | | | | |
| Petrol | Rs.Cts. | 3.81 | 13.50 | 20.00 | + 48.1 |
| Auto-Diesel | Rs.Cts. | 1.66 | 8.13 | 9.50 | + 16.9 |
| Kerosene | Rs.Cts. | 0.80 | 6.58 | 6.58 | 0 |

Source: Ceylon Petroleum Corporation

From 1974, to 1982, the value of Crude Oil as a proportion of the total value of petroleum products at producers' prices was usually over 90 per cent. It was substantially less than 90 per cent before 1973 due to the effect of unit price changes in Crude Oil imports. The C&F price per barrel of Crude Oil increased to US \$ 18.99 in 1987. There has been a gradual increase in the C&F price per barrel from Rs. 9.73 in 1969. The significant price changes in Crude Oil took place in the years 1973, 1974, 1977, 1978, 1980 and 1981 and their respective prices were Rs. 19.99, Rs. 77.17, Rs. 113.11, Rs. 207.82, Rs. 582.34 and Rs. 689.91 per barrel. In recent years, the US \$ (Dollar) values of Crude Oil have come down. However, this has not been properly recorded in Rupee terms due to the US Dollar appreciation against the Sri Lankan Rupee, in recent years.

Textile Industry:

The Textile Industry value added grew at a 4.2 percent rate in 1989, as measured in constant 1975 prices. Although lower than the 1988 growth rate of 4.6 per cent, the industry continues to be one of the largest organized industries in the country.

The value added at current prices shown in the table below indicates the rapid expansion of the share of the textile sector in the manufacturing industry in recent years.

It reached a high of 19.3 percentage share in 1988 and stayed the same for 1989. This was due mainly to the substantial growth of textile garment manufactures during the last decade in addition to the improvements in other textile products.

Table 3-4. Textile Industry Value Added
(Current Prices)

| Item | 1975 | 1979 | 1987 | 1988 | 1989 |
|--------------------------------------|---------|----------|----------|----------|----------|
| Textile industry (Rs.Mn.) | 444.7 | 1,167.2 | 6,716.4 | 6,544.4 | 7,977.9 |
| Percentage share of Manufacturing | 6.6 | 10.7 | 19.1 | 19.3 | 19.3 |
| Total manufacturing (Rs.Mn.) | 6,651.7 | 10,889.5 | 29,701.3 | 34,852.1 | 41,414.7 |

The quantity produced in the spinning sub-sector of the textile industry decreased by 6.3 per cent while quantity produced in weaving increased by 3.7 per cent in 1989. The textile mills of the Government Owned Business Undertakings (formerly of the National Textile Corporation) showed a decrease of 5.1 per cent in spinning and a decrease of 8.1 per cent in weaving. The corporation consists of four textile mills located at Thulhiriya, Pugoda, Veyangoda and Mattagama. These mills increased their output and reduced their losses after the change of management of these mills in the 1980's. The Thulhiriya Textile mills was the first to make profits after the change of management in 1980. The other three mills have sharply decreased their earlier losses.

Table 3-5. Textile Production 1985-1989

| Activity | Unit | 1985 | 1986 | 1987 | 1988 | 1989 | Percent change 1989/1988 |
|----------|-----------|--------|--------|-------|--------|--------|-----------------------------|
| Spinning | Mn. Kgs. | 10.97 | 12.24 | 11.9 | 10.69 | 10.02 | - 6.3 |
| Weaving | Mn. Mtrs. | 130.39 | 140.67 | 144.3 | 125.88 | 130.57 | + 3.7 |

Source: Ministry of Textile Industries

The textile garment industry has become very important in recent years. The future of this industry however, depends highly on the expansion of its share of exports in foreign markets under the existing quota system. The present trade agreement on textile garments are embodied in the provision of the Multi-Fiber Fiber Trade Arrangement (MFA), which is an international instrument negotiated under the auspices of GATT. The MFA provides special rules covering world trade in textile garments. It is commonly referred to as the quota system and it provides a degree of protection for small suppliers in relation to big suppliers. At present, Sri Lanka has only a 2 per cent quota for its exports in the United States market. Therefore, the future of the textile garment industry depends on trade agreements that can be reached with importing countries, within the constraints imposed by the quota system, or by being able to expand its quota share.

The government exports sector further consolidated its position in 1989 as the major export industry in Sri Lanka. The estimated value of government exported during 1989 is Rs. 15,128.0 Mn. This figure is inclusive of F.T.Z. exports. Though the industry suffered from the disturbances it revived strongly during the last quarter of the year.

Table 3-6. Textile Export Values
(Rs. Mn.)

| Year | Textile Exports Rs. Mn. | Year | Textile Exports Rs. Mn. |
|------|----------------------------|----------------------------|----------------------------|
| 1971 | 5.0 | 1983 | 4,627.0 |
| 1975 | 26.0 | 1984 | 7,535.0 |
| 1976 | 70.0 | 1985 | 7,899.0 |
| 1977 | 143.0 | 1986 | 10,224.4 |
| 1978 | 481.0 | 1987 | 13,514.6 |
| 1979 | 1,108.0 | 1988 | 14,921.7 |
| 1980 | 1,826.0 | 1989 | 15,128.0 |
| 1981 | 3,021.0 | | |
| 1982 | 3,435.0 | % change 1989 over 1988 | 1.4% |

4. ELECTRICITY, GAS AND WATER:

The Ceylon Electricity Board, (CEB) is the sole enterprise engaged in the production of Electricity in Sri Lanka. The supply of electricity was 2,858 GWH in 1989, up from 2,799 GWH in 1988, for an increase of 3.1 per cent. The value added at constant (1975) price indicated an improvement of 1.9 per cent in the total Electricity, Gas & Water sector for the year. It rose to Rs. 320.9 Mn. in 1989, up from the 1988 value of Rs. 314.9 Mn. The bulk of the total value added, approximately 95 per cent, was contributed by the generation of electricity. The real value added in electricity increased to Rs. 304.5 Mn. in 1989 up from the 1988 level of Rs. 298.1 Mn.

Table 4-1. Installed Capacity and Generation
1985-1989

| | 1985 | 1986 | 1987 | 1988 | 1989 |
|----------------------------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| 1. Installed capacity (MW) | | | | | |
| (a) Hydro | 746 | 746 | 868 | 938 | 968 |
| (b) Thermal | 270 | 264 | 270 | 270 | 272 |
| (c) Total | 1,015 | 1,065 | 1,146 | 1,208 | 1,240 |
| 2. Generation (GWH) | | | | | |
| (a) Hydro | 2,395 | 2,645 | 2,177 | 2,597 | 2,802 |
| (b) Thermal | 69 | 7 | 530 | 202 | 56 |
| (c) Total | 2,464 | 2,653 | 2,707 | 2,799 | 2,858 |

Source: Ceylon Electricity Board

Of the total generation of electricity in 1989, Hydro electricity accounted for 98.0 per cent of the entire amount generated, and thermal generation accounted for the remaining 2.0 per cent of the electricity supplied.

Generation of thermal power decreased to 56 GWH in 1989, because of the favourable weather condition which allowed hydro generation of electricity. In addition, the installed capacity of Hydro power increased in 1989 to 968 MW from a 1988 level of 938 MW.

Ceylon Petroleum Corporation is responsible for the production of liquefied Petroleum Gas (LPG), and the Ceylon Gas Company is responsible for the distribution of LPG. The availability of LPG has essentially replaced the use of kerosene for cooking and heating purposes. Ceylon Petroleum Corporation produced 15,192 MT in 1989, a decrease of 4,988 MT or 24.4 per cent from the 1988 level of 26,100 MT. However, the growing demand for LPG was greater than the production and the shortfall was met by an increase in imported LPG of 13,981 MT as compared to 4,526 MT in 1988.

Table 4-2. Availability and Consumption of Liquefied Petroleum, Gas and Air-Mixed Gas (1986-1989)

| | 1986 | 1987 | 1988 | 1989 |
|---|--------|--------|--------|--------|
| Availability: | | | | |
| 1. Liquefied Petroleum Gas (MT) | | | | |
| (a) Local production | 16,480 | 18,185 | 20,100 | 15,192 |
| (b) Imports | 658 | 2,200 | 4,526 | 13,981 |
| (c) Total | 17,138 | 20,385 | 24,626 | 28,173 |
| 2. Air-Mixed Gas (Thousand Cubic Meters) | 2,035 | 2,346 | 2,338 | 1,990 |
| Consumption: | | | | |
| 1. Liquefied Petroleum Gas (MT) | | | | |
| (a) Household Consumption | 12,732 | 15,812 | 20,168 | 23,956 |
| (b) Industrial Consumption | 3,209 | 3,532 | 3,733 | 4,227 |
| 2. Air-Mixed Gas (Thousand Cubic Meters) | 1,099 | 1,376 | 1,328 | 1,229 |

Source: Ceylon Petroleum Corporation

Consumption of LPG estimated by the Ceylon Gas Company in 1989 shows household consumption at 23,956 MT and industrial consumption at 4,227 MT. This is an increase over the 1988 value of consumption of 20,168 MT for household and 3,733 MT for industry use. This is an 18.8 and 13.2 per cent increase respectively from the previous year.

The production of air mixed gas was 1,990 MT in 1989, which is a large decline of 348 MT from the 1988 value of 2,338 MT. This represents a 14.9 per cent decrease from the previous year.

5. CONSTRUCTION:

Due to lack of data, an indirect approach is adopted in estimating the value added contributed by this sector to GDP. The value added estimates in current prices for 1989 rose to Rs. 17,505.3 Mn. from Rs. 15,349.1 Mn. or a 14.0 per cent increase compared with the 8.0 per cent increase for the previous year. At 1975 prices, its contribution rose by 0.8 per cent compared with the 1.6 per cent witnessed for 1988. The local production of cement rose significantly and in metric tons it was 773,622 MT in 1989 compared with the 632,804 MT in 1988. In percentage terms, local production rose by 22.2 per cent compared with the 3.8 per cent increase indicated for 1988. However, the imports of cement increased during the period from 378,824 MT to 385,383 MT. The total cement utilized for construction activities for 1989 was recorded as a 14.6 per cent increase over the previous year. The domestic production as well as imports of other building materials

also increased both in 1989 and 1988. Imported building materials rose by 16.3 per cent for 1988 and by 7.8 per cent in 1989, and the production of local materials by 4.4 per cent in 1988 and by 37.4 per cent in 1989. The total materials consumed rose by 18.7 per cent in 1989, while the corresponding increase was 11.6 per cent in 1988. The cost indices for building materials however registered a price increase of 17.8 per cent for 1989, as compared to the increase of 10.1 per cent recorded for 1988.

Construction activities in 1989 were higher in comparison to the previous year. It should be mentioned however that during 1989, major construction works on the Samanala Wewa Hydro Project and down stream development activities on system H.C.B. & G of the Mahaweli programme were also undertaken, in addition to the construction activities on the Million Houses Programme (MHP) initiated in 1984.

6. WHOLESALE AND RETAIL TRADE, RESTAURANTS AND HOTELS:

The estimated value added in Trade rose to Rs. 44,563.5 Mn. in 1989 from Rs. 41,643.2(Mn.) in 1988 at current producers' prices indicating a 7.8 percent increase for 1989. The gross income before intermediate inputs were deducted, which was Rs. 50,653.4(Mn.) in 1988, rose to Rs. 54,233.9 Mn. in 1989.

The value added at constant 1975 prices rose to Rs.13,076.7 Mn. in 1989 from Rs.12,772.0 Mn. in 1988 indicating a 2.4% growth rate.

Tourist Industry:

Although the poor performance of the tourist industry was disappointing for 1989, the number of tourist arrivals of 184,732 for the year showed an increase of 1.1% as compared with 182,662 for 1988. The tourist arrivals have been declining since 1982 when tourist arrivals reached a high of 407,230. The foreign exchange earnings from the tourist industry rose to Rs. 2,724 Mn. for the year 1989 from Rs. 2,438 Mn. in 1988, indicating a 11.7 per cent increase, however, in U.S. dollar (\$) terms it dropped by 1.3 per cent from 1988. This uneven growth in foreign exchange earnings from tourism after 1982 was mainly due to the adverse media propaganda and publicity in the world on the ethnic disturbances and civil unrest in the Island.

The tourist industry was developing into a prominent industry in the economy in the recent past. It was generating an increasing amount of foreign exchange earnings and was becoming a major employer. During the last two decades, tourist arrivals, foreign exchange earnings and employment were growing up to 1982. Then in 1983 there began a downturn in tourist arrivals which had a hampering effect on foreign exchange and employment growth. This slide in the tourist industry continued until 1988 when a marginal increase in tourism occurred. Thus the foreign exchange earnings from tourism dropped from 1982 to 1985, showed a very marginal increase in 1986 and

again increased in 1988 and 1989. This industry grew gradually to become the second largest source of foreign exchange earnings of the country in 1982 and 1983. It was second only to tea export earnings and was also higher than rubber export earnings in 1982 and 1983.

After 1983, however the foreign exchange earnings of the tourist industry dropped and the industry was declining in its share of foreign exchange earnings. The average receipt per tourist per day had gradually increased from US \$ 5.98 to US \$ 39.58 during the period 1968 to 1983. Thereafter, it decreased by 3.0 per cent to US \$38.40 in 1989.

The total income from tourism however, of Rs. 2,724 Mn. in 1989 has shown an increase of 11.7 percent over 1988. The average number of nights stay rose from 10 to 11 during the period 1968 to 1982, then dropped to 9 to 8 for the period 1983 to 1986. It improved thereafter to 13.2 nights in 1987 but dropped again to 10.7 nights in 1989. The annual room occupancy rate of hotels increased slightly to 32.1 per cent in 1988, from the figure of 31.5 per cent in 1987, dropped to 31.0 per cent in 1989. This was the lowest room occupancy rate recorded during the entire period 1968 to 1989.

Table 6-1. Growth Trends in Tourism 1975-1989

| Year | Total Foreign Exchange Earnings (Rs.Mn.) | Earnings From Tourism (Rs.Mn.) | % Change in Earnings year/year (Col. 3) | Tourist Arrivals (Number) | Employment | |
|-----------|--|--------------------------------|---|---------------------------|------------|----------|
| | | | | | Direct | Indirect |
| 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 |
| 1975 | 7,306.0 | 157.1 | - | 103,204 | 10,148 | 13,700 |
| 1977 | 12,311.0 | 363.0 | 231.0 | 153,665 | 13,716 | 18,520 |
| 1978 | 14,835.0 | 870.0 | 239.6 | 192,592 | 15,404 | 20,795 |
| 1981 | 25,891.8 | 2,546.5 | 292.7 | 370,742 | 23,023 | 32,232 |
| 1982 | 27,147.9 | 3,050.4 | 19.7 | 407,230 | 26,776 | 37,486 |
| 1983 | 32,015.6 | 2,896.1 | -5.1 | 337,530 | 22,374 | 31,234 |
| 1984 | 44,285.2 | 2,669.5 | -7.9 | 317,734 | 24,541 | 34,357 |
| 1985 | 42,393.6 | 2,051.6 | -13.8 | 257,456 | 22,723 | 31,810 |
| 1986 | 42,601.6 | 2,159.9 | 5.2 | 230,106 | 22,285 | 31,199 |
| 1987 | 50,763.7 | 2,415.2 | 11.8 | 182,620 | 20,338 | 28,473 |
| 1988 | 57,885.4 | 2,438.3 | 1.0 | 182,662 | 19,960 | 27,944 |
| 1989 | 67,485.7 | 2,724.3 | 11.7 | 184,732 | 20,870 | 29,220 |
| % Change | | | | | | |
| 1989/1988 | 18.3% | 11.7% | | 1.1% | 4.6% | 4.6% |

Source: Sri Lanka Tourist Board.

The main purpose of tourists visits to Sri Lanka was identified as for pleasure. The last two decades have not shown any significant change in the structure of the purpose of tourists visits as given in the table, and pleasure and business accounted for around 98% of the total tourist arrivals. Therefore, the return of lasting

peace and ethnic harmony in the island and renewed media propaganda throughout the globe to counter the earlier adverse publicity, will become crucial factors for the revival of the tourist industry.

The seasonality of tourist arrivals followed the same pattern for 1989, when the peak of the arrivals occurs in the months of November to March. The markets of tourist arrivals could be grouped into the following broad regions, Western Europe, Asia, North America, Australia and other countries according to the number of arrivals. The decline in tourist arrivals was sharper from "all other markets" than from Western Europe and North America. The most important countries in respect of the tourist arrivals are France, West Germany, Italy, United Kingdom, Switzerland, Sweden, Japan, United States and Australia.

Total employment, direct and indirect, in the tourist industry has increased by 4.6 per cent in 1989 and the tourist industry continues to be one of the major sectors with respect to the generation of employment in the country.

Table 6-2. Percentage Distribution of Tourist
By Purpose of Visit

| Purpose | 1984 | 1986 | 1987 | 1988 | 1989 |
|---------------------------------------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| 01. Pleasure | 94.5 | 93.9 | 89.1 | 90.4 | 92.1 |
| 02. Business | 3.4 | 4.4 | 8.5 | 7.5 | 6.4 |
| 03. Visiting friends and relations | 0.6 | 0.8 | 1.3 | 0.6 | 0.3 |
| 04. Religious and cultural | 0.2 | 0.1 | 0.1 | 0.1 | 0.1 |
| 05. Others | 1.3 | 0.8 | 1.0 | 1.4 | 1.1 |
| Total | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 |

Source: Sri Lanka Tourist Board

7. TRANSPORT AND COMMUNICATION:

The estimates are based on the incomes received from passenger and goods transport of the Railway, the SLTB, Private Buses, Air Travel, Lorries, Ships, Bullock Carts, Hiring Cars etc. and of the receipts from Telecommunication services.

The income of the SLTB declined further in 1989. This decline however was offset by the increase in income received from private buses, air travel and lorry transport. The income of the Railway also increased slightly for 1989. The total value added of the Transport and communication sector at current prices rose to Rs. 23,877.2 Mn. in 1989 from Rs. 22,305.0 Mn. in 1988, indicating a 7.0 per cent increase. The gross income from passenger and goods transport was Rs. 45,636.4 Mn. for 1989 and Rs. 40,017.4 Mn. in 1988, respectively.

At constant prices the value added of the transport and communication sector was Rs. 4,774.6 Mn. in 1989 as against the Rs. 4,828.5 Mn. estimated for 1988. In percentage terms this was 1.1 per cent decrease against the 0.5 per cent increase observed for 1988.

Some specific features of the sector show that railway income increased by 5.7 per cent but passenger kilometers decreased by 3.0 per cent for 1989. Passenger income from Air Lanka showed a very high increase of 22.9 per cent, and income of the Shipping Corporation increased by 8.0 per cent during 1989. In addition, the income of goods transported by lorries increased by 18.3 per cent in 1989.

8. OTHER:

The value added in the Banking, Insurance and Real Estate Sector shows an increase of 14.1 per cent in 1989 which is lower than the 21.3 per cent increase shown for 1988. Value added in the Ownership of Dwellings Sector recorded a 3.8 per cent increase in the 1989 estimate compared with a 4.6 per cent in 1988. An increase of 23.6 per cent was shown in the Government service in 1989 compared to an increase of 25.2 per cent in 1988. The Private Services Sector grew by 4.8 per cent in 1989.

PART-III. EXPENDITURES ON GROSS DOMESTIC PRODUCT
AND COST COMPONENTS AS SHOWN IN
THE CONSOLIDATED ACCOUNTS OF THE NATION

The expenditure approach to the measure of Gross Domestic Product looks at the final uses of the Country's output for private consumption, government consumption, capital formation and net exports (exports less imports). It shows what becomes of the output of goods and service that have been produced.

The expenditure data are shown below in the consolidated accounts for the nation. In addition, the tables identify the costs incurred by the producers within their own operation. This includes the income paid out to employees, indirect taxes, consumption of fixed capital and the operating surplus. This cost approach also adds up to value added.

Account 1 shows a summary of the expenditures and costs of gross domestic product for the nation for 1987 through 1989. Account 2 shows the national disposable income and includes the income generated by the current production, transfers and other income receipts. In addition, it shows the outlays other than those made by producers for intermediate goods. The third account, is a measure of the gross capital formation and includes gross fixed capital formation and changes in stocks (inventories). It also identifies the sources of financing of the investment that has taken place. These sources include saving, capital consumption allowance (depreciation) and capital transfers. Account 4 shows the transactions between this country and the rest of the world. Accounts 5 and 6 show the Government Income and Outlay and the Capital Formation, and account 7 provides information on the Income and Outlay of the Household Sector. Account 8 reconciles the major economic indicators of the Country.

GROSS DOMESTIC EXPENDITURES (GDE):

The current price value of the Gross Domestic Expenditures rose to Rs. 248,230 Mn. in 1989 from a level of Rs. 218,774 Mn. registered in 1988 for an increase of 13.5 percent. Private Consumption Expenditures, the major component of the GDE, rose to a level of Rs. 184,379 Mn. in 1989 from the 1988 estimate of Rs. 163,092 Mn. in current prices. This represents an increase of 13.1 per cent in PCE for the year. The Government Consumption Expenditure and the Gross Fixed Capital Formation increased by 7.4 and 6.5 per cent respectively for 1989.

A. PRIVATE CONSUMPTION EXPENDITURES (PCE);

The total PCE increased by 13.1 per cent for the year 1989 to a level of Rs. 184,378.7 Mn. at current prices from Rs. 163,092.2 Mn. for 1988. In 1989, at current prices, the average per capita PCE was estimated at Rs. 10,971 as against a value of Rs. 9,833 for 1988. The annual population growth rate was 1.3 per cent, in 1989, and the rate of increase in per capita PCE was 11.6 per cent for 1989. The following table shows the per capita PCE and the rate of increase in PCE at current and constant prices for several years.

The PCE growth rate for 1989 was 2.4 per cent at constant prices. The annual average of real PCE increase in the first half of the 1980's was 7.2 percent but has slowed for the latter half of the decade. During the decades of 1960's and the 1970's average PCE expenditures increased by 5.2 and 6.6 percent respectively. The annual averages of real PCE increase for the last two decades were higher than the annual average of 5.0% percent GNP growth rate for the same period.

Table A-1. Private Consumption Expenditure

| | 1978 | 1985 | 1986 | 1987 | 1988 | 1989 |
|-------------------------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|--------|
| Current Prices: | | | | | | |
| PCE (% Change) | 17.7 | 9.0 | 10.7 | 6.1 | 17.5 | 13.1 |
| PCE Per-Capita (Rs.) | 2,247 | 7,457 | 8,111 | 8,481 | 9,833 | 10,971 |
| Constant Prices: | | | | | | |
| PCE (% Change) | 3.8 | 6.0 | 5.3 | 0.5 | 5.6 | 2.4 |
| PCE Per-Capita (Rs.) | 1,829 | 2,651 | 2,742 | 2,715 | 2,828 | 2,867 |

Just as production is classified into a set of accounts for commodities and activities, so consumption is also divided into two parts, with expenditure on the one hand and income and outlay on the other. The expenditure accounts relate to household goods and services and to the government services and private non-profit services etc. The private consumption expenditure (PCE) includes the expenditure on final consumption expenditure of households and non-profits institutions serving households. The latter are treated for all practical purposes as though they were collections of individuals. Their property income is added to households, raising their personal income, and their expenses are likewise added to households, raising consumption expenditure. Therefore, the PCE as computed for national accounts is always comparatively higher than the figures shown by that of the surveys on household consumption expenditure. There are other conceptual differences as well. The PCE does include the consumption expenditure abroad of residents of the country. At the same time it does not include the consumption expenditure of non-residents in the country. The PCE was compiled in accordance with the United Nations System of National Accounts and strictly follows the International Standard Industrial Classification for all economic activities (ISIC).

Tables 6 and 7 of the bulletin show the expenditure on Gross Domestic Product (GDP) at current prices and at 1975 constant prices respectively. These tables show the composition of expenditure on GDP such as PCE, Government Consumption Expenditure (GCE), Gross Domestic Fixed Capital Formation (GDFCF), increase in stocks and net exports.

This global expenditure figure on PCE is re-classified in Table 23 and 24 at constant and current prices respectively by object at more disaggregated levels such as Food, Beverages, Tobacco and Clothing etc. The PCE global figure was disaggregated for twelve such sub sectors in relation to the International Standard Industrial Classification (ISIC).

A striking feature of the PCE is the decline in the food ratio occurring in the economy since 1985. In 1978, the food ratio was 64 percent of the PCE and has now dropped to below 50 per cent. This drop in the 1988 and 1989 food ratio confirms the improvements which occurred in the personal expenditure pattern and personal income. There has been a significant increase in per capita income during this period. The per capita GNP for 1978 and 1989 was Rs. 3,123 and Rs. 14,478 at current prices and Rs. 2,212 and Rs. 2,929 at constant prices (1975=100) respectively. The composition of PCE for twelve sub-categories is shown in table 23.

B. GENERAL GOVERNMENT FINAL CONSUMPTION EXPENDITURE:

Total General Government Final Consumption Expenditure (GGFCE) at current prices, has increased from Rs. 30,331.0 Mn. in 1988 to Rs. 32584.8 Mn. in 1989 indicating a 7.4 percent increase. However, this is lower than the 15.8 per cent recorded increase in GGFCE for 1988 from 1987 at current prices. The total GGFCE as a proportion of GDP declined slightly to 13.1 percent in 1989 from 13.9 percent on GDP in 1988 at current prices. The expenditures on government services has declined in the proportion spent on defence as shown in the table below. Expenditures on health, education and general public service have increased their share of government expenditures for 1989.

Table B-1. Government Final Consumption Expenditures by Purpose
Percent Distribution for Selected Years
(At 1975 Prices)

| Purpose | 1980 | 1984 | 1985 | 1986 | 1987 | 1988 | 1989 |
|--|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| 01. Defence | 8.8 | 11.3 | 24.3 | 34.3 | 34.8 | 29.0 | 20.8 |
| 02. Education | 17.6 | 17.2 | 16.5 | 15.0 | 14.1 | 14.7 | 16.1 |
| 03. Health | 11.1 | 9.9 | 8.7 | 7.5 | 8.6 | 7.6 | 10.1 |
| 04. Housing and Community Amenities | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... |
| 05. General Public Services | 27.9 | 37.7 | 31.9 | 23.0 | 21.8 | 20.2 | 24.4 |
| 06. Social Security and Welfare | 11.3 | 12.6 | 11.6 | 13.0 | 13.4 | 15.7 | 14.9 |
| 07. Other Community Services | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... |
| 08. Economic Services | 21.8 | 10.0 | 6.2 | 6.2 | 6.6 | 12.1 | 14.3 |
| Total Government Final Consumption Expenditure | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 |

.... Insignificant.

C. GROSS FIXED CAPITAL FORMATION:

The investment in capital goods increased by 6.5 per cent from Rs.47,847.5 in 1988 to 50,968.4 in 1989. Of this total investment, the private sector accounted for nearly 70 per cent and the government sector accounted for the remaining 30 per cent. In real terms, the gross fixed capital investment has shown a downward trend since 1982. This means that the productive capabilities of the Country are increasing but at a decreasing rate. Table 27 and 28 identify the gross fixed capital formation by type and purchaser in current and constant (1975) prices.

The Greater Colombo Economic Commission (GCEC) has been actively involved in developing the industrial infrastructure of the Country. In 1989, the Free Trade Zone (FTZ) industrial area which is under the GCEC purview, has been showing a continuing standard for the industrial investment contracts.

There were 24 new enterprises approved in 1989, although lower than the number of new enterprises approved for 1988, the approved foreign investment increased to Rs.1,608.3 Mn. in 1989 against the investment of Rs. 1,120.3 Mn. in 1988. In addition, there were 11,122 new jobs approved for these new operations in 1989. Of these 24 approved establishments, 14 units have begun operation. These newly operating establishments have provided employment for 9,038 persons in 1989. Of the total new employment the (GCFC) created in 1989, 45% were engaged in the textile industry.

Table C-1. Industrial Investment Contract By GCEC- 1988 and 1989

| Manufacturing Sub-Sectors | No. of Units | | Foreign Investment | | Total Investment | | Employment Number | |
|--|-----------------|-----------|-----------------------|--------------|---------------------|--------------|----------------------|---------------|
| | 1988 | 1989 | (Rs.Mn.) | | (Rs.Mn.) | | 1988 | 1989 |
| | | | 1988 | 1989 | 1988 | 1989 | | |
| 01. Food, Beverages Tobacco | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| 02. Textile, Weaving Apparel and Leather | 6 | 6 | 146 | 1092 | 234 | 1174 | 4564 | 4275 |
| 03. Wood, and Wood Products | 1 | 2 | 7 | 19 | 11 | 27 | 149 | 572 |
| 04. Paper and Paper products | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| 05. Chemicals, Coal, Petroleum etc. | 4 | 4 | 71 | 233 | 116 | 288 | 810 | 1759 |
| 06. Nonmetallic mineral prod. | 2 | 4 | 131 | 35 | 152 | 50 | 1016 | 101 |
| 07. Fabricated metal products | 1 | 1 | 129 | 149 | 204 | 337 | 3308 | 356 |
| 08. Manufactured products (n.e.c.) | 13 | 7 | 116 | 129 | 177 | 204 | 2,506 | 3,308 |
| 09. Services | 4 | - | 10 | - | 42 | - | 1,364 | - |
| Total approved Industries | 31 | 24 | 1,120 | 1,608 | 1,727 | 1,981 | 12,164 | 11,122 |

Source: Greater Colombo Economic Commission.

D. EXPORTS AND IMPORTS:

1. EXPORTS:

The given statistical table shows the total employment and export earnings of export oriented establishments in GCEC for the years 1988 and 1989. The total export earnings in 1989 rose to Rs. 11,185 Mn. as against Rs. 9,546 Mn. in 1988. Of this total of export earnings, 74% was from the textile industry. The total employment rose to 61,429 in 1989, showing a 12.5% increase over the previous year. The Chemicals, Petroleum, Rubber and Plastic products industry showed an improvement in export earnings as well as in the employment in 1989 against the decrease which was shown for the previous year. Most of the other industries showed substantial increase in export earnings for the year 1989.

Table D-1. Export Earnings and Employment by Industry
1988 and 1989.

| Manufacturing Sub-Sectors | Value of Exports (Rs.Mn.) | | Total Employment (Number) | |
|---|------------------------------|-------|------------------------------|-------|
| | 1988 | 1989 | 1988 | 1989 |
| 01. Food, Beverages and Tobacco | 199 | 380 | 796 | 1135 |
| 02. Textile, Weaving apparel, and Leather products | 6979 | 8828 | 39848 | 42925 |
| 03. Wood & Wood products | 6 | 9 | 77 | 69 |
| 04. Paper and paper products | - | - | - | - |
| 05. Chemicals, Petroleum, Rubber and Plastic products | 379 | 405 | 2285 | 2049 |
| 06. Nonmetallic Mineral product | 667 | 666 | 2817 | 4431 |
| 07. Fabricated metal products | 414 | 671 | 1202 | 1287 |
| 08. Manufactured products (n.e.c.) | 497 | 646 | 3680 | 5312 |
| 09. Services | 405 | 244 | 3921 | 4221 |
| Total | 9546 | 11850 | 54626 | 61429 |

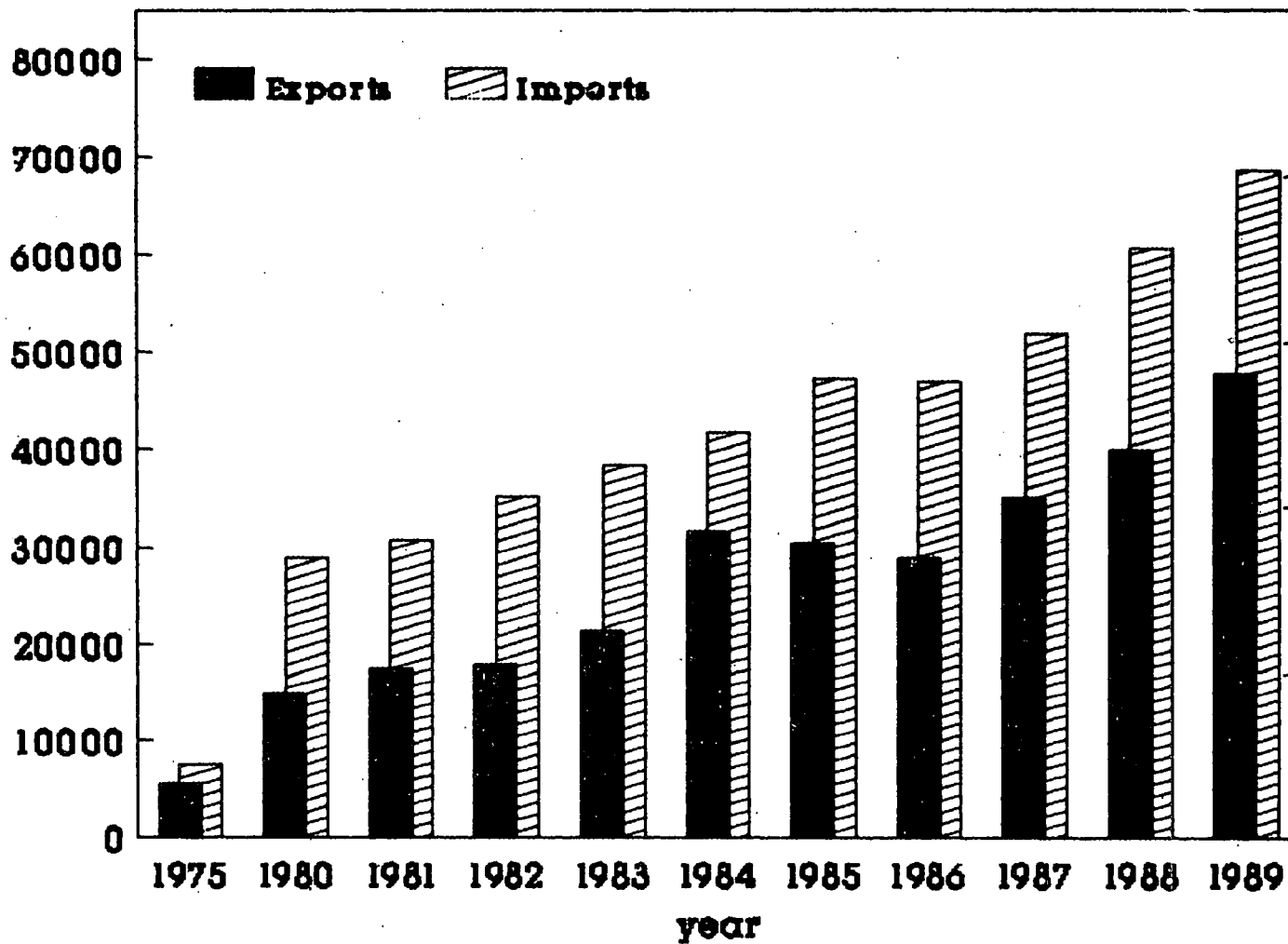
Source: Greater Colombo Economic Commission.

2. IMPORTS:

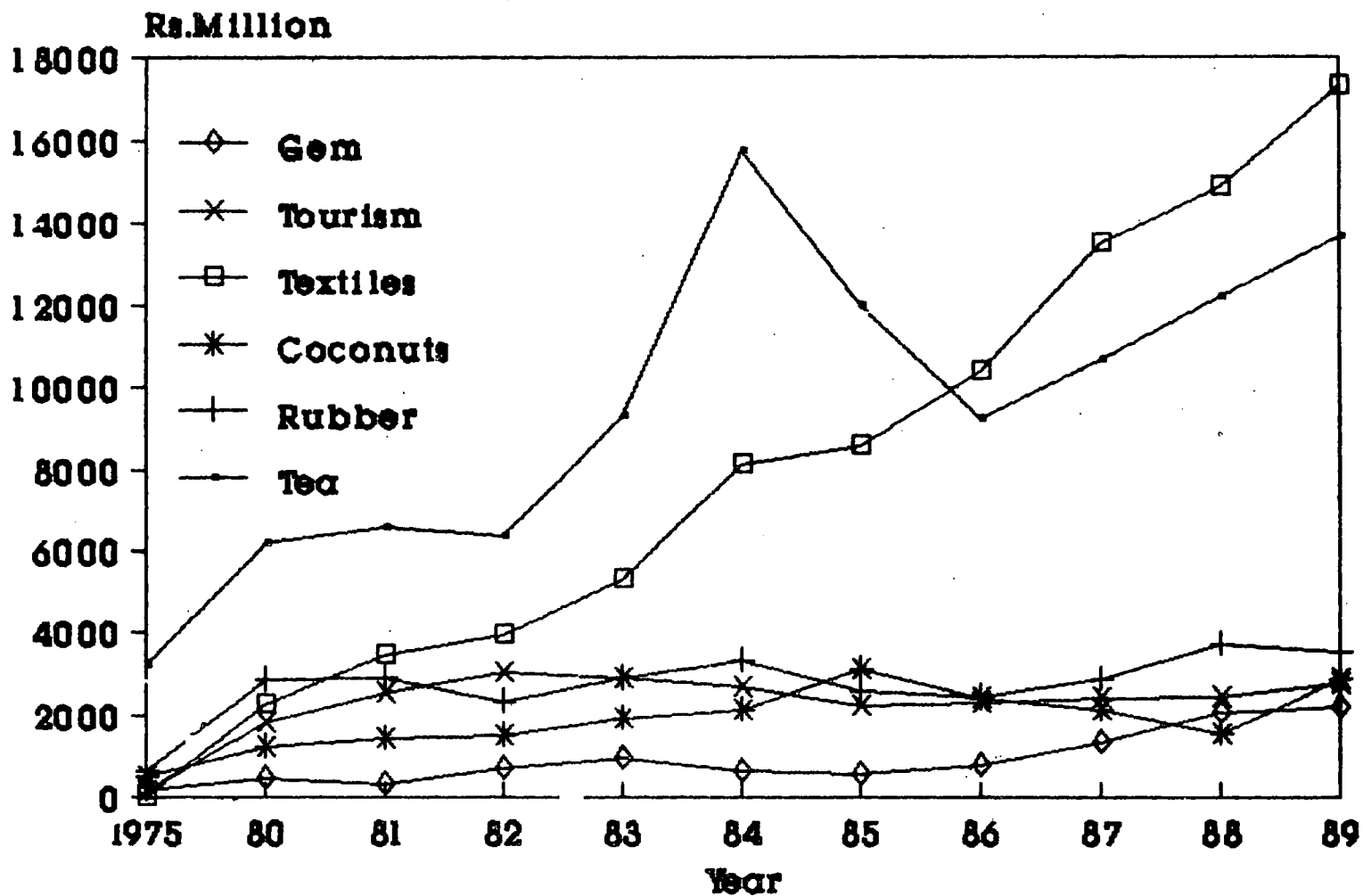
The total value of imports rose by 17.7% to Rs. 95,207.7 Mn. in 1989 from Rs. 81,523.5 Mn. in 1988. During the period between 1978 to 1989, a rough measure of the degree of economic interdependence of Sri Lanka with the rest of the world is given by its value of imports

Graph 9 - MERCHANDISE EXPORTS & IMPORTS

Rs.Million



**Graph 10 - FOREIGN EARNINGS FOR
SELECTED CATEGORIES**



as a percentage of Gross National Product (GNP). The percentages fluctuated between 31% to 38%. This indicates that a significant amount of national income generated through economic activities has been spent on imports during this period.

Table D-2. Expenditure on Merchandized Imports for Selected Years *

| Category | 1978 | | 1987 | | 1988 | | 1989 | |
|---|-----------------|-------|-----------------|-------|-----------------|-------|-----------------|-------|
| | Value Rs.Mn. | % | Value Rs.Mn. | % | Value Rs.Mn. | % | Value Rs.Mn. | % |
| 1. Rice | 689 | 4.7 | 486 | 0.8 | 1,677 | 2.4 | 1,464 | 1.8 |
| 2. Sugar | 620 | 4.2 | 2,164 | 3.6 | 2,927 | 4.1 | 2,423 | 3.0 |
| 3. Flour | 2,192 | 14.9 | 93 | 0.2 | 302 | 0.4 | 174 | 0.2 |
| 4. Wheat | 136 | 0.9 | 1,410 | 2.3 | 2,915 | 4.1 | 2,963 | 3.7 |
| 5. Crude Oil | 2,224 | 15.1 | 7,028 | 11.8 | 6,717 | 9.6 | 6,997 | 8.7 |
| 6. Machinery and Equipment | 1,800 | 12.2 | 8,407 | 14.1 | 9,678 | 13.8 | 9,088 | 11.2 |
| 7. Transport and Equipment | 1,682 | 11.5 | 4,453 | 7.4 | 4,614 | 6.6 | 5,923 | 7.3 |
| 8. Other | 5,371 | 36.5 | 35,722 | 50.8 | 41,494 | 59.0 | 51,777 | 64.1 |
| 9. Total | 14,714 | 100.0 | 59,763 | 100.0 | 70,323 | 100.0 | 80,809 | 100.0 |
| Imports as a percentage of G.N.P. | 33.2 | | 32.3 | | 33.0 | | 33.2 | |

* Services are not included. Source: Customs, Sri Lanka.

The table above gives the expenditure on imports of major items for the period of 1978 to 1989. It is evident that expenditure patterns over time show significant differences for certain items. A comparison of expenditure on major expenditure items at C.I.F. prices and as a percentage of total imports are shown. The proportion of expenditure on Rice, Sugar, Flour and Wheat which can be classified under consumption goods, dropped to 8.7 per cent in 1989 from 23.0 per cent in 1978. The downward trend is seen since 1978 and is mainly due to expansion of value of imports especially of Machinery and Transport Equipment and Crude Petroleum Oil, as a result of the introduction of liberalized economic policy in November, 1977. In addition, the increase in local rice production has contributed significantly to the reduction of the volume of rice imports.

There has been sharp acceleration in the imports of goods such as Crude Petroleum Oil, machinery and equipment and transport equipment. These are classified under intermediate and investments goods which contribute to the increase in the economy's growth rate. The value of imported goods reached an all time high of Rs. 80.8 billion in 1989, with export increasing to Rs. 56.1 billion. This revealed that foreign trade turnover has expanded remarkably since 1978. The rate of increase of total imports has averaged around 36.2 percent per annum during the period under review.

The percentage share of imports of Machinery and Equipment, and Transport Equipment, which are classified as Investment Goods, has slowed slightly in 1989. Machinery Equipment decreased from 12.2 per cent in 1978 to 11.2 per cent in 1989 and transport equipment decreased from 11.5 per cent in 1978 to 7.3 per cent in 1989. This decrease in 1989 was due to the completion of the Development Programmes such as Mahaweli Development Programme and Housing Programme undertaken by the Government.

E. INCOME AND OUTLAY FOR PRIVATE AND GOVERNMENT SECTORS:

The income and outlay accounts for the private and government sectors identifies in detail the income sources and the outlays of both sectors. In 1989, the household sector received more than 50 per cent of its total income from salaries and wages, 40 per cent from property and business income, and 10 per cent from current transfers.

The Government receipts consist of more than 85 per cent of taxes (both indirect and direct) and fees, 7 per cent from property income and the remaining 8 per cent in interest, transfers and other non-tax revenue.

F. CAPITAL FINANCE ACCOUNTS:

The capital finance account for the nation identifies the amount of capital investment that takes place in the economy and the source of financing of the gross accumulation. In 1989, the domestic economy provided more than 70 per cent of the financing needed for the gross fixed capital formation from saving and capital consumption allowance (depreciation). The remaining 30 per cent came from capital transfers and borrowing from the rest of the world. The capital finance account for the government sector shows the gross capital formation and the source of financing to pay for this real investment. This information is shown in Accounts 3 and 6.

ACCOUNT NO.1 - CONSOLIDATED ACCOUNTS FOR THE NATION - GROSS DOMESTIC PRODUCT AND EXPENDITURE

(Rs. Million)

| | 1986 | 1987 | 1988 | 1989 | | 1986 | 1987 | 1988 | 1989 |
|------------------------------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|--|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|
| Compensation of Employees | 78,740.8 | 86,387.9 | 98,695.8 | 110,032.7 | Government Final Consumption Expenditure | 22,989.6 | 26,203.5 | 30,331.0 | 32,584.8 |
| Operating Surplus | 61,682.3 | 66,411.3 | 82,267.1 | 92,191.9 | Private Final Consumption Expenditure | 130,727.7 | 138,753.7 | 163,092.2 | 184,378.7 |
| Consumption of Fixed Capital | 7,698.8 | 8,799.5 | 9,569.5 | 10,193.7 | Increase in Stocks* | 1,364.8 | -152.6 | 1,389.1 | 4,421.1 |
| Indirect Taxes | 26,437.0 | 20,273.8 | 30,448.5 | 38,224.2 | | | | | |
| Less: Subsidies | 2,118.6 | 2,050.9 | 2,206.9 | 2,412.5 | Gross Fixed Capital Formation | 38,494.0 | 43,947.6 | 47,847.5 | 50,968.4 |
| | | | | | Exports of Goods and Services | 42,601.6 | 50,763.2 | 57,885.4 | 68,485.7 |
| | | | | | Imports of Goods and Services | 63,737.4 | 70,693.8 | 81,771.2 | 92,608.7 |
| Gross Domestic Product | 172,440.3 | 188,821.6 | 218,774.0 | 248,230.0 | Expenditure on Gross Domestic Product | 172,440.3 | 188,821.6 | 218,774.0 | 248,230.0 |

* Includes Statistical Discrepancy

ACCOUNT NO.2 - CONSOLIDATED ACCOUNTS FOR THE NATION - NATIONAL DISPOSABLE INCOME AND ITS APPROPRIATION

(Rs. Million)

| | 1986 | 1987 | 1988 | 1989 | | 1986 | 1987 | 1988 | 1989 |
|---|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|--|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|
| Government Final Consumption Expenditure | 22,989.6 | 26,203.5 | 30,331.0 | 32,584.8 | Compensation of Employees | 78,740.8 | 86,387.9 | 98,695.8 | 110,032.7 |
| Private Final Consumption Expenditure | 130,727.7 | 138,753.7 | 163,092.2 | 184,378.7 | Operating Surplus | 61,682.3 | 66,411.3 | 82,267.1 | 92,191.9 |
| Saving Net | 15,135.8 | 19,591.7 | 20,702.2 | 26,011.1 | Compensation of Employees From Rest of the World | -3870.9 | -4699 | -5265.9 | -5906.1 |
| | | | | | Property and Entrepreneurial Income from Rest of the World | | | | |
| | | | | | Indirect Taxes | 26,437.0 | 29,273.8 | 30,448.5 | 38,224.2 |
| | | | | | Less: Subsidies | 2,118.6 | 2,050.9 | 2,206.9 | 2,412.5 |
| | | | | | Other Current Transfers from Rest of the World | 7,982.5 | 9,225.8 | 10,186.8 | 10,844.4 |
| Appropriation of Disposable Income | 168,853.1 | 184,548.9 | 214,125.4 | 242,974.6 | Disposable Income | 168,853.1 | 184,548.9 | 214,125.4 | 242,974.6 |

ACCOUNT NO.3 - CONSOLIDATED ACCOUNTS FOR THE NATION - CAPITAL FINANCE ACCOUNT

(Rs.Million)

| Disbursements | | | | | Receipts | | | | |
|--------------------------------------|----------|----------|----------|----------|--|----------|----------|----------|----------|
| | 1986 | 1987 | 1988 | 1989 | 1986 | 1987 | 1988 | 1989 | |
| Increase in Stocks | 1,364.8 | -152.6 | 1,389.1 | 4,421.1 | Saving, Net | 15,135.8 | 19,591.7 | 20,702.2 | 26,011.1 |
| Gross Fixed Capital Formation | 38,494.0 | 43,947.6 | 47,847.5 | 50,968.4 | Consumption of Fixed Capital | 7,698.8 | 8,799.5 | 9,569.5 | 10,193.7 |
| | | | | | Capital Transfers from Rest of the World | 5,114.3 | 5,311.1 | 6,588.2 | 6,189.8 |
| Net Lending to the Rest of the World | -11909.9 | -10092.7 | -12376.7 | -12994.9 | | | | | |
| Gross Accumulation | 27,948.9 | 33,702.3 | 36,859.9 | 42,394.6 | Finance of Gross Accumulation | 27,948.9 | 33,702.3 | 36,859.9 | 42,394.6 |

ACCOUNT NO.4 - CONSOLIDATED ACCOUNTS FOR THE NATION - THE REST OF THE WORLD

Rs.Millions

| | 1986 | 1987 | 1988 | 1989 | | 1986 | 1987 | 1988 | 1989 |
|---|--------|--------|--------|--------|---|--------|--------|--------|--------|
| Export of goods and Services | 42,601 | 50,763 | 57,885 | 68,486 | Import of goods and Services | 63,737 | 70,694 | 81,771 | 92,609 |
| Compensation of Employees from the rest of the World | 1,893 | 2,056 | 2,197 | 2,074 | Compensation of Employees to the rest of the World | 5,764 | 6,755 | 7,463 | 7,980 |
| Property and entrepreneurial Income from the rest of the World | | | | | Property and entrepreneurial Income to the rest of the World | | | | |
| Other Current transfers from the rest of the World | 8,873 | 10,324 | 11,386 | 12,201 | Other Current transfers to the rest of the World | 890 | 1,098 | 1,199 | 1,357 |
| | | | | | Surplus of the Nation on Current transaction | -17024 | -15404 | -18965 | -19185 |
| Current receipts | 53,367 | 63,143 | 71,468 | 82,761 | Disposal of Current Receipts | 53,367 | 63,143 | 71,468 | 82,761 |

ACCOUNT NO.5 - GENERAL GOVERNMENT INCOME AND OUTLAY ACCOUNT

(Rs.Million)

| Disbursement | 1986 | 1987 | 1988 | 1989 | Receipts | 1986 | 1987 | 1988 | 1989 |
|-----------------------------------|----------|----------|----------|----------|--|----------|----------|----------|----------|
| 01. Final Consumption Expenditure | 22,989.6 | 26,203.5 | 30,331.0 | 32,584.8 | 106. Property and Entrepreneurial Income | 5,070.9 | 5,523.0 | 4,452.7 | 4,155.6 |
| (i) Compensation of employees | 11,124.2 | 12,708.2 | 15,914.8 | 19,674.5 | 1. Receipts of Trading Enterprises | 2,085.8 | 2,649.3 | 2,474.9 | 2,336.9 |
| (ii) Goods and services | 11,865.4 | 13,495.3 | 14,416.2 | 12,910.3 | (a) Public Enterprises | 2,040.7 | 2,409.7 | 2,064.3 | 2,332.3 |
| | | | | | (b) Other | 45.1 | 239.6 | 410.6 | 4.3 |
| | | | | | 2. Rents, Interests, Profits and Dividends | 2,985.1 | 2,873.7 | 1,977.8 | 1,819.0 |
| | | | | | (a) Rent | 53.2 | 65.3 | 77.9 | 86.8 |
| | | | | | (b) Interest | 2,209.9 | 1,886.2 | 1,711.9 | 1,511.8 |
| | | | | | (c) Profits and Dividends | 722.0 | 922.2 | 188.0 | 220.4 |
| 02. Property Income Paid | 9,448.1 | 10,670.9 | 12,700.0 | 13,736.8 | 107. Taxes, Fees and Contributions | 32,004.4 | 35,967.8 | 37,102.4 | 48,639.7 |
| (i) Interest | 9,448.1 | 10,670.9 | 12,700.0 | 13,736.8 | 1. Indirect taxes | 26,436.9 | 29,273.8 | 30,448.6 | 38,224.2 |
| (ii) Other | | | | | (a) International trade | 11,587.8 | 13,344.6 | 13,164.6 | 16,925.0 |
| | | | | | (i) Import duties | 10,014.3 | 11,682.7 | 11,598.7 | 15,707.8 |
| | | | | | (ii) Export duties | 1,573.5 | 1,661.9 | 1,565.9 | 1,217.2 |
| | | | | | (iii) Exchange profits | *** | *** | *** | *** |
| | | | | | (b) Indirect taxes | 14,849.1 | 15,929.2 | 17,284.0 | 21,299.2 |
| | | | | | (i) General sales and turnover taxes | 10,088.2 | 10,610.9 | 12,319.7 | 14,658.3 |
| | | | | | (ii) Selective sales tax | 4,476.2 | 4,978.2 | 4,684.7 | 6,282.9 |
| | | | | | (iii) Licence tax | 284.7 | 340.1 | 279.6 | 358.0 |
| 03. Subsidies* | 1,547.7 | 1,830.4 | 2,239.6 | 3,457.0 | 2. Direct Taxes | 5,292.3 | 6,376.7 | 6,325.1 | 9,858.2 |
| | | | | | (i) Income | 4,787.1 | 4,909.4 | 4,646.6 | 7,492.9 |
| | | | | | (a) Individual | 1,513.0 | 1,580.5 | 1,463.9 | 2,206.8 |
| | | | | | (b) Corporate | 3,274.1 | 3,328.9 | 3,182.7 | 5,286.1 |
| | | | | | (ii) Other | 505.2 | 1,467.3 | 1,678.5 | 2,365.3 |
| 04. Other Current Transfers | 2,775.1 | 111.3 | 4,966.9 | 8,397.3 | 3. Social Security Contribution | 106.3 | 127.3 | 192.8 | 421.7 |
| 05. Saving | +3,110.4 | +5,510.0 | -6,247.8 | -2049.2 | 4. Fees, Fines etc. | 168.9 | 190.0 | 135.9 | 135.6 |
| | | | | | 108. Other Current Transfers | 2,239.6 | 1,742.4 | 1,667.1 | 2,083.3 |
| | | | | | (i) Domestic | 2,239.6 | 1,735.5 | 1,666.8 | 2,081.3 |
| | | | | | (ii) Foreign | - | 6.9 | 0.3 | 2.0 |
| | | | | | 109. Other Receipts (non-tax revenue) | 556.0 | 1,092.9 | 767.5 | 1,248.1 |
| TOTAL CURRENT DISBURSEMENT | 39,870.9 | 44,326.1 | 43,989.7 | 56,126.7 | TOTAL CURRENT RECEIPTS | 39,870.9 | 44,326.1 | 43,989.7 | 56,126.7 |

*** = Negligible

- = Nil

* = Excludes amounts given to C.T.B., C.B.R. to cover losses, and subsidies on tea and rubber.

Hence item 2 differs from figures given in consolidated account for the Nation and Cost Components of Value Added.

ACCOUNT NO.6 - GENERAL GOVERNMENT CAPITAL ACCUMULATION ACCOUNT

(Rs.Million)

| Gross Accumulation | 1986 | 1987 | 1988 | 1989 | Finance of Gross Accumulation | 1986 | 1987 | 1988 | 1989 |
|--|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|------------------------------------|---------|----------|----------|---------|
| 01. Gross Capital Formation | 8,945.1 | 11,327.6 | 11,498.4 | 15,723.6 | 04. Saving | 3,110.4 | 5,510.0 | -6,247.8 | -6049.2 |
| (Including purchase of land and intangible assets) | | | | | 05. Sale of existing capital goods | 22.9 | 12.8 | 62.3 | 27.2 |
| (a) Fixed | 8,913.3 | 11,289.4 | 11,354.2 | 15,578.9 | 06. Capital Transfers Received | 5,306.3 | 6,777.3 | 7,908.4 | 6,517.6 |
| (b) Increase in Stocks | 31.8 | 38.2 | 144.2 | 144.7 | | | | | |
| 02. Capital Transfers Paid | 14,571.8 | 11,369.0 | 10,871.0 | 7,467.0 | | | | | |
| (i) Domestic | 14,470.5 | 11,292.0 | 10,806.0 | 7,397.0 | | | | | |
| to local authorities | 64.7 | 200.0 | 345.0 | 868.0 | | | | | |
| to private corporations | 13,998.1 | 10,721.0 | 9,683.0 | 5,874.0 | | | | | |
| to other institutions | 407.7 | 371.0 | 778.0 | 655.0 | | | | | |
| (ii) Abroad | 101.3 | 77.0 | 65.0 | 70.0 | | | | | |
| 03. Net Lending | -15,077.3 | -12,396.5 | -20,646.5 | -22,695.0 | | | | | |
| Gross Accumulation | 8,439.6 | 10,300.1 | 1,722.9 | 495.6 | Finance of Gross Accumulation | 8,439.6 | 10,300.1 | 1,722.9 | 495.6 |

ACCOUNT NO.7 - INCOME AND OUTLAY ACCOUNT
HOUSEHOLD AND PRIVATE UNINCORPORATED ENTERPRISES
(NON-PROFIT INSTITUTIONS)

Rs.Mn.

| Disbursements (Outlay) | 1986 | 1987 | 1988 | 1989 | Receipts (Income) | 1986 | 1987 | 1988 | 1989 |
|--|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|--|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|
| 1. Private final consumption | 130,728 | 138,754 | 163,092 | 184,379 | 17. Compensation of employees | 78,741 | 86,388 | 98,696 | 110,033 |
| 2. Property income paid | 479 | 478 | 582 | 673 | a. Salaries and wages | 73,874 | 80,785 | 91,644 | 102,794 |
| 3. Direct taxes and other payments to government | 5,637 | 6,109 | 6,572 | 8,583 | b. Employers' contributions for social security E.P.F. | 4,867 | 5,603 | 7,052 | 7,239 |
| a. Social security contributions | 1,281 | 1,450 | 1,810 | 2,256 | Unfunded government and private pensions | 1,671 | 1,881 | 2,297 | 2,590 |
| b. Income taxes | 1,520 | 1,588 | 1,464 | 2,136 | 18. Property and entrepreneurial income received | 3,196 | 3,722 | 4,755 | 4,649 |
| c. Other direct payments n.e.c. | 2,836 | 3,071 | 3,298 | 4,191 | a. Gross income of unincorporated enterprises [Withdrawals from private quasi-corporation] | 51,281 | 56,292 | 70,861 | 87,166 |
| 4. Other current transfers paid | 1,566 | 1,869 | 1,945 | 2,416 | b. Interest, dividends etc.* | 44,447 | 48,438 | 65,829 | 81,794 |
| a. Net casualty insurance premiums | 675 | 771 | 749 | 1,059 | 19. Current transfers received | 6,834 | 7,854 | 5,032 | 5,372 |
| b. Current transfers to abroad | 891 | 1,098 | 1,196 | 1,357 | a. Casualty insurance claims | 16,049 | 17,262 | 20,396 | 20,753 |
| 5. Statistical discrepancy | (7,411) | (6,973) | (4,871) | (8,252) | b. Unfunded employee welfare benefits and social security benefits | 345 | 359 | 434 | 513 |
| 6. Gross savings | 15,072 | 19,705 | 22,633 | 30,154 | c. Other | 3,767 | 3,997 | 4,649 | 4,834 |
| | | | | | From general government | 11,937 | 12,906 | 15,313 | 15,406 |
| | | | | | from abroad (Rest of the world) | 2,795 | 2,582 | 3,951 | 3,205 |
| | | | | | | 9,142 | 10,324 | 11,362 | 12,201 |
| Total current disbursements | 146,071 | 159,942 | 189,953 | 217,952 | Total current receipts | 146,071 | 159,942 | 189,953 | 217,952 |

ACCOUNT NO.8 - RECONCILIATION OF KEY AGGREGATES

(Rs. Million)

| ITEM | 1975 | 1985 | 1986 | 1987 | 1988 | 1989 |
|--|----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|
| Gross Domestic Product | 27,040.5 | 157,763.3 | 172,440.3 | 188,821.6 | 218,774.0 | 248,230.0 |
| Plus: Factor income received | 82.0 | 2,261.3 | 1,893.0 | 2,055.5 | 2,197.2 | 2,074.1 |
| Less: Factor income paid | 295.0 | 5,706.2 | 5,763.9 | 6,754.5 | 7,463.1 | 7,980.2 |
| Gross National Product | 26,827.5 | 154,318.4 | 168,569.4 | 184,122.6 | 213,508.1 | 242,323.9 |
| Plus: Current transfers from abroad | 99.0 | 7,920.0 | 8,872.8 | 10,323.8 | 11,386.3 | 12,201.0 |
| Less: Current transfers to abroad | 67.0 | 707.7 | 890.3 | 1,098.0 | 1,199.5 | 1,356.6 |
| Gross National Disposable Product | 26,859.5 | 161,530.7 | 176,551.9 | 193,348.4 | 223,694.9 | 253,168.3 |
| Less: Final consumption | 24,375.2 | 137,270.8 | 153,717.3 | 164,957.2 | 193,423.2 | 216,963.5 |
| Less: Statistical discrepancy | 669.5 | 2,618.7 | 1,227.8 | - 300.6 | 788.1 | 3,948.1 |
| Gross Saving | 1,814.8 | 21,641.2 | 21,606.8 | 28,691.8 | 29,483.6 | 32,256.7 |
| Plus: Deficit of nation on current account | -2,166.0 | -16,234.7 | -17,024.2 | -15,403.8 | -18964.9 | -19184.7 |
| Gross Capital Formation | 3,980.8 | 37,875.9 | 38,631.0 | 44,095.6 | 48,448.5 | 51,441.4 |

PART IV. OTHER RELEVANT INFORMATION

A. WEATHER:

Rainfall statistics given in the following table shows the 30 year average rainfall and the annual rainfall for the last three years separately for the wet zone and dry zone. Low annual rainfall could be observed in the main dry zone rainfall stations in Anuradhapura, Trincomalee and Hambantota. The annual rainfall of these three stations for the year 1989 was -18.7%, -19.4% and -23.1% respectively lower than the 30 year (1951-1980) annual average rainfall. There was a continuation of the low rainfall during the year 1985, 1986, 1987 and 1988. The Anuradhapura and Trincomalee rainfall stations recorded decreases of 35% and 23% for 1988 compared to previous year. This lower rainfall had an adverse affect on the other food crops. The impact of the low rainfall for the year 1989 adversely affected cultivation in the dry zone area. The Maha crops, 1989 was adversely affected by weather. Beginning of Yala 1989 there were less rain and end of the season Yala crop decrease was due to heavy rain.

The annual rainfall data for selected wet-zone stations recorded a slightly different picture when compared to that of the dry-zone stations. The wet-zone rainfall stations recorded less decreases compared dry-zone. But, when rainfall for 1989 is compared with the 1988, it shows improvements in wet-zone.

This resulted in a relatively poor performance of agriculture for 1989. The drought conditions that had prevailed during 1989, was one of the factors which contributed to the relatively low level of agricultural production for that year. As a result, very low agricultural production was recorded for Paddy, Rubber, Tea and Highland crops, for 1989.

Table A-1. Annual Rainfall At Selected Stations
(Millimeters)

| Zones | 30 years average 1951-1980 | 1987 | 1988 | 1989 | 1989 Percent Change over 1951-1980 |
|-----------------|----------------------------------|---------|---------|---------|--|
| Wet-zone | | | | | |
| Colombo | 2,527.3 | 2,451.2 | 2,035.9 | 2,265.7 | - 10.3 |
| Ratnapura | 3,740.2 | 3,013.3 | 3,911.5 | 3,733.3 | - 0.2 |
| Kandy | 1,946.7 | 1,629.0 | 1,685.4 | 1,848.4 | - 5.0 |
| Diyatalawa | 1,661.5 | 1,682.6 | 1,620.0 | 1,486.9 | - 10.5 |
| Nuwara-Eliya | 2,043.7 | 2,678.1 | 1,742.4 | 2,213.5 | + 8.3 |
| Dry-Zone | | | | | |
| Anuradhapura | 1,358.4 | 1,196.9 | 811.9 | 1,104.4 | - 18.7 |
| Trincomalee | 1,615.2 | 595.9 | 1,062.1 | 1,302.4 | - 19.4 |
| Hambantota | 1,073.4 | 889.5 | 584.9 | 825.9 | - 23.1 |
| Jaffna | 1,183.5 | 1,080.1 | 1,346.6 | 998.0 | - 15.7 |
| Kankasanturai | 1,252.1 | 262.2 | N.A. | 1,002.3 | - 19.9 |

Source: Department of Meteorology.

B. COLOMBO CONSUMER PRICE INDEX (CCPI):

In 1989, the annual average of the Colombo Consumers' price Index (CCPI) rose sharply to 830.2 points from 744.1 in 1988. This is an 11.6% rate of increase for 1989, slightly lower than the rate of 14.2% for 1988. A comparison of the indices for December, 1988 and December, 1989 indicates a 15.1% increase as compared against the 15.7% increase for the same months of 1987 and 1988.

Table B-1. Colombo Consumer Price Index Annual Average (1952=100)

| | All-Items | Food | Clothing | Fuel & Light | Rent | Miscellaneous |
|---------------------------------|-----------|-------|----------|--------------|-------|---------------|
| 1985 | 561.2 | 598.4 | 324.2 | 1332.1 | 109.8 | 524.4 |
| 1986 | 606.0 | 641.4 | 374.5 | 1347.6 | 109.8 | 599.7 |
| 1987 | 652.8 | 697.0 | 400.9 | 1358.7 | 109.8 | 650.7 |
| 1988 | 744.1 | 802.0 | 419.8 | 1535.1 | 109.8 | 742.6 |
| 1989 | 830.2 | 884.6 | 490.0 | 1718.9 | 109.8 | 860.1 |
| % change | | | | | | |
| 1986/1985 | 8.0 | 7.2 | 15.5 | 1.2 | 0.0 | 14.4 |
| 1987/1986 | 7.7 | 8.7 | 7.0 | 0.8 | 0.0 | 8.5 |
| 1988/1987 | 14.0 | 15.0 | 4.7 | 12.7 | 0.0 | 14.1 |
| 1989/1988 | 11.6 | 10.2 | 16.7 | 12.0 | 0.0 | 15.8 |
| Point to Point Increase: | | | | | | |
| (1989/88) | | | | | | |
| September | 12.6 | 11.5 | 21.4 | 10.6 | 0.0 | 16.2 |
| October | 13.3 | 12.8 | 23.7 | 10.0 | 0.0 | 14.9 |
| November | 13.1 | 11.3 | 26.7 | 10.7 | 0.0 | 18.3 |
| December | 15.1 | 13.5 | 32.8 | 11.1 | 0.0 | 19.7 |

The sub-indices for Clothing, Fuel and Light and Miscellaneous increased more than the average increase of the All-Items Index for 1989. The sub-index for Food items increased less than the average of the All-Items Index. However, the significant price increases occurred in food items such as Rice, Milk, Sugar, Mysore-Dhall, Red Onions, Potatoes, and Fresh Fish and Dried Fish for the year 1989. Any price changes in these products have a substantial impact on the Food Index, due to their high weights in the total composition of the Food Group itself. The price increases for the earlier mentioned important food items have been particularly marked during the last quarter of 1989, as can be seen from the following Table.

Under the Miscellaneous Group, significant price increase occurred for items such as Cigarettes, Liquor, Soap and Drugs for the year 1989. The Miscellaneous Group itself has a weight of 19% in the Base Year Family Budget Expenditure value of the Colombo Consumers' Price Index. One of the factors contributing to the price increases

for commodities such as Rice, Dried Chilies etc. was the severe drought prevailing during 1989 and the consequent low level of production. For products such as Fish, Red Onions etc. the high prices were partly due to the ethnic problem which disrupted the transport system and resulted in low production.

Table B-2. Price Increase for Selected Food Items of CCPI

| ITEM | UNIT | 1989 | | % CHANGE |
|---|-------|--------------------|-------------------|----------|
| | | September (Rs.) | December (Rs.) | |
| 01. Rice | kg. | 13.23 | 16.08 | 21.5 |
| 02. Dried Chilies | kg. | 73.53 | 91.31 | 24.2 |
| 03. Coconuts (Average of small and Medium) | each | 3.29 | 3.58 | 8.8 |
| 04. Coconut Oil | 750m. | 16.00 | 14.58 | -8.8 |
| 05. Sugar | kg. | 25.00 | 31.83 | 27.32 |
| 06. Mysore Dhall | kg. | 32.67 | 36.56 | 11.9 |
| 07. Potatoes | kg. | 16.22 | 17.94 | 10.6 |
| 08. Red Onions | kg. | 13.92 | 16.14 | 15.9 |

Table B-3. Colombo Consumers' Price Index Annual Average
(1952=100)

| YEAR | COMMODITY GROUP | | | | | |
|------|-----------------|-------|----------|-------------------|-------|--------------------|
| | ALL-ITEMS | FOOD | CLOTHING | FUEL AND LIGHT | RENT | MISCE- LLANEOUS |
| 1955 | 100.5 | 105.1 | 80.5 | 102.3 | 101.5 | 94.6 |
| 1960 | 103.5 | 100.8 | 95.1 | 102.7 | 101.5 | 117.5 |
| 1965 | 112.5 | 107.3 | 126.7 | 100.7 | 101.5 | 128.3 |
| 1970 | 138.2 | 136.6 | 137.3 | 136.1 | 109.8 | 153.2 |
| 1975 | 198.3 | 204.3 | 208.2 | 237.0 | 109.8 | 191.9 |
| 1980 | 318.2 | 339.7 | 239.9 | 563.9 | 109.8 | 293.8 |
| 1981 | 375.4 | 399.6 | 257.8 | 767.9 | 109.8 | 345.7 |
| 1982 | 416.1 | 450.4 | 273.8 | 816.4 | 109.8 | 377.1 |
| 1983 | 474.2 | 506.3 | 291.1 | 1087.6 | 109.8 | 433.7 |
| 1984 | 553.1 | 598.0 | 307.5 | 1282.6 | 109.8 | 496.9 |
| 1985 | 561.2 | 598.4 | 324.2 | 1332.1 | 109.8 | 524.4 |
| 1986 | 606.0 | 641.4 | 374.5 | 1347.6 | 109.8 | 599.7 |
| 1987 | 652.8 | 697.0 | 400.9 | 1358.7 | 109.8 | 650.7 |
| 1988 | 744.1 | 802.0 | 419.8 | 1535.1 | 109.8 | 742.6 |
| 1989 | 830.2 | 884.6 | 490.0 | 1718.9 | 109.8 | 860.1 |

NATIONAL ACCOUNTS TABLES

TABLE 1 - SUMMARY INDICATORS

| | 1975 | 1984 | 1985 | 1986 | 1987 | 1988 | 1989 |
|---|----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|
| A. Global aggregates in current market prices (Rs. Million) | | | | | | | |
| 1. Gross Domestic Product | 27,040.5 | 147,343.5 | 157,763.3 | 172,440.3 | 188,821.6 | 218,774.0 | 248,230.0 |
| 2. Gross National Product | 26,827.5 | 143,942.6 | 154,318.4 | 168,569.4 | 184,122.6 | 213,508.0 | 243,324.0 |
| B. Global aggregates at constant (1975) market prices (Rs. Million) | | | | | | | |
| 1. Gross Domestic Product | 27,040.5 | 43,135.7 | 45,300.0 | 47,235.5 | 48,002.5 | 49,336.2 | 50,310.3 |
| 2. Gross National Product | 26,827.5 | 42,034.7 | 44,257.2 | 46,244.5 | 47,041.5 | 48,287.8 | 49,230.6 |
| C. Per capita G. N. P. at current prices and at constant (1975) prices | | | | | | | |
| 1. Gross National Product per capita at current prices (Rs.) | 1,988 | 9,227 | 9,744 | 10,459 | 11,254 | 12,873 | 14,478 |
| 2. Gross National Product at constant (1975) prices (Rs.) | 1,988 | 2,695 | 2,795 | 2,869 | 2,875 | 2,911 | 2,929 |
| D. GDP Implicit price deflator(1975=100) | 100.0 | 341.6 | 348.3 | 365.1 | 393.4 | 443.4 | 493.4 |
| E. Selected components in current prices (Rs. Millions) | | | | | | | |
| 1. Private consumption expenditure | 21,678.5 | 108,312.0 | 118,100.9 | 130,727.7 | 138,753.7 | 163,092.2 | 184,378.7 |
| 2. Government consumption expenditure | 2,696.7 | 15,442.4 | 19,169.9 | 22,989.6 | 26,203.5 | 30,331.0 | 32,584.8 |
| 3. Gross fixed capital formation | 3,539.8 | 34,262.1 | 37,650.9 | 38,494.0 | 43,947.6 | 47,847.5 | 50,968.4 |
| 4. Exports | 7,306.0 | 44,285.2 | 42,393.6 | 42,601.6 | 50,763.2 | 57,885.4 | 68,485.7 |
| 5. Imports | 9,291.0 | 54,469.3 | 62,395.7 | 63,737.4 | 70,693.8 | 81,771.2 | 92,608.7 |
| F. Growth Rate G.D.P. | | | | | | | |
| | | 5. | 5.0% | 4.3% | 1.6% | 2.8% | 2.0% |
| Population (000') | 13,496 | 15,600 | 15,837 | 16,117 | 16,361 | 16,586 | 16,806 |

TABLE 2- GROSS DOMESTIC PRODUCT BY INDUSTRIAL ORIGIN AT CURRENT PRODUCER PRICES
AND THE PERCENTAGE CONTRIBUTION OF MAJOR ECONOMIC ACTIVITIES TO GDP

| Major Divisions | Rs. Million | | | | | | | | | | | |
|--|-------------|-------|-----------|-------|-----------|-------|-----------|-------|-----------|-------|-----------|-------|
| | 1975 | | 1985 | | 1986 | | 1987 | | 1988 | | 1989 | |
| | Value | % | Value | % | Value | % | Value | % | Value | % | Value | % |
| 1. Agriculture, livestock, Fisheries etc. | 7,580.7 | 28.4 | 38,505.8 | 25.8 | 39,529.4 | 24.3 | 43,173.6 | 24.4 | 51,074.4 | 24.7 | 56,774.0 | 24.4 |
| 2. Mining and Quarrying | 323.1 | 1.2 | 1,226.3 | 0.8 | 1,669.9 | 1.0 | 2,194.0 | 1.2 | 3,024.1 | 1.5 | 3,605.0 | 1.6 |
| 3. Manufacturing | 6,651.7 | 24.9 | 26,179.9 | 17.5 | 26,913.4 | 16.6 | 29,701.3 | 16.8 | 34,852.1 | 16.8 | 41,414.7 | 17.8 |
| 3.1 Export processing (Tea, Rubber and Coconut) | 2,962.1 | | 5,224.8 | | 4,248.9 | | 4,166.8 | | 4,514.3 | | 4,344.6 | |
| 3.2 Factory industry | 3,045.1 | | 18,419.9 | | 19,948.4 | | 22,744.3 | | 26,713.4 | | 33,232.2 | |
| 3.4 Cottage industry | 644.5 | | 2,535.2 | | 2,716.1 | | 2,790.2 | | 3,624.4 | | 3,837.9 | |
| 4. Electricity, gas and water | 116.9 | 0.4 | 2,999.1 | 2.0 | 3,062.4 | 1.9 | 3,456.6 | 2.0 | 3,986.2 | 1.9 | 4,249.7 | 1.8 |
| 5. Construction | 1,262.4 | 4.7 | 11,939.0 | 8.0 | 13,197.4 | 8.1 | 14,206.7 | 8.0 | 15,349.1 | 7.4 | 17,505.3 | 7.5 |
| 6. Wholesale and retail trade, restaurants and hotels | 4,882.8 | 18.3 | 29,061.5 | 19.5 | 32,716.0 | 20.1 | 35,373.2 | 20.0 | 41,643.2 | 20.1 | 44,563.5 | 19.2 |
| 7. Transport and communication | 2,361.8 | 8.8 | 17,429.4 | 11.7 | 19,660.9 | 12.1 | 20,235.6 | 11.4 | 22,305.0 | 10.8 | 23,877.2 | 10.3 |
| 8. Banking, insurance and real estate etc. | 336.0 | 1.3 | 6,455.9 | 4.3 | 7,743.4 | 4.8 | 8,369.5 | 4.7 | 10,152.4 | 4.9 | 11,585.4 | 5.0 |
| 9. Ownership of dwellings | 618.3 | 2.3 | 2,501.9 | 1.7 | 2,588.3 | 1.6 | 2,656.3 | 1.5 | 2,777.4 | 1.3 | 2,881.9 | 1.2 |
| 10. Government services | 1,824.9 | 6.8 | 9,243.6 | 6.2 | 11,124.2 | 6.8 | 12,708.2 | 7.2 | 15,914.8 | 7.7 | 19,674.5 | 8.5 |
| 11. Private services | 747.5 | 2.8 | 3,823.9 | 2.6 | 4,220.7 | 2.6 | 5,063.9 | 2.9 | 6,096.6 | 2.9 | 6,391.0 | 2.7 |
| Total | 26,706.1 | 100.0 | 149,366.3 | 100.0 | 162,426.0 | 100.0 | 177,138.9 | 100.0 | 207,175.3 | 100.0 | 232,522.2 | 100.0 |
| Add: Import duties | 334.4 | | 8,397.0 | | 10,014.3 | | 11,682.7 | | 11,598.7 | | 15,707.8 | |
| Gross Domestic Product | 27,040.5 | | 157,763.3 | | 172,440.3 | | 188,821.6 | | 218,774.0 | | 248,230.0 | |

TABLE 3- GROSS DOMESTIC PRODUCT BY INDUSTRIAL ORIGIN AT CONSTANT (1975) PRICES
AND THE PERCENTAGE CONTRIBUTION OF MAJOR ECONOMIC ACTIVITIES TO GDP

| Major Divisions | Rs. million | | | | | | | | | | | |
|---|-------------|-------|----------|-------|----------|-------|----------|-------|----------|-------|----------|-------|
| | 1975 | | 1985 | | 1986 | | 1987 | | 1988 | | 1989 | |
| | Value | % | Value | % | Value | % | Value | % | Value | % | Value | % |
| 1. Agriculture, livestock, Fisheries etc. | 7,580.7 | 28.4 | 11,146.3 | 25.0 | 11,223.8 | 24.1 | 10,562.2 | 22.4 | 10,836.9 | 22.3 | 10,527.9 | 21.24 |
| 2. Mining and Quarrying | 323.1 | 1.2 | 673.3 | 1.5 | 918.1 | 2.0 | 1,132.8 | 2.4 | 1,464.7 | 3.0 | 1,818.7 | 3.7 |
| 3. Manufacturing | 6,651.7 | 24.9 | 8,811.9 | 19.7 | 9,344.8 | 20.1 | 9,670.0 | 20.5 | 9,910.7 | 20.4 | 10,227.1 | 20.6 |
| 3.1 Export processing (Tea, Rubber and Coconut) | 2,962.1 | | 3,131.4 | | 3,091.4 | | 2,826.2 | | 2,739.4 | | 2,725.7 | 5.5 |
| 3.2 Factory industry | 3,045.1 | | 5,014.4 | | 5,471.4 | | 6,080.8 | | 6,393.2 | | 6,719.0 | 13.6 |
| 3.4 Cottage industry | 644.5 | | 666.1 | | 782.0 | | 763.0 | | 778.1 | | 782.4 | 1.6 |
| 4. Electricity, gas and water | 116.9 | 0.4 | 273.9 | 0.6 | 293.8 | 0.6 | 304.1 | 0.6 | 314.9 | 0.6 | 320.9 | 0.6 |
| 5. Construction | 1,262.4 | 4.7 | 2,248.2 | 5.0 | 2,419.2 | 5.2 | 2,556.5 | 5.4 | 2,596.4 | 5.3 | 2,616.1 | 5.3 |
| 6. Wholesale and retail trade, restaurants and hotels | 4,882.8 | 18.3 | 11,421.7 | 25.6 | 11,983.1 | 25.8 | 12,422.0 | 26.3 | 12,772.0 | 26.3 | 13,076.7 | 26.4 |
| 7. Transport and communication | 2,361.8 | 8.8 | 4,607.4 | 10.3 | 4,718.1 | 10.1 | 4,803.3 | 10.2 | 4,828.5 | 9.9 | 4,774.6 | 9.6 |
| 8. Banking, insurance and real estate etc. | 336.0 | 1.3 | 896.5 | 2.0 | 932.3 | 2.0 | 989.2 | 2.1 | 1,048.6 | 2.2 | 1,111.5 | 2.2 |
| 9. Ownership of dwellings | 618.3 | 2.3 | 725.5 | 1.6 | 738.3 | 1.6 | 749.4 | 1.6 | 759.7 | 1.6 | 769.8 | 1.6 |
| 10. Government services | 1,824.9 | 6.8 | 2,334.0 | 5.2 | 2,379.7 | 5.1 | 2,474.8 | 5.2 | 2,501.9 | 5.1 | 2,750.1 | 5.5 |
| 11. Private services | 747.5 | 2.8 | 1,501.7 | 3.4 | 1,546.9 | 3.3 | 1,583.1 | 3.4 | 1,546.8 | 3.2 | 1,567.7 | 3.2 |
| Total | 26,706.1 | 100.0 | 44,640.4 | 100.0 | 46,498.1 | 100.0 | 47,247.4 | 100.0 | 48,581.1 | 100.0 | 49,561.1 | 100.0 |
| Add. Import duties | 334.4 | | 659.6 | | 737.4 | | 755.1 | | 755.1 | | 749.2 | |
| Gross Domestic Product | 27,040.5 | | 45,300.0 | | 47,235.5 | | 48,002.5 | | 49,336.2 | | 50,310.3 | |

Table 4 - GROSS DOMESTIC PRODUCT (VALUE ADDED) IN AGRICULTURAL SECTOR AT CURRENT PRODUCERS' PRICES BY INDUSTRIAL ACTIVITIES

| | Rs. Million | | | | | | |
|--|-------------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|
| Activities | 1975 | 1984 | 1985 | 1986 | 1987 | 1988 | 1989 |
| Agriculture, livestock, fisheries etc. | | | | | | | |
| 1. Tea | 752.9 | 6,253.0 | 4,824.4 | 3,803.2 | 4,695.5 | 5,437.3 | 6,703.7 |
| 2. Rubber | 309.0 | 1,636.1 | 1,267.8 | 1,524.1 | 1,829.4 | 2,310.9 | 1,605.1 |
| 3. Coconut | 879.2 | 5,504.3 | 5,103.7 | 3,559.7 | 5,033.5 | 6,018.7 | 6,131.4 |
| 4. Minor export crops | 150.3 | 1,108.2 | 1,082.1 | 1,209.2 | 1,368.9 | 2,055.6 | 2,035.2 |
| 5. Paddy | 1,691.0 | 6,351.1 | 7,697.3 | 7,597.7 | 6,439.5 | 7,916.0 | 8,762.2 |
| 6. Other food crops | 2,596.9 | 9,264.0 | 10,657.7 | 12,998.6 | 13,905.8 | 15,189.3 | 17,904.9 |
| 7. Tobacco | 45.7 | 161.8 | 241.8 | 170.7 | 217.1 | 230.9 | 285.2 |
| 8. Betel & arecanuts | 56.3 | 653.9 | 758.7 | 642.5 | 659.0 | 713.6 | 795.6 |
| 9. Miscellaneous agricultural products | 64.9 | 551.1 | 569.1 | 584.2 | 638.0 | 754.8 | 859.9 |
| 10. Livestock | 411.1 | 1,424.4 | 1,549.3 | 1,723.1 | 1,946.5 | 2,399.8 | 2,784.2 |
| 11. Firewood and forestry | 248.6 | 1,430.5 | 1,637.4 | 1,710.2 | 1,778.9 | 1,998.2 | 2,508.1 |
| 12. Fisheries | 374.8 | 2,589.5 | 2,663.2 | 3,158.0 | 3,765.9 | 4,740.2 | 4,795.2 |
| 13. Plantation development | | 365.0 | 453.3 | 848.2 | 895.6 | 1,309.1 | 1,603.3 |
| Total | 7,580.7 | 37,292.9 | 38,505.8 | 39,529.4 | 43,173.6 | 51,074.4 | 56,774.0 |

Table 5 - GROSS DOMESTIC PRODUCT (VALUE ADDED) IN AGRICULTURAL SECTOR AT
CONSTANT (1975) PRICES BY INDUSTRIAL ACTIVITIES

Rs. Million

| Activities | 1975 | 1984 | 1985 | 1986 | 1987 | 1988 | 1989 |
|--|----------------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|
| Agriculture, livestock, fisheries etc. | | | | | | | |
| 1. Tea | 752.9 | 678.0 | 697.5 | 688.4 | 694.8 | 739.4 | 674.5 |
| 2. Rubber | 309.0 | 264.6 | 256.3 | 258.3 | 227.6 | 228.7 | 206.8 |
| 3. Coconut | 879.2 | 656.3 | 997.3 | 1,004.4 | 772.0 | 633.0 | 815.1 |
| 4. Minor export crops | 150.3 | 571.1 | 574.8 | 566.4 | 570.6 | 678.0 | 556.0 |
| 5. Paddy | 1,691.0 | 3,553.6 | 3,906.2 | 3,807.8 | 3,121.6 | 3,636.2 | 3,026.9 |
| 6. Other food crops | 2,596.9 | 2,751.2 | 2,914.6 | 3,050.3 | 3,206.4 | 2,964.7 | 3,218.6 |
| 7. Tobacco | 45.7 | 57.9 | 53.5 | 45.7 | 47.5 | 49.1 | 50.0 |
| 8. Betel & arecanuts | 56.3 | 76.1 | 79.3 | 79.8 | 75.6 | 73.9 | 78.5 |
| 9. Miscellaneous agricultural products | 64.9 | 109.9 | 104.9 | 102.2 | 106.4 | 100.5 | 99.4 |
| 10. Livestock | 411.1 | 474.5 | 479.4 | 483.9 | 581.5 | 586.5 | 606.0 |
| 11. Firewood & forestry | 248.6 | 351.2 | 399.1 | 415.1 | 419.1 | 393.0 | 416.8 |
| 12. Fisheries | 374.8 | 489.8 | 498.4 | 533.1 | 554.2 | 575.3 | 596.7 |
| 13. Plantation development | - | 165.8 | 185.0 | 188.4 | 184.9 | 178.6 | 182.6 |
| Total | 7,580.7 | 10,200.0 | 11,146.3 | 11,223.8 | 10,562.2 | 10,836.9 | 10,527.9 |

TABLE 6 - EXPENDITURE ON GROSS DOMESTIC PRODUCT AT CURRENT PRICES

| Item | Rs. Million | | | | | | | |
|---|-------------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|
| | 1975 | 1983 | 1984 | 1985 | 1986 | 1987 | 1988 | 1989 |
| 1. Private consumption expenditure | 21,678.5 | 93,074.9 | 108,312.0 | 118,100.9 | 130,727.7 | 138,753.7 | 163,092.2 | 184,378.7 |
| 2. General government consumption expenditure | 2,696.7 | 12,726.9 | 15,442.4 | 19,169.9 | 22,989.6 | 26,203.5 | 30,331.0 | 32,584.8 |
| 3. Gross domestic fixed capital formation | 3,539.8 | 31,583.8 | 34,262.1 | 37,650.9 | 38,494.0 | 43,947.6 | 47,847.5 | 50,968.4 |
| 4. Changes in stocks* | 1,110.5 | 180.9 | -488.9 | 2,843.7 | 1,364.8 | -152.6 | 1389.1 | 4421.1 |
| 5. Exports of goods and non-factor services | 7,306.0 | 32,015.6 | 44,285.2 | 42,393.6 | 42,601.6 | 50,763.2 | 57,885.4 | 68,485.7 |
| 6. Less: Imports of goods and non-factor services | 9,291.0 | 50,380.6 | 54,469.3 | 62,395.7 | 63,737.4 | 70,693.8 | 81,771.2 | 92,608.7 |
| 7. Gross Domestic Product | 27,040.5 | 119,201.5 | 147,343.5 | 157,763.3 | 172,440.3 | 188,821.6 | 218,774.0 | 248,230.0 |

* Including statistical discrepancy

Table 7 - EXPENDITURE ON GROSS DOMESTIC PRODUCT AT CONSTANT (1975) PRICES

Rs. Million

| Item | 1975 | 1984 | 1985 | 1986 | 1987 | 1988 | 1989 |
|---|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|
| 1. Private consumption expenditure | 21,678.5 | 39,598.1 | 41,985.5 | 44,191.9 | 44,428.2 | 46,906.1 | 48,018.1 |
| 2. General government consumption expenditure | 2,696.7 | 3,953.3 | 4,875.9 | 5,713.6 | 5,846.4 | 5,854.5 | 5,530.7 |
| 3. Gross domestic fixed capital formation | 3,539.8 | 6,680.0 | 6,635.4 | 6,462.5 | 6,931.3 | 6,393.8 | 6,239.6 |
| 4. Changes in stocks* | 1,110.5 | -1848.6 | -3963.2 | -3843.5 | -3695.1 | -4259.9 | -5459.3 |
| 5. Exports of goods and non-factor services | 7,306.0 | 10,312.3 | 10,827.9 | 11,549.8 | 11,734.6 | 12,098.4 | 13,090.5 |
| 6. Less: Imports of goods and non-factor ser | 9,291.0 | 15,559.4 | 15,061.5 | 16,838.8 | 17,242.9 | 17,656.7 | 17,109.3 |
| 7. Gross Domestic Product | 27,040.5 | 43,135.7 | 45,300.0 | 47,235.5 | 48,002.5 | 49,336.2 | 50,310.3 |

* Including statistical discrepancy.

TABLE 8 - DERIVATION OF VALUE ADDED BY KIND OF ACTIVITY ISIC MAJOR DIVISIONS (CURRENT PRICES)

(Rs. Million)

| ISIC Code | Activities | 1985 | | | 1986 | | | 1987 | | | 1988 | | | 1989 | | |
|------------|---|--------------|--------------------------|-------------|--------------|--------------------------|-------------|--------------|--------------------------|-------------|--------------|--------------------------|-------------|--------------|--------------------------|-------------|
| | | Gross Output | Intermediate Consumption | Value Added | Gross Output | Intermediate Consumption | Value Added | Gross Output | Intermediate Consumption | Value Added | Gross Output | Intermediate Consumption | Value Added | Gross Output | Intermediate Consumption | Value Added |
| Industries | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 01 | Agriculture, Hunting, Forestry and Fishing | 47,007.9 | 8,502.1 | 38,505.8 | 48,918.6 | 9,389.2 | 39,529.4 | 53,459.7 | 10,286.1 | 43,173.6 | 63,407.8 | 12,333.4 | 51,074.4 | 70537.4 | 13763.4 | 56,774.0 |
| 02 | Mining and Quarrying | 1,371.5 | 145.2 | 1,226.3 | 1,868.6 | 198.7 | 1,669.9 | 2,412.1 | 218.1 | 2,194.0 | 3,294.7 | 270.6 | 3,024.1 | 3961.1 | 356.1 | 3,605.0 |
| 03 | Manufacturing | 58,938.3 | 32,758.4 | 26,179.9 | 59,865.6 | 32,952.2 | 26,913.4 | 69,165.8 | 39,464.5 | 29,701.3 | 77,377.9 | 42,525.8 | 34,852.1 | 87,457.2 | 46,042.5 | 41,414.7 |
| 04 | Electricity, Gas and Water | 3,369.2 | 370.1 | 2,999.1 | 3,519.9 | 457.5 | 3,062.4 | 4,434.3 | 977.7 | 3,456.6 | 5,035.7 | 1,049.5 | 3,986.2 | 4,601.7 | 352.0 | 4,249.7 |
| 05 | Construction | 21,549.9 | 9,610.9 | 11,939.0 | 23,666.9 | 10,469.5 | 13,197.4 | 25,547.1 | 11,340.4 | 14,206.7 | 27,590.3 | 12,241.2 | 15,349.1 | 31422.2 | 13916.9 | 17,505.3 |
| 06 | Wholesale and Retail trade, Restaurants and Hotels | 36,615.6 | 7,554.1 | 29,061.5 | 41,323.2 | 8,607.2 | 32,716.0 | 44,738.8 | 9,365.6 | 35,373.2 | 52,500.9 | 10,857.7 | 41,643.2 | 56179.6 | 11616.1 | 44,563.5 |
| 07 | Transport and Communication | 34,413.5 | 16,984.1 | 17,429.4 | 36,971.9 | 17,311.0 | 19,660.9 | 38,480.4 | 18,244.8 | 20,235.6 | 41,707.1 | 19,402.1 | 22,305.0 | 45636.4 | 21759.2 | 23,877.2 |
| 08 | Finance, Insurance, Real Estates and Business Services* | 9,821.8 | 705.7 | 9,116.1 | 11,236.2 | 730.1 | 10,506.1 | 11,967.1 | 749.2 | 11,217.9 | 13,935.1 | 783.3 | 13,151.8 | 15545.3 | 812.8 | 14,732.5 |
| 09 | Community, Social and Personal Services* | 23,463.8 | 10,854.7 | 12,609.1 | 27,738.2 | 12,898.3 | 14,839.9 | 31,842.7 | 14,626.9 | 17,215.8 | 37,068.4 | 15,699.8 | 21,368.6 | 39687.6 | 14390.1 | 25,297.5 |
| | Total, Industries, including industries of general government | 236,551.5 | 87,485.3 | 149,066.2 | 255,109.1 | 93,013.7 | 162,095.4 | 282,048.0 | 105,273.3 | 176,774.7 | 321,917.9 | 115,163.4 | 206,754.5 | 355,028.5 | 123,009.1 | 232,019.4 |
| 10 | Other producers | 300.1 | - | 300.1 | 330.6 | - | 330.6 | 364.2 | - | 364.2 | 420.8 | - | 420.8 | 502.8 | - | 502.8 |
| | Sub Total | 236,851.6 | 87,485.3 | 149,366.3 | 255,439.7 | 93,013.7 | 162,426.0 | 282,412.2 | 105,273.3 | 177,138.9 | 322,338.7 | 115,163.4 | 207,175.3 | 355,531.3 | 123,009.1 | 232,522.2 |
| | Imports duties | 8,397.0 | - | 8,397.0 | 10,014.3 | - | 10,014.3 | 11,682.7 | - | 11,682.7 | 11,598.7 | - | 11,598.7 | 15707.8 | - | 15707.8 |
| | Total | 245,248.6 | 87,485.3 | 157,763.3 | 265,454.0 | 93,013.7 | 172,440.3 | 294,094.9 | 105,273.3 | 188,821.6 | 333,937.4 | 115,163.4 | 218,774.0 | 371,239.1 | 123,009.1 | 248,230.0 |

* Items 8, 9, 10, 11 of table 2 have been regrouped under items 8 and 9 in Table 8.

TABLE 9 - COST COMPONENTS OF VALUE ADDED - 1987

| | (Rs. Million) | | | | |
|--|-------------------------------|--------------------------------|-------------------|-------------------|----------------|
| | Compensation of Employees* | Gross Operating Surplus* | Indirect Taxes | Less Subsidies | Value Added |
| Agriculture, Hunting, Forestry and Fishing | 17,741.0 | 25,741.8 | 50.7 | 359.9 | 43,173.6 |
| Mining and Quarrying | 699.2 | 1,479.0 | 15.8 | | 2,194.0 |
| Manufacturing | 17,879.3 | 6,884.3 | 5,532.2 | 594.5 | 29,701.3 |
| Construction | 9,759.5 | 4,182.7 | 269.3 | 4.8 | 14,206.7 |
| Electricity, Gas and Water | 726.1 | 2,604.5 | 126.0 | | 3,456.6 |
| Transport and Communication | 7,569.8 | 13,457.3 | 279.2 | 1,070.7 | 20,235.6 |
| Wholesale and Retail Trade, Restaurants and Hotels (X) | 9,986.9 | 16,294.4 | 20,774.6 | | 47,055.9 |
| Banking, Insurance, Real Estate etc. | 6,368.3 | 1,445.6 | 555.6 | | 8,369.5 |
| Ownership of Dwellings | | 2,656.3 | | | 2,656.3 |
| Government Services | 12,729.2 | | | 21.0 | 12,708.2 |
| Private Services | 2,928.6 | 464.9 | 1,670.4 | | 5,063.9 |
| Gross Domestic Product | 86,387.9 | 75,210.8 | 29,273.8 | 2,050.9 | 188,821.6 |

* Figures were compiled using information obtained from Socio-Economic Survey 1981/1982, Electricity Board, C.G.R., C.T.B., State Accounts and Budgets of Development Corporations such as Mahaweli Development Board, National Housing Authority, Water Resources Board, Urban Development Authority etc.

(X) Includes Import duties.

TABLE 10 - COST COMPONENTS OF VALUE ADDED - 1988

(Rs.Million)

| | Compensation of Employees* | Gross Operating Surplus* | Indirect Taxes | Less Subsidies | Value Added |
|--|-------------------------------|--------------------------------|-------------------|-------------------|----------------|
| Agriculture, Hunting, Forestry and Fishing | 20,024.9 | 31,337.9 | 0.9 | 289.3 | 51,074.4 |
| Mining and Quarrying | 910.2 | 2,092.2 | 21.7 | - | 3,024.1 |
| Manufacturing | 20,852.3 | 9,278.6 | 5,417.3 | 696.1 | 34,852.1 |
| Construction | 10,095.2 | 5,015.2 | 240.4 | 1.7 | 15,349.1 |
| Electricity, Gas and Water | 827.5 | 3,116.4 | 42.3 | - | 3,986.2 |
| Transport and Communication | 8,026.5 | 15,246.8 | 217.9 | 1,186.2 | 22,305.0 |
| Wholesale and Retail Trade, Restaurants and Hotels (X) | 11,584.6 | 20,274.8 | 21,382.5 | - | 53,241.9 |
| Banking, Insurance, Real Estate etc. | 7,364.5 | 2,046.5 | 741.4 | - | 10,152.4 |
| Ownership of Dwellings | - | 2,777.4 | - | - | 2,777.4 |
| Government Services | 15,948.4 | - | - | 33.6 | 15,914.8 |
| Private Services | 3,061.7 | 650.8 | 2,384.1 | - | 6,096.6 |
| Gross Domestic Product | 98,695.8 | 91,836.6 | 30,448.5 | 2,206.9 | 218,774.0 |

* Figures were compiled using information obtained from Socio-Economic Survey 1981/1982, Electricity Board, C.G.R., C.T.B., State Accounts and Budgets of Development Corporations such as Mahaweli Development Board, National Housing Authority, Water Resources Board, Urban Development Authority etc.

(X) Includes Import duties.

TABLE 11 - COST COMPONENTS OF VALUE ADDED - 1989

(Rs.Million)

| | Compensation of Employees† | Gross Operating Surplus‡ | Indirect Taxes | Less Subsidies | Value Added |
|--|-------------------------------|--------------------------------|-------------------|-------------------|----------------|
| Agriculture, Hunting, Forestry and Fishing | 21,680.1 | 35,378.6 | 0.9 | 285.6 | 56,774.0 |
| Mining and Quarrying | 1,072.9 | 2,518.7 | 13.4 | | 3,605.0 |
| Manufacturing | 24,160.1 | 11,767.7 | 6,054.3 | 567.4 | 41,414.7 |
| Construction | 11,171.8 | 5,968.7 | 366.5 | 1.7 | 17,505.3 |
| Electricity, Gas and Water | 833.1 | 3,263.9 | 152.7 | | 4,249.7 |
| Transport and Communication | 8,414.3 | 16,680.7 | 309.3 | 1,527.1 | 23,877.2 |
| Wholesale and Retail Trade, Restaurants and Hotels (X) | 11,190.5 | 20,433.2 | 28,647.6 | | 60,271.3 |
| Banking, Insurance, Real Estate etc. | 8,273.1 | 2,630.3 | 682.0 | | 11,585.4 |
| Ownership of Dwellings | | 2,881.9 | | | 2,881.9 |
| Government Services | 19,705.2 | | | 30.7 | 19,674.5 |
| Private Services | 3,531.6 | 861.9 | 1,997.5 | | 6,391.0 |
| Gross Domestic Product | 110,032.7 | 102,385.6 | 38,224.2 | 2,412.5 | 248,230.0 |

* Figures were compiled using information obtained from Socio-Economic Survey 1981/1982, Electricity Board, C.G.R., C.T.B., State Accounts and Budgets of Development Corporations such as Mahaweli Development Board, National Housing Authority, Water Resources Board, Urban Development Authority etc.

(X) Includes Import duties.

‡ Gross operating surplus includes consumption of fixed capital.

TABLE 12 - SUPPLY AND DISPOSITION OF AGRICULTURAL SECTOR COMMODITIES AT CURRENT PRICES - 1987

(Rs.Million)

| Commodity Group | Supply Of Commodities | | | | | | | Disposition Of Commodities | | | | | | | |
|---|-----------------------|----------------------------|---------------------|---------|--------------|--------------|-------------|----------------------------|------------------------------|--------------------------|-----------------------------|------------------|--|---------------------|---------|
| | Inputs | Value Added at Factor Cost | Taxes and Subsidies | | Gross Output | Imports | | Valuation and Adjustment | Total Supply and Disposition | Intermediate Consumption | Household Final Consumption | Change in Stocks | Gross Domestic Fixed Capital Formation | Export F.O.B. Value | Wastage |
| | | | Tax | Subsidy | | C.I.F. Value | Import Duty | | | | | | | | |
| 01. Tea | 1,168.9 | 4,695.5 | - | - | 5,864.4 | - | - | - | 5,864.4 | 5,864.4 | - | - | - | - | - |
| 02. Rubber | 302.1 | 1,829.4 | - | - | 2,131.5 | - | - | - | 2,131.5 | 2,131.5 | - | - | - | - | - |
| 03. Coconut and Toddy | 260.5 | 5,033.3 | 0.2 | - | 5,294.0 | - | - | 853.3 | 6,147.3 | 2,201.2 | 3,978.3 | 102.1 | - | 69.9 | - |
| 04. Paddy | 2,324.7 | 6,439.8 | - | 0.3 | 8,764.2 | 2,018.6 | 71.1 | 3,023.9 | 13,876.8 | 1,353.0 | 10,431.3 | 1,443.1 | - | - | 649.4 |
| 05. Tobacco | 59.7 | 217.1 | - | - | 276.8 | 45.6 | 23.0 | 66.7 | 412.1 | 334.4 | 28.6 | 17.6 | - | 31.5 | - |
| 06. Betel and Arecanuts | 19.8 | 722.4 | - | - | 742.2 | - | - | 615.2 | 1,357.4 | 20.0 | 1,232.8 | 6.7 | - | 88.0 | 11.9 |
| 07. Vegetables | 1,516.4 | 6,065.5 | - | - | 7,581.9 | 3.0 | 0.8 | 3,241.6 | 10,827.3 | 974.3 | 9,748.3 | - | - | 65.7 | 39.0 |
| 08. Fruits | 34.6 | 658.1 | - | - | 692.7 | 40.2 | 2.6 | 316.2 | 1,051.7 | 119.7 | 640.7 | 12.0 | - | 241.3 | 18.0 |
| 09. Highland Crops | 1,344.0 | 7,648.3 | - | 32.3 | 8,960.0 | 2,226.3 | 305.7 | 5,617.0 | 17,109.0 | 2,597.7 | 14,139.2 | 0.7 | - | 340.1 | 31.3 |
| 10. Minor Export Crops | 85.4 | 856.9 | 29.1 | 14.3 | 957.1 | 122.2 | 93.6 | 336.1 | 1,509.0 | 269.8 | 286.4 | 86.9 | - | 865.9 | - |
| 11. Plantation Development | 468.1 | 1,181.6 | - | 286.0 | 1,363.7 | - | - | - | 1,363.7 | - | - | - | 1,363.7 | - | - |
| 12. Firewood and Forestry | 17.8 | 1,778.9 | - | - | 1,796.7 | - | - | 369.3 | 2,166.0 | 806.9 | 1,283.8 | 70.1 | - | 5.2 | - |
| 13. Livestock | 1,028.2 | 1,946.5 | - | - | 2,974.7 | - | - | 1,408.1 | 4,382.8 | 1,889.8 | 2,448.5 | 30.1 | - | 2.1 | 12.3 |
| 14. Fisheries | 1,503.9 | 3,771.5 | 21.4 | 27.0 | 5,269.8 | 767.9 | 15.4 | 2,512.8 | 8,565.9 | 416.8 | 7,566.3 | 4.4 | - | 556.2 | 22.2 |
| 15. Miscellaneous Agricultural Products | 152.0 | 638.0 | - | - | 790.0 | - | - | 271.3 | 1,061.3 | 562.5 | 498.8 | - | - | - | - |
| Grand Total | 10,286.1 | 43,482.8 | 50.7 | 359.9 | 53,459.7 | 5,223.8 | 512.2 | 18,630.5 | 77,826.2 | 19,542.0 | 52,303.0 | 1,567.5 | 1,363.7 | 2,265.9 | 784.1 |

Notes : (1) The term of " Valuation on Adjustments " refers to distribution margin.

(2) Value added on items 6,7,8,9 and 10 are different from those given in table 4 as the exports of these items are also taken into account in this table. In table 4 the exports of these items are taken under Minor Export Crops.

(3) Plantation development (11) refers to new planting and re-planting of Tea, Rubber and Coconut by the private sector. Contribution by the government sector is included under construction in the main GDP table.

(4) Miscellaneous agricultural products (15) covers those commodities that are not estimated due to lack of data and is taken as 1.5% of items 1-14.

(5) Above data based on Ad-hoc inquiries, surveys and censuses etc.

(6) Value added refers to factor cost. Hence, differs from value added at producer prices.

TABLE 13 - SUPPLY AND DISPOSITION OF AGRICULTURAL SECTOR COMMODITIES AT CURRENT PRICES - 1988

(Rs. Million)

| Commodity Group | Supply Of Commodities | | | | | | | Disposition Of Commodities | | | | | | | |
|---|-----------------------|----------------------------|---------------------|---------|--------------|--------------|-------------|----------------------------|------------------------------|--------------------------|-----------------------------|------------------|--|---------------------|---------|
| | Inputs | Value Added at Factor Cost | Taxes and Subsidies | | Gross Output | Imports | | Valuation Adjustment | Total Supply and Disposition | Intermediate Consumption | Household Final Consumption | Change in Stocks | Gross Domestic Fixed Capital Formation | Export F.O.B. Value | Wastage |
| | | | Tax | Subsidy | | C.I.F. Value | Import Duty | | | | | | | | |
| 01. Tea | 1,352.3 | 5,437.3 | - | - | 6,789.6 | - | - | - | 6,789.6 | 6,789.6 | - | - | - | - | - |
| 02. Rubber | 292.5 | 2,310.9 | - | - | 2,603.4 | - | - | - | 2,603.4 | 2,603.4 | - | - | - | - | - |
| 03. Coconut and Toddy | 1,075.7 | 6,017.9 | 0.8 | - | 7,094.4 | - | - | 759.1 | 7,853.5 | 1,766.5 | 5,858.0 | 158.6 | - | 70.4 | - |
| 04. Paddy | 2,544.3 | 7,916.1 | - | 0.1 | 10,460.3 | 2,266.7 | 256.2 | 3,008.9 | 15,992.1 | 1,247.2 | 12,737.0 | 1,171.3 | - | - | 836.6 |
| 05. Tobacco | 63.3 | 230.9 | - | - | 294.2 | 77.9 | 13.7 | 81.3 | 467.1 | 354.5 | 30.8 | 18.6 | - | 63.2 | - |
| 06. Betel and Arecanuts | 23.1 | 799.0 | - | - | 822.1 | - | - | 605.4 | 1,427.5 | 22.0 | 1,269.3 | 5.0 | - | 118.6 | 12.6 |
| 07. Vegetables | 1,846.6 | 7,385.8 | - | - | 9,232.4 | 2.1 | 0.4 | 3,945.5 | 13,180.4 | 1,185.8 | 11,861.7 | - | - | 85.5 | 47.3 |
| 08. Fruits | 139.2 | 744.4 | - | - | 783.6 | 27.6 | 1.4 | 348.8 | 1,161.4 | 140.3 | 743.6 | 14.0 | - | 242.5 | 21.0 |
| 09. Highland Crops | 1,356.3 | 7,643.0 | - | 6.8 | 9,042.5 | 3,753.3 | 508.6 | 6,410.9 | 19,715.3 | 4,815.1 | 14,082.2 | 0.6 | - | 604.6 | 212.8 |
| 10. Minor Export Crops | 124.1 | 1,357.9 | 0.1 | 14.9 | 1,467.2 | 200.2 | 123.1 | 530.1 | 2,320.6 | 80.8 | 774.9 | 130.6 | - | 1,334.3 | - |
| 11. Plantation Development | 684.5 | 1,539.6 | - | 230.5 | 1,993.6 | - | - | - | 1,993.6 | - | - | - | 1,993.6 | - | - |
| 12. Firewood and Forestry | 11.8 | 1,998.2 | - | - | 2,010.0 | - | - | 452.2 | 2,462.2 | 849.8 | 1,561.5 | 46.4 | - | 4.5 | - |
| 13. Livestock | 871.8 | 2,399.8 | - | - | 3,271.6 | - | - | 1,615.5 | 4,887.1 | 2,093.8 | 2,700.2 | 31.5 | - | 47.8 | 13.8 |
| 14. Fisheries | 1,865.5 | 4,777.2 | - | 37.0 | 6,605.6 | 946.0 | 21.8 | 2,568.2 | 10,141.7 | 528.0 | 8,818.9 | 14.6 | - | 752.1 | 28.1 |
| 15. Miscellaneous Agricultural Products | 190.5 | 754.8 | - | - | 945.3 | - | - | 324.6 | 1,269.9 | 673.1 | 596.8 | - | - | - | - |
| Grand Total | 12,341.5 | 51,362.8 | 0.9 | 289.3 | 63,415.9 | 7,273.8 | 925.2 | 20,450.5 | 92,265.4 | 23,149.9 | 61,034.9 | 1,591.2 | 1,993.6 | 3,323.5 | 1,172.3 |

Notes: (1) The term of "Valuation on Adjustments" refers to distribution margin.

(2) Value added on items 6,7,8,9 and 10 are different from those given in table 4 as the exports of these items are also taken into account in this table. In table 4 the exports of these items are taken under Minor Export Crops.

(3) Plantation development (11) refers to new planting and re-planting of Tea, Rubber and Coconut by the private sector. Contribution by the government sector is included under construction in the main GDP table.

(4) Miscellaneous agricultural products (15) covers those commodities that are not estimated due to lack of data and is taken as 1.5% of items 1-14.

(5) Above data based on Ad-hoc inquiries, surveys and censuses etc.

(6) Value added refers to factor cost. Hence, differs from value added at producer prices.

TABLE 14 - SUPPLY AND DISPOSITION OF AGRICULTURAL SECTOR COMMODITIES AT CURRENT PRICES - 1989

(Rs.Million)

| Commodity Group | Supply Of Commodities | | | | | | Disposition Of Commodities | | | | | | | | |
|---|-----------------------|----------------------------|---------------------|---------|--------------|--------------|----------------------------|----------------------|------------------------------|--------------------------|-----------------------------|------------------|--|---------------------|---------|
| | Inputs | Value Added at Factor Cost | Taxes and Subsidies | | Gross Output | Imports | | Valuation Adjustment | Total Supply and Disposition | Intermediate Consumption | Household Final Consumption | Change in Stocks | Gross Domestic Fixed Capital Formation | Export F.O.B. Value | Wastage |
| | | | Tax | Subsidy | | C.I.F. Value | Imports Duty | | | | | | | | |
| 01. Tea | 1,204.7 | 6,703.7 | - | - | 7,908.4 | - | - | - | 7,908.4 | 7,908.4 | - | - | - | - | - |
| 02. Rubber | 332.1 | 1,605.1 | - | - | 1,937.2 | - | - | - | 1,937.2 | 1,937.2 | - | - | - | - | - |
| 03. Coconut and Toddy | 782.7 | 6,130.5 | 0.9 | - | 6,914.1 | - | - | 835.0 | 7,749.1 | 2,697.2 | 4,775.7 | 208.0 | - | 68.2 | - |
| 04. Paddy | 2,899.4 | 8,762.2 | - | - | 11,661.6 | - | - | 3,459.3 | 15,120.9 | 1,585.6 | 12,507.7 | 448.8 | - | - | 578.8 |
| 05. Tobacco | 70.2 | 285.2 | - | - | 355.4 | 60.0 | 3.6 | 90.0 | 509.0 | 377.0 | 33.6 | 19.8 | - | 78.6 | - |
| 06. Betel and Arecanuts | 29.3 | 874.7 | - | - | 904.0 | - | - | 731.6 | 1,635.6 | 19.1 | 1,482.5 | 4.4 | - | 109.9 | 19.7 |
| 07. Vegetables | 2,004.5 | 8,109.1 | - | - | 10,113.6 | 119.0 | 43.7 | 4,375.0 | 14,651.3 | 1,285.1 | 13,086.9 | - | - | 227.9 | 51.4 |
| 08. Fruits | 58.8 | 860.2 | - | - | 919.0 | 37.6 | 5.0 | 366.9 | 1,328.5 | 151.0 | 816.8 | 15.1 | - | 323.0 | 22.6 |
| 09. Highland Crops | 1,677.8 | 9,515.2 | 0.0 | 7.7 | 11,185.3 | 3,467.6 | 610.4 | 6,840.4 | 22,103.7 | 5,354.3 | 16,322.9 | 1.0 | - | 257.6 | 167.9 |
| 10. Minor Export Crops | 142.4 | 1,403.8 | 0.1 | 19.7 | 1,526.6 | 179.3 | 79.5 | 549.5 | 2,334.9 | 64.7 | 722.1 | 129.2 | - | 1,418.9 | - |
| 11. Plantation Development | 790.5 | 1,817.6 | - | 214.3 | 2,393.8 | - | - | - | 2,393.8 | - | - | - | 2,393.8 | - | - |
| 12. Firewood and Forestry | 13.3 | 2,508.1 | - | - | 2,521.4 | - | - | 595.3 | 3,116.7 | 1,069.0 | 1,993.4 | 53.1 | - | 1.2 | - |
| 13. Livestock | 1,126.3 | 2,784.2 | - | - | 3,910.5 | - | - | 1,921.7 | 5,832.2 | 2,460.2 | 3,269.3 | 36.5 | - | 49.9 | 16.3 |
| 14. Fisheries | 2,428.0 | 4,809.1 | - | 13.9 | 7,223.2 | 996.7 | 32.8 | 2,184.9 | 10,437.6 | 571.0 | 9,052.5 | 18.1 | - | 757.2 | 38.8 |
| 15. Miscellaneous Agricultural Products | 203.4 | 859.9 | - | - | 1,063.3 | - | - | 329.1 | 1,392.4 | 738.0 | 654.4 | - | - | - | - |
| Grand Total | 13,763.4 | 57,028.6 | 1.0 | 255.6 | 70,537.4 | 4,860.2 | 775.0 | 22,278.7 | 98,451.3 | 26,217.8 | 64,717.8 | 934.0 | 2,393.8 | 3,292.4 | 895.5 |

Notes: (1) The term of "Valuation on Adjustments" refers to distribution margin.

(2) Value added on items 6,7,8,9 and 10 are different from those given in table 4 as the exports of these items are also taken into account in this table. In table 4 the exports of these items are taken under Minor Export Crops.

(3) Plantation development (11) refers to new planting and re-planting of Tea, Rubber and Coconut by the private sector. Contribution by the government sector is included under construction in the main GDP table.

(4) Miscellaneous agricultural products (15) covers those commodities that are not estimated due to lack of data and is taken as 1.5% of items 1-14.

(5) Above data based on Ad-hoc inquiries, surveys and censuses etc.

(6) Value added refers to factor cost. Hence, differs from value added at producer prices.

TABLE 15 - GROSS DOMESTIC PRODUCT (VALUE ADDED) IN MANUFACTURING CLASSIFIED BY
PRODUCT GROUPS AT CURRENT PRICES

| Product Group | (Rs. Million) | | | | | |
|---|---------------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|
| | 1984 | 1985 | 1986 | 1987 | 1988 | 1989 |
| 01. Manufacture of Food, Beverages and Tobacco | 15,110.0 | 14,026.5 | 14,857.0 | 16,444.3 | 19,347.2 | 22,388.7 |
| 02. Textile, Wearing apparel and Leather Industries | 3,092.5 | 4,097.5 | 4,310.1 | 5,678.9 | 6,716.4 | 7,977.9 |
| 03. Manufacture of Wood and Wood Products including Furniture | 448.2 | 663.0 | 620.7 | 644.0 | 649.8 | 635.3 |
| 04. Manufacture of Paper and Paper Products Printing and Publishing | 169.1 | 443.8 | 231.5 | 329.4 | 311.3 | 235.1 |
| 05. Manufacture of Chemicals, Petroleum, Coal, Rubber and Plastic Products | 2,649.9 | 2,280.3 | 2,100.8 | 3,034.9 | 3,281.8 | 4,256.5 |
| 06. Manufacture of Non-Metallic Mineral Products, except products of Petroleum and Coal | 651.2 | 1,238.0 | 1,161.4 | 611.6 | 946.5 | 1,739.2 |
| 07. Basic Metal Industries | 54.6 | 95.9 | 117.1 | 74.7 | 165.8 | 204.7 |
| 08. Manufacture of Fabricated Metal Products, Machinery and Equipment | 867.7 | 1,881.1 | 2,020.6 | 1,293.3 | 1,950.5 | 2,192.9 |
| 09. Other Manufacturing Industries | 1,257.8 | 1,453.8 | 1,494.2 | 1,590.2 | 1,482.8 | 1,784.7 |
| Value Added at Producer Prices | 24,301.0 | 26,179.9 | 26,913.4 | 29,701.3 | 34,852.1 | 41,414.7 |

TABLE 16 - FOREIGN AID PLEDGED UNDER INDUSTRIAL CATEGORIES

(Rs.Million)

| Activities | 1986 | | | | 1987 | | | | 1988 | | | | 1989 | | | |
|--|---------|-------|---------|-------|---------|-------|---------|-------|---------|-------|---------|-------|---------|-------|--------|-------|
| | Loans | % | Grants | % | Loans | % | Grants | % | Loans | % | Grants | % | Loans | % | Grants | % |
| 01. Agriculture, Hunting, Forestry and Fishing | 1,179.6 | 14.0 | 504.3 | 12.0 | 1,607.6 | 20.0 | 779.4 | 17.0 | 1,887.1 | 20.0 | 2,314.8 | 33.0 | 1,564.0 | 19.9 | 1275.0 | 18.0 |
| 02. Mining and Quarrying | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 |
| 03. Manufacturing | 821.1 | 10.0 | 42.4 | 1.0 | 946.3 | 12.0 | 34.5 | 1.0 | 536.4 | 6.0 | 32.8 | 0.0 | 981.0 | 9.9 | 38.0 | 0.5 |
| 04. Electricity, Gas, Water and Sanitary Services | 992.3 | 12.0 | 887.7 | 22.0 | 1,019.2 | 13.0 | 701.9 | 16.0 | 1,951.4 | 20.0 | 599.6 | 9.0 | 1,710.0 | 17.3 | 349.0 | 4.9 |
| 05. Construction | 3,398.6 | 40.0 | 724.4 | 18.0 | 2,710.3 | 34.0 | 224.6 | 5.0 | 2,739.4 | 29.0 | 552.0 | 8.0 | 1,688.0 | 17.1 | 362.0 | 5.1 |
| 06. Wholesale and Retail Trade, Restaurants and Hotels | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.9 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 |
| 07. Transport and Communication | 1,812.5 | 22.0 | 329.8 | 8.0 | 943.4 | 12.0 | 319.6 | 7.0 | 1,833.5 | 19.0 | 417.4 | 6.0 | 1,852.0 | 18.7 | 712.0 | 10.0 |
| 08. Finance, Insurance, Real Estates and Business Services | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 |
| 09. Community, Social and Personal Services | 209.9 | 2.0 | 1,000.9 | 24.0 | 707.3 | 9.0 | 2,267.5 | 50.0 | 590.9 | 6.0 | 2,846.4 | 41.0 | 1,689.0 | 17.1 | 4332.0 | 61.0 |
| 10. Private Services | 0.0 | 0.0 | 623.2 | 15.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 197.9 | 4.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 179.0 | 3.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 32.0 | 0.5 |
| TOTAL | 8,414.0 | 100.0 | 4,113.6 | 100.0 | 7,934.1 | 100.0 | 4,525.4 | 100.0 | 9,538.7 | 100.0 | 6,942.0 | 100.0 | 9,884.0 | 100.0 | 7100.0 | 100.0 |

Note: All foreign loans and grants received are classified broadly as far as possible in accordance with the International Standard Industrial Classification, but due to lack of detail data the above figures are subjected to limitations. Project loans and commodity loans such as industrial raw materials, agricultural inputs, and fertilizers for food production are included. Loans and grants for food aid, debt relief, drought relief, imports and exports and balance of payments support are excluded.

Source: External Resources Department.
Department of Census and Statistics.

TABLE 17 - FOREIGN AID UTILIZED UNDER INDUSTRIAL CATEGORIES

(Rs. Million)

| Activities | 1986 | | | | 1987 | | | | 1988 | | | | 1989 | | | |
|--|---------|-------|---------|-------|---------|-------|---------|-------|----------|-------|---------|-------|----------|-------|--------|-------|
| | Loans | % | Grants | % | Loans | % | Grants | % | Loans | % | Grants | % | Loans | % | Grants | % |
| 01. Agriculture, Hunting, Forestry and Fishing | 1,257.8 | 13.0 | 450.3 | 12.0 | 1,303.7 | 15.0 | 795.0 | 17.0 | 2,503.0 | 23.0 | 1,490.8 | 33.0 | 1,918.0 | 17.6 | 1028.3 | 18.0 |
| 02. Mining and Quarrying | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 |
| 03. Manufacturing | 545.3 | 6.0 | 37.5 | 1.0 | 1,268.2 | 14.0 | 46.8 | 1.0 | 579.6 | 5.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 750.0 | 6.9 | 57.1 | 1.0 |
| 04. Electricity, Gas, Water and Sanitary Services | 624.3 | 6.0 | 825.6 | 22.0 | 1,168.5 | 13.0 | 748.3 | 16.0 | 3,395.4 | 31.0 | 406.6 | 9.0 | 2,356.0 | 21.6 | 285.6 | 5.0 |
| 05. Construction | 4,354.5 | 44.0 | 675.5 | 18.0 | 3,406.5 | 38.0 | 233.8 | 5.0 | 632.7 | 6.0 | 361.4 | 8.0 | 2,296.0 | 21.1 | 285.6 | 5.0 |
| 06. Wholesale and Retail Trade, Restaurants and Hotels | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 |
| 07. Transport and Communication | 2,658.3 | 27.0 | 300.2 | 8.0 | 1,208.5 | 14.0 | 327.4 | 7.0 | 2,210.3 | 20.0 | 271.0 | 6.0 | 1,855.0 | 17.0 | 571.3 | 10.0 |
| 08. Finance, Insurance, Real Estates and Business Services | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 |
| 09. Community, Social and Personal Services | 376.0 | 4.0 | 900.7 | 24.0 | 500.0 | 6.0 | 2,338.4 | 50.0 | 1,636.5 | 15.0 | 1,852.2 | 41.0 | 1,462.0 | 13.4 | 3484.6 | 61.0 |
| 10. Private Services | 0.0 | 0.0 | 562.9 | 15.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 187.1 | 4.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 135.5 | 3.0 | 258.0 | 2.4 | 0 | 0.0 |
| TOTAL | 9,816.2 | 100.0 | 3,752.7 | 100.0 | 8,855.4 | 100.0 | 4,678.8 | 100.0 | 10,957.5 | 100.0 | 4,517.5 | 100.0 | 10,895.0 | 100.0 | 5712.5 | 100.0 |

Note: All foreign loans and grants actually utilized by Sri Lanka are classified broadly as far as possible in accordance with the International Standard Industrial Classification, but due to lack of detail data the above figures are subjected to limitations. Project loans and commodity loans such as industrial raw materials, agricultural inputs and fertilizer for food production are included. Loans such as food aid, debt relief, imports and exports and balance of payments support are excluded, but these items are included in grants. The data on grants have been computed on a hypothetical basis using the percentage on grants pledged, due to inconsistency in figures from the above sources.

Source: Central Bank of Sri Lanka
External Resources Department
Department of Census and Statistics

TABLE 18 - DISTRIBUTION OF GROSS NATIONAL INCOME

| ITEM | (Rs. Million) | | | | | |
|--|---------------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|
| | 1984 | 1985 | 1986 | 1987 | 1988 | 1989 |
| 01. Compensation of employees | 64,264.9 | 70,748.3 | 78,740.8 | 86,387.9 | 98,695.8 | 110,032.7 |
| (a) General government | 8,236.9 | 9,243.6 | 11,124.2 | 12,708.2 | 15,914.8 | 19,674.5 |
| (b) Private sector | 56,028.0 | 61,504.6 | 67,616.6 | 73,679.7 | 82,781.0 | 90,358.2 |
| 02. Income from un-incorporated enterprises† | 35,910.0 | 36,200.6 | 44,446.8 | 48,437.5 | 65,829.3 | 81,794.1 |
| 03. Income from property | 10,694.2 | 11,649.6 | 10,042.4 | 10,871.5 | 10,834.7 | 5,878.7 |
| (a) Rent | 2,857.4 | 3,207.6 | 3,318.4 | 3,405.5 | 3,560.7 | 3,694.7 |
| (b) Interest and dividends | 7,836.8 | 8,442.0 | 6,724.0 | 7,466.0 | 7,274.0 | 2,184.0 |
| 04. Saving of corporations | 4,391.1 | 5,092.5 | 4,165.4 | 3,944.0 | 3,841.0 | 1,277.9 |
| 05. Direct taxes on corporations | 3,720.3 | 4,166.0 | 3,274.1 | 3,328.9 | 3,182.7 | 5,286.1 |
| 06. General government income | 1,860.3 | 3,980.2 | 3,581.5 | 3,929.9 | 2,650.1 | 2,242.7 |
| 07. Gross National Income at factor cost | 120,840.8 | 131,837.2 | 144,251.0 | 156,899.7 | 185,266.5 | 206,512.2 |
| 08. Add: Net indirect taxes | 23,101.8 | 22,481.2 | 24,318.4 | 27,222.9 | 28,241.6 | 35,811.7 |
| 09. GROSS NATIONAL INCOME AT CURRENT MARKET PRICES | 143,942.6 | 154,318.4 | 168,569.4 | 184,122.6 | 213,508.1 | 242,323.9 |

TABLE 19 - PRIVATE CONSUMPTION EXPENDITURE BY OBJECT AT CURRENT PRICES

| Object of expenditure | (Rs. Million) | | | | | | | | | | | |
|---|---------------|-------|-----------|-------|-----------|-------|-----------|-------|-----------|-------|-----------|-------|
| | 1975 | % | 1985 | % | 1986 | % | 1987 | % | 1988 | % | 1989 | % |
| 1. Food | 13,723.5 | 63.3 | 52,456.8 | 44.4 | 57,307.4 | 43.8 | 65,470.2 | 47.2 | 75,408.6 | 46.2 | 92,074.4 | 49.9 |
| 2. Beverages | 653.5 | 3.0 | 4,124.6 | 3.5 | 4,100.1 | 3.1 | 4,274.3 | 3.1 | 4,867.2 | 3.0 | 4,814.2 | 2.6 |
| 3. Tobacco | 1,098.5 | 5.1 | 7,612.8 | 6.4 | 7,832.9 | 6.0 | 5,540.3 | 4.0 | 9,459.7 | 5.8 | 10,752.8 | 5.8 |
| 4. Clothing and Footwear | 1,615.3 | 7.5 | 8,043.7 | 6.8 | 9,172.3 | 7.0 | 10,999.3 | 7.9 | 12,562.8 | 7.7 | 11,528.7 | 6.3 |
| 5. Rent | 699.7 | 3.2 | 3,192.7 | 2.7 | 3,304.0 | 2.5 | 3,402.1 | 2.5 | 3,559.3 | 2.2 | 3,559.4 | 1.9 |
| 6. Fuel and light | 346.9 | 1.6 | 3,516.6 | 3.0 | 3,729.3 | 2.9 | 3,904.8 | 2.8 | 4,614.1 | 2.8 | 5,057.8 | 2.7 |
| 7. Furniture | 366.1 | 1.7 | 3,459.4 | 2.9 | 3,710.6 | 2.8 | 4,102.0 | 3.0 | 4,299.4 | 2.6 | 5,671.8 | 3.1 |
| 8. Household operation | 325.5 | 1.5 | 1,852.8 | 1.6 | 1,999.9 | 1.5 | 1,873.1 | 1.3 | 3,313.7 | 2.0 | 2,738.1 | 1.5 |
| 9. Medical care and health services | 309.5 | 1.4 | 1,829.4 | 1.5 | 2,596.8 | 2.0 | 2,544.0 | 1.8 | 2,865.1 | 1.8 | 2,205.4 | 1.2 |
| 10. Transport and communication | 1,228.9 | 5.7 | 18,715.3 | 15.8 | 19,958.7 | 15.3 | 21,008.0 | 15.1 | 24,096.6 | 14.8 | 26,166.5 | 14.2 |
| 11. Recreation and entertainment | 689.1 | 3.2 | 5,494.1 | 4.7 | 5,411.1 | 4.1 | 6,187.2 | 4.5 | 6,695.3 | 4.1 | 6,766.2 | 3.7 |
| 12. Miscellaneous services | 812.0 | 3.7 | 3,475.9 | 2.9 | 5,496.5 | 4.2 | 5,098.8 | 3.7 | 6,752.4 | 4.1 | 7,836.1 | 4.3 |
| 13. Expenditure abroad of residents | 60.0 | 0.3 | 7,467.8 | 6.3 | 9,315.6 | 7.1 | 8,128.0 | 5.9 | 8,616.5 | 5.3 | 9,863.2 | 5.3 |
| 14. Less: Expenditure of non-residents | 250.0 | 1.2 | 3,141.0 | 2.7 | 3,207.5 | 2.5 | 3,778.4 | 2.7 | 4,018.5 | 2.5 | 4,655.9 | 2.5 |
| 15 Private consumption expenditure: Total | 21,478.5 | 100.0 | 118,100.9 | 100.0 | 130,727.7 | 100.0 | 138,753.7 | 100.0 | 163,092.2 | 100.0 | 184,378.7 | 100.0 |

TABLE 20 - PRIVATE CONSUMPTION EXPENDITURE BY OBJECT AT CONSTANT (1975) PRICES

(Rs. Million)

| Object of expenditure | 1975 | % | 1985 | % | 1986 | % | 1987 | % | 1988 | % | 1989 | % |
|---|----------|-------|----------|-------|----------|-------|----------|-------|----------|-------|----------|-------|
| 1. Food | 13,723.5 | 63.3 | 16,001.4 | 38.1 | 16,137.7 | 36.5 | 17,639.0 | 39.7 | 17,846.0 | 38.0 | 18,494.6 | 38.5 |
| 2. Beverages | 653.5 | 3.0 | 1,233.6 | 2.9 | 978.9 | 2.2 | 999.5 | 2.2 | 1,070.5 | 2.3 | 955.6 | 2.0 |
| 3. Tobacco | 1,098.5 | 5.1 | 1,482.9 | 3.5 | 1,495.3 | 3.4 | 1,049.8 | 2.4 | 1,316.1 | 2.8 | 1,157.8 | 2.4 |
| 4. Clothing and Footwear | 1,615.3 | 7.5 | 4,628.1 | 11.0 | 4,691.7 | 10.6 | 4,877.7 | 11.0 | 4,971.0 | 10.6 | 3,937.9 | 8.2 |
| 5. Rent | 699.7 | 3.2 | 752.5 | 1.8 | 767.6 | 1.7 | 749.4 | 1.7 | 759.7 | 1.6 | 768.9 | 1.6 |
| 6. Fuel and light | 346.9 | 1.6 | 772.0 | 1.8 | 814.3 | 1.8 | 840.4 | 1.9 | 891.6 | 1.9 | 887.8 | 1.8 |
| 7. Furniture | 366.1 | 1.7 | 1,199.9 | 2.9 | 1,222.6 | 2.8 | 1,330.1 | 3.0 | 1,417.9 | 3.0 | 1,698.8 | 3.5 |
| 8. Household operation | 325.5 | 1.5 | 677.7 | 1.6 | 639.6 | 1.4 | 552.0 | 1.2 | 666.5 | 1.4 | 441.3 | 0.9 |
| 9. Medical care and health services | 309.5 | 1.4 | 669.1 | 1.6 | 830.4 | 1.9 | 749.8 | 1.7 | 740.0 | 1.6 | 491.8 | 1.0 |
| 10. Transport and communication | 1,228.9 | 5.7 | 5,223.4 | 12.4 | 5,255.0 | 11.9 | 5,531.3 | 12.4 | 6,344.5 | 13.5 | 7,166.9 | 14.9 |
| 11. Recreation and entertainment | 689.1 | 3.2 | 1,544.7 | 3.7 | 1,311.8 | 3.0 | 1,494.5 | 3.4 | 1,583.0 | 3.4 | 1,617.2 | 3.4 |
| 12. Miscellaneous services | 812.0 | 3.7 | 1,271.4 | 3.0 | 1,757.8 | 4.0 | 1,502.7 | 3.4 | 1,566.0 | 3.3 | 1,515.1 | 3.2 |
| 13. Expenditure abroad of residents | 60.0 | 0.3 | 7,467.8 | 17.8 | 9,315.6 | 21.1 | 8,128.0 | 18.3 | 8,616.5 | 18.4 | 9,863.2 | 20.5 |
| 14. Less: Expenditure of non-residents | 250.0 | 1.2 | 939.0 | 2.2 | 1,026.4 | 2.3 | 1,016.0 | 2.3 | 883.2 | 1.9 | 978.8 | 2.0 |
| 15 Private consumption expenditure: Total | 21,678.5 | 100.0 | 41,985.5 | 100.0 | 44,191.9 | 100.0 | 44,428.2 | 100.0 | 46,906.1 | 100.0 | 48,018.1 | 100.0 |

TABLE 21 - A SUPPLEMENTARY ANALYSIS OF PRIVATE CONSUMPTION EXPENDITURE
BY DETAILED CONSUMPTION CATEGORY

Rs. Million

| I.C.P. CODE | Description of consumption category | 1986 | 1987 | 1988 | 1989 |
|-------------|--|----------|----------|----------|----------|
| 01 | Food, beverages and tobacco | | | | |
| 01.1 | Food | 57,577.3 | 65,533.5 | 75,434.2 | 92,099.2 |
| 01.10 | Bread and cereals | 20,543.7 | 20,545.4 | 23,470.5 | 25,290.5 |
| 01.101 | Rice | 10,891.3 | 10,410.4 | 12,718.8 | 13,772.7 |
| 01.102 | Maize meal and flour of wheat, barley and other cereals | 5,055.4 | 5,185.9 | 5,634.9 | 6,483.3 |
| 01.103 | Bread | 2,036.4 | 2,074.2 | 2,099.6 | 2,099.6 |
| 01.104 | Biscuits etc. | 780.0 | 664.4 | 678.0 | 1,195.2 |
| 01.105 | Cereal preparations | 889.0 | 1,209.8 | 1,627.2 | 1,287.5 |
| 01.106 | Macaroni etc. | 891.6 | 1,000.7 | 712.0 | 452.2 |
| 01.11 | Meat | 1,509.6 | 1,536.2 | 1,968.6 | 2,939.4 |
| 01.111 | Fresh beef and veal | 695.9 | 758.7 | 849.5 | 1,017.0 |
| 01.112 | Fresh lamb and mutton | 194.6 | 217.5 | 243.3 | 272.6 |
| 01.113 | Fresh pork | 144.6 | 157.3 | 158.1 | 178.6 |
| 01.114 | Fresh poultry | 173.3 | 201.3 | 216.8 | 253.8 |
| 01.115 | Other fresh meat | 6.2 | 10.7 | 17.8 | 19.4 |
| 01.116 | Frozen, chilled, dried meat etc. | 295.0 | 190.7 | 483.1 | 1,198.0 |
| 01.12 | Fish | 6,523.0 | 8,877.4 | 9,074.3 | 9,560.5 |
| 01.121 | Fresh or frozen fish | 4,540.5 | 6,522.4 | 6,524.2 | 6,539.8 |
| 01.122 | Canned and preserved fish and other sea food | 1,982.5 | 2,355.0 | 2,550.1 | 3,020.7 |
| 01.13 | Milk, cheese and eggs | 3,513.5 | 3,640.7 | 4,057.6 | 6,282.2 |
| 01.131 | Fresh milk | 669.5 | 786.5 | 869.9 | 1,148.4 |
| 01.132 | Milk products | 2,478.8 | 2,505.6 | 2,795.3 | 4,651.9 |
| 01.133 | Eggs | 365.2 | 348.6 | 392.4 | 481.9 |
| 01.14 | Oils and fats | 764.9 | 1,012.6 | 1,694.1 | 6,068.7 |
| 01.141 | Butter | 339.2 | 202.2 | 235.9 | 842.5 |
| 01.142 | Margarine, coconut oil etc. | 388.2 | 706.0 | 1,358.3 | 1,051.2 |
| 01.143 | Lard | 37.5 | 104.4 | 99.9 | 4,175.0 |
| 01.15 | Fresh fruits and vegetables | 11,121.8 | 13,941.5 | 16,665.4 | 17,077.0 |
| 01.151 | Fresh fruits, tropical and subtropical [Including coconuts] | 2,672.7 | 4,601.0 | 6,554.9 | 5,438.2 |
| 01.152 | Fresh fruits, other | 62.9 | 84.0 | 102.0 | 89.4 |
| 01.153 | Fresh vegetables | 8,386.2 | 9,256.5 | 10,008.5 | 11,549.4 |
| 01.16 | Fruits and vegetables other than fresh | 1,788.5 | 1,451.0 | 1,557.5 | 528.1 |
| 01.161 | Dried frozen fruits etc. | 329.7 | 220.9 | 415.5 | 86.0 |
| 01.162 | Dried frozen vegetables | 1,458.8 | 1,230.1 | 1,142.0 | 442.1 |

TABLE 21 - A SUPPLEMENTARY ANALYSIS OF PRIVATE CONSUMPTION EXPENDITURE
BY DETAILED CONSUMPTION CATEGORY- (CONTD.)

Rs.Million

| I.C.P. CODE | Description of consumption category | 1986 | 1987 | 1988 | 1989 |
|-------------|--|----------|----------|----------|-----------|
| 01.17 | Potatoes,manioc and other tubers | 2,575.0 | 3,996.2 | 3,917.2 | 4,662.6 |
| 01.18 | Sugar and sugar cane | 3,441.1 | 3,439.1 | 3,731.1 | 10,238.2 |
| 01.19 | Coffee,tea,cocoa | 2,210.5 | 2,465.4 | 2,244.4 | 2,568.1 |
| 01.191 | Coffee | 455.0 | 598.6 | 311.5 | 300.9 |
| 01.192 | Tea | 1,755.1 | 1,862.2 | 1,930.8 | 2,263.4 |
| 01.193 | Cocoa | 0.4 | 4.6 | 2.1 | 3.8 |
| 01.20 | Other foods | 3,585.7 | 4,628.0 | 7,053.5 | 6,883.9 |
| 01.201 | Jams,preserves,etc. | 204.7 | 117.6 | 680.9 | 600.7 |
| 01.202 | Chocolate etc. | 147.8 | 83.8 | 487.5 | 431.5 |
| 01.203 | Salt,spices etc.[Corriander,pepper, saffron,chillies etc.] | 3,233.2 | 4,426.6 | 5,885.1 | 5,851.7 |
| 01.3 | Beverages | 4,119.3 | 4,278.8 | 4,869.0 | 4,816.2 |
| 01.31 | Non-alcoholic beverages | 331.8 | 347.1 | 697.6 | 854.3 |
| 01.32 | Alcoholic beverages | 3,787.5 | 3,931.7 | 4,171.4 | 3,961.9 |
| 01.321 | Spirits | 3,374.8 | 3,572.1 | 3,436.3 | 3,471.9 |
| 01.322 | Wine and cider | 351.2 | 89.0 | 441.7 | 276.4 |
| 01.333 | Beer | 61.5 | 270.6 | 293.4 | 213.6 |
| 01.4 | Tobacco | 7,861.2 | 5,546.9 | 9,462.4 | 10,755.4 |
| 01.41 | Cigarettes | 6,261.1 | 3,843.7 | 7,526.5 | 8,382.3 |
| 01.42 | Other[Cigars,tobacco,snuff etc.] | 1,600.1 | 1,703.2 | 1,935.9 | 2,373.1 |
| | Total [Food,beverages and tobacco] | 69,557.8 | 75,359.2 | 89,765.6 | 107,670.8 |
| 02 | Clothing and footwear | | | | |
| 02.1 | Clothing other than footwear including repairs | 8,676.7 | 10,405.6 | 11,775.9 | 10,736.6 |
| 02.11 | Materials for clothing | 7,471.0 | 9,433.2 | 10,850.4 | 9,514.0 |
| 02.111 | Woolen materials and synthetic fibre materials of woollen character | 724.6 | 768.0 | 804.8 | 826.3 |
| 02.112 | Cotton and synthetic materials of cotton character | 3,382.1 | 4,805.9 | 5,239.0 | 4,759.0 |
| 02.113 | Other materials | 3,364.3 | 3,859.3 | 4,806.6 | 3,928.7 |
| 02.12 | Outer clothing including leather | | | | |
| 02.13 | Hosiery,underwear and night wear | | | | |
| 02.15 | Other | 1,205.7 | 972.4 | 925.5 | 1,222.6 |

TABLE 21 - A SUPPLEMENTARY ANALYSIS OF PRIVATE CONSUMPTION EXPENDITURE
BY DETAILED CONSUMPTION CATEGORY- (CONTD.)

Rs.Million

| I.C.P. CODE | Description of consumption category | 1986 | 1987 | 1988 | 1989 |
|-------------|---|---------|----------|----------|----------|
| 02.2 | Footwear including repairs | 529.2 | 601.6 | 790.1 | 795.2 |
| 02.21 | Footwear | 515.8 | 582.3 | 771.4 | 780.6 |
| 02.22 | Repairs to footwear including shoe cleaning | 13.4 | 19.3 | 18.7 | 14.6 |
| | Total [Clothing and footwear] | 9,205.9 | 11,007.2 | 12,566.0 | 11,531.8 |
| 03 | Gross rent, fuel and power | | | | |
| 03.1 | Gross rent and water charges | 3,318.4 | 3,405.5 | 3,560.7 | 3,560.7 |
| 03.11 | Gross rent and water charges excluding indoor repairs and upkeep | 3,318.4 | 3,405.5 | 3,560.7 | 3,560.7 |
| 03.11H | Expenditure of household | 3,318.4 | 3,405.5 | 3,560.7 | 3,560.7 |
| 03.11G | Expenditure of government | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 |
| 03.2 | Fuel and power | 3,746.4 | 3,908.8 | 4,615.7 | 5,059.3 |
| 03.21 | Electricity | 866.0 | 971.8 | 1,333.3 | 1,329.4 |
| 03.22 | Gas | 182.3 | 219.8 | 270.0 | 270.0 |
| 03.23 | Liquid fuels | 1,405.3 | 1,433.4 | 1,450.9 | 1,466.5 |
| 03.24 | Other fuels and water charges | 1,292.8 | 1,283.8 | 1,561.5 | 1,993.4 |
| | Total [Gross rent, fuel and power] | 7,064.8 | 7,314.3 | 8,176.4 | 8,620.0 |
| 04 | Furniture, furnishing, household equipment and operations | 3,722.3 | 4,104.8 | 4,300.5 | 5,672.3 |
| 04.1 | Furniture, fixtures, carpets and other floor coverings | 749.8 | 857.0 | 918.7 | 1,289.9 |
| 04.11 | Furniture and fixtures | 706.6 | 784.1 | 842.2 | 1,228.4 |
| 04.12 | Floor coverings | 43.2 | 72.9 | 76.5 | 61.5 |
| 04.2 | Household textile and other furnishing | 77.5 | 167.4 | 183.8 | 117.9 |
| 04.3 | Heating and cooking appliances, refrigerators, washing machines and similar major household appliances including fittings | 663.8 | 926.9 | 1,022.6 | 950.5 |
| 04.31 | Refrigerators, freezers, cooking appliances | 211.9 | 290.0 | 292.3 | 216.6 |
| 04.32 | Washing appliances | 26.7 | 92.6 | 40.7 | 35.5 |
| 04.33 | Cooking appliances | 121.7 | 157.5 | 220.8 | 281.0 |
| 04.34 | Heating appliances other than cooking | 41.7 | 37.6 | 40.5 | 69.9 |
| 04.35 | Cleaning appliances other than cooking | 9.2 | 12.7 | 39.8 | 7.8 |
| 04.36 | Other major household appliances | 252.6 | 336.5 | 388.5 | 339.7 |

TABLE 21 - A SUPPLEMENTARY ANALYSIS OF PRIVATE CONSUMPTION EXPENDITURE
BY DETAILED CONSUMPTION CATEGORY--(CONTD.)

Rs. Million

| I.C.P. CODE | Description of consumption category | 1986 | 1987 | 1988 | 1989 |
|-------------|---|---------|---------|---------|---------|
| 04.4 | Glassware, tableware, household utensils | 2,231.2 | 2,153.5 | 2,175.4 | 3,314.0 |
| 04.5 | Household operations | 2,007.4 | 1,874.8 | 3,314.3 | 2,738.7 |
| 04.51 | Non durable household goods | 1,120.0 | 823.4 | 1,993.7 | 1,171.9 |
| 04.52 | Domestic services | 330.6 | 364.2 | 420.8 | 502.8 |
| 04.53 | Household services other than domestic | 556.8 | 687.2 | 899.8 | 1,064.0 |
| | Total [Furniture and household operations] | 5,729.7 | 5,979.6 | 7,614.8 | 8,411.0 |
| 05 | Medical care and health services | | | | |
| 05.1 | Medical and pharmaceutical products | 2,260.4 | 2,186.5 | 2,420.4 | 1,730.7 |
| 05.11 | Drugs and medical preparations | 2,185.6 | 2,126.3 | 2,381.6 | 1,671.0 |
| 05.11H | | 1,929.9 | 1,838.1 | 2,117.8 | 1,428.6 |
| 05.116 | | 255.7 | 288.2 | 263.8 | 242.4 |
| 05.12 | Medical supplies | 74.8 | 60.2 | 38.8 | 59.7 |
| 05.12H | | 3.5 | 4.4 | 0.7 | 5.2 |
| 05.126 | | 71.3 | 55.8 | 38.1 | 54.5 |
| 05.2 | Therapeutic appliances and equipment | 46.4 | 46.0 | 49.8 | 45.9 |
| 05.22H | | 35.3 | 29.0 | 37.7 | 29.9 |
| 05.226 | | 11.1 | 17.0 | 12.1 | 16.0 |
| 05.3 | Physicians, nurses and related professional and semi-professional personnel Compensation of employed persons and net income of independent practitioners. | | | | |
| | | 604.3 | 649.9 | 676.1 | 1,097.4 |
| 05.31 | Physicians | 166.4 | 183.7 | 192.6 | 268.3 |
| 05.31H | | 139.2 | 147.7 | 155.4 | 161.4 |
| 05.316 | | 27.2 | 36.0 | 37.2 | 106.9 |
| 05.32 | Dentists | 9.4 | 12.7 | 14.0 | 24.5 |
| 05.32H | | 1.9 | 2.0 | 2.1 | 2.2 |
| 05.326 | | 7.5 | 10.7 | 11.9 | 22.3 |
| 05.33 | Nurses, physiotherapists, technicians, midwives etc. | 428.5 | 453.5 | 469.5 | 804.6 |
| 05.33H | | 118.9 | 126.1 | 132.7 | 137.8 |
| 05.336 | | 309.6 | 327.4 | 336.8 | 666.8 |

TABLE 21 - A SUPPLEMENTARY ANALYSIS OF PRIVATE CONSUMPTION EXPENDITURE
BY DETAILED CONSUMPTION CATEGORY—(CONTD.)

Rs. Million

| I.C.P. CODE | Description of consumption category | 1986 | 1987 | 1988 | 1989 |
|-------------|---|----------|----------|----------|----------|
| 05.4 | Current expenditure of hospitals, laboratories, clinics and medical officers n.e.c. | 1,288.8 | 1,390.7 | 1,380.4 | 1,499.2 |
| 05.41 | | 4.7 | 5.9 | 5.8 | 7.7 |
| 05.41H | | 0.6 | 0.7 | 0.7 | 0.7 |
| 05.416 | | 4.1 | 5.2 | 5.1 | 7.0 |
| 05.42 | Personnel other than medical and related practitioners | 375.1 | 429.5 | 429.7 | 506.9 |
| 05.42H | | 127.1 | 134.8 | 141.9 | 147.4 |
| 05.426 | | 248.0 | 294.7 | 287.8 | 359.5 |
| 05.43 | Other | 909.0 | 955.3 | 944.9 | 984.6 |
| 05.43H | | 247.9 | 262.9 | 276.8 | 287.5 |
| 05.436 | | 661.1 | 692.4 | 668.1 | 697.1 |
| | Total [Medical care and health services] | 4,199.9 | 4,273.1 | 4,526.7 | 4,373.2 |
| 06 | Transport and communication | | | | |
| 06.1 | Personal transport equipment | 1,470.5 | 1,693.4 | 1,573.7 | 1,987.9 |
| 06.11 | Passenger cars | 1,063.9 | 1,213.8 | 1,042.6 | 1,421.6 |
| 06.12 | Other | 406.6 | 479.6 | 531.1 | 566.3 |
| 06.2 | Operation of personal transport equipment | 1,600.2 | 1,772.5 | 2,128.6 | 2,024.3 |
| 06.21 | Tyres, tubes, other parts and accessories | 136.4 | 148.1 | 226.4 | 179.0 |
| 06.22 | Repair charges | 887.3 | 1,008.7 | 1,188.8 | 1,301.2 |
| 06.23 | Gasoline, oils, greases | 576.5 | 615.7 | 713.4 | 544.1 |
| 06.231 | Gasoline | 576.5 | 615.7 | 713.4 | 544.1 |
| 06.232 | Oils and greases | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 |
| 06.24 | Other expenditure | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 |
| 06.3 | Purchased transport services | 16,405.6 | 16,946.6 | 19,590.1 | 21,280.2 |
| 06.31 | Local transport | 8,753.1 | 9,088.0 | 9,976.6 | 10,419.2 |
| 06.32 | Long distance transport | 7,652.5 | 7,858.6 | 9,613.5 | 10,861.0 |
| 06.321 | Rail | 207.6 | 210.7 | 196.6 | 193.4 |
| 06.322 | Bus | 4,410.4 | 4,584.3 | 5,067.8 | 5,367.7 |
| 06.323 | Air | 3,034.5 | 3,063.6 | 4,349.1 | 5,299.9 |
| 06.4 | Communication | 572.6 | 616.6 | 812.7 | 882.3 |
| 06.41 | Postal | 429.5 | 462.5 | 609.5 | 661.7 |
| 06.42 | Telephone and telegraph | 143.1 | 154.1 | 203.2 | 220.6 |
| | Total [Transport and communication] | 20,048.9 | 21,029.1 | 24,105.1 | 26,174.7 |

TABLE 21 - A SUPPLEMENTARY ANALYSIS OF PRIVATE CONSUMPTION EXPENDITURE
BY DETAILED CONSUMPTION CATEGORY—(CONTD.)

| | | Rs. Million | | | |
|-------------|--|-------------|---------|---------|---------|
| I.C.P. CODE | Description of consumption category | 1986 | 1987 | 1988 | 1989 |
| 07 | Recreation, entertainment, education and cultural services | | | | |
| 07.1 | Equipment and accessories including repairs | 1,363.4 | 1,375.3 | 2,044.9 | 1,895.9 |
| 07.11 | Wireless, television sets and gramophone | 711.2 | 709.7 | 1,052.3 | 929.9 |
| 07.12 | Major durables for recreation, entertainment and cultural purposes | 273.6 | 240.2 | 384.5 | 286.1 |
| 07.13 | Other recreational goods | 378.6 | 425.4 | 608.1 | 679.9 |
| 07.2 | Entertainment, religious, recreational and cultural services [Excluding hotels, restaurants and cafes] | 2,626.5 | 3,051.1 | 2,728.9 | 3,056.6 |
| 07.3 | Books, newspapers, magazines, stationery | 1,201.8 | 1,513.0 | 1,603.6 | 1,456.6 |
| 07.31 | Books, newspapers, magazines and other printed matter | 1,000.1 | 1,326.3 | 1,319.5 | 1,164.7 |
| 07.32 | Stationery including newsprint | 201.7 | 186.7 | 284.1 | 291.9 |
| 07.4 | Education | 3,633.1 | 3,804.9 | 4,724.3 | 5,279.6 |
| 07.41 | Compensation of employees | 3,090.5 | 3,305.3 | 3,974.1 | 4,711.6 |
| 07.411 | Teachers for primary schools | 526.8 | 526.8 | 514.7 | 606.3 |
| 07.411H | | 20.2 | 20.2 | 19.8 | 23.3 |
| 07.4116 | | 506.6 | 506.6 | 494.9 | 583.0 |
| 07.412 | Teachers for secondary schools | 725.0 | 725.0 | 708.3 | 834.5 |
| 07.412H | | 27.9 | 27.9 | 27.2 | 32.1 |
| 07.4126 | | 697.1 | 697.1 | 681.1 | 802.4 |
| 07.413 | Teachers for colleges and universities | 134.5 | 183.5 | 263.8 | 439.9 |
| 07.413H | | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 |
| 07.4136 | | 134.5 | 183.5 | 263.8 | 439.9 |
| 07.414 | Other personnel [Administrative, clerical services] | 1,704.2 | 1,870.0 | 2,487.3 | 2,830.9 |
| 07.414H | | 246.5 | 271.5 | 313.7 | 374.8 |
| 07.4146 | | 1,457.7 | 1,598.5 | 2,173.6 | 2,456.1 |
| 07.42 | Expenditure of educational institutions related to physical facilities | 27.8 | 26.1 | 28.6 | 68.2 |
| 07.42H | | 26.1 | 24.7 | 27.0 | 66.7 |
| 07.426 | | 1.7 | 1.4 | 1.6 | 1.5 |

TABLE 21 - A SUPPLEMENTARY ANALYSIS OF PRIVATE CONSUMPTION EXPENDITURE
BY DETAILED CONSUMPTION CATEGORY - (CONTD.)

Rs. Million

| I.C.P. CODE | Description of consumption category | 1986 | 1987 | 1988 | 1989 |
|-------------|--|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|
| 07.43 | Other expenditure of educational institutions | 514.8 | 473.5 | 721.6 | 499.8 |
| 07.431 | Books, stationery and related supplies | 38.6 | 25.1 | 53.6 | 44.5 |
| 07.431H | | 29.9 | 17.0 | 41.6 | 36.3 |
| 07.4316 | | 8.7 | 8.1 | 12.0 | 8.2 |
| 07.432 | Other | 476.2 | 448.4 | 668.0 | 455.3 |
| 07.432H | | 2.6 | 7.2 | 12.9 | 7.5 |
| 07.4326 | | 473.6 | 441.2 | 655.1 | 447.8 |
| | Total [Recreation, entertainment education and cultural services] | 8,824.8 | 9,744.3 | 11,101.7 | 11,688.7 |
| 08 | Other goods and services | | | | |
| 08.1 | Services of barber and beauty shops etc. | 228.8 | 242.7 | 285.6 | 329.2 |
| 08.2 | Goods for personal care | 3,267.0 | 2,458.8 | 4,300.5 | 5,171.5 |
| 08.21 | Toilet articles and preparations | 1,677.7 | 944.9 | 1,711.3 | 2,389.3 |
| 08.22 | Personal effects | 1,589.3 | 1,513.9 | 2,589.2 | 2,782.2 |
| 08.3 | Expenditure in restaurants, cafes and hotels | 1,735.7 | 2,088.2 | 1,817.6 | 1,923.3 |
| 08.31 | Restaurants and cafes | 1,271.5 | 1,537.8 | 1,237.7 | 1,462.0 |
| 08.32 | Hotels and similar lodging places | 464.2 | 550.4 | 579.9 | 461.3 |
| 08.4 | Miscellaneous services | 304.5 | 339.5 | 380.9 | 445.7 |
| 08.4H | | 279.9 | 312.6 | 350.1 | 413.4 |
| 08.46 | | 24.6 | 26.9 | 30.8 | 32.3 |
| | Total [Other goods and services] | 5,536.0 | 5,129.2 | 6,784.6 | 7,869.7 |
| | Grand total [All categories] | 130,167.8 | 139,836.0 | 164,640.9 | 186,339.9 |

G = Government

H = Household

TABLE 22 - GROSS FIXED CAPITAL FORMATION BY TYPE AND PURCHASER AT CURRENT PRICES

(Rs. Million)

| ITEM | 1975 | 1984 | 1985 | 1986 | 1987 | 1988 | 1989 |
|---|---------|----------|----------|----------|----------|------------|------------|
| A. TYPE OF GOOD | | | | | | | |
| I. Construction | 1,846.9 | 14,269.9 | 19,054.3 | 21,058.8 | 21,638.5 | 24,657.3 | 29,565.1 |
| 1. Residential Buildings | 579.2 | 7,238.1 | 9,525.4 | 10,694.0 | 10,491.6 | 11,870.4 | 12,499.2 |
| 2. Non-residential Buildings | 690.4 | 2,398.6 | 3,038.9 | 4,167.1 | 4,930.6 | 4,671.2 | 5,917.3 |
| 3. Other | 577.3 | 4,633.2 | 6,490.0 | 6,197.7 | 6,216.3 | 8,115.7 | 11,148.6 |
| II. Machinery and Equipment | 1,301.8 | 13,550.0 | 15,792.6 | 14,666.6 | 17,679.8 | 18,877.1 | 17,996.5 |
| 1. Transport equipment | 407.0 | 5,620.9 | 5,328.3 | 4,883.1 | 6,049.7 | 6,851.7 | 6,167.8 |
| 2. Other | 894.8 | 7,929.1 | 10,464.3 | 9,783.5 | 11,630.1 | 12,025.4 | 11,828.7 |
| III. Land Improvement and Plantation Development | 391.1 | 6442.2** | 2804.0** | 2768.6** | 4629.3** | 4,313.1 ** | 3,406.8 ** |
| TOTAL | 3,539.8 | 34,262.1 | 37,650.9 | 38,494.0 | 43,947.6 | 47847.5 | 50,968.4 |
| B. PURCHASER | | | | | | | |
| 1. Private + | 2,496.4 | 28,120.5 | 29,892.5 | 29,556.8 | 32,620.0 | 36,349.1 | 35,389.5 |
| 2. Government | 1,043.4 | 6,141.6 | 7,758.4 | 8,937.2 | 11,327.6 | 11,498.4 | 15,578.9 |
| TOTAL | 3,539.8 | 34,262.1 | 37,650.9 | 38,494.0 | 43,947.6 | 47,847.5 | 50,968.4 |

** Includes development of irrigation projects etc.

+ Includes Corporations and Boards.

TABLE 23 - GROSS FIXED CAPITAL FORMATION BY TYPE AND PURCHASER AT CONSTANT (1975) PRICES

(Rs. Million)

| ITEM | 1975 | 1984 | 1985 | 1986 | 1987 | 1988 | 1989 |
|--|---------|----------|---------|---------|---------|---------|----------|
| A. TYPE OF GOOD | | | | | | | |
| I. Construction | 1,846.9 | 3,406.0 | 4,045.2 | 4,459.9 | 4,437.7 | 4,456.0 | 4,686.5 |
| 1. Residential Buildings | 579.2 | 1,504.5 | 1,838.9 | 2,050.2 | 1,991.6 | 1,879.4 | 1,604.1 |
| 2. Non-residential Buildings | 690.4 | 613.4 | 742.3 | 1,017.6 | 1,058.2 | 995.5 | 1,062.3 |
| 3. Other | 577.3 | 1,288.1 | 1,464.0 | 1,392.1 | 1,387.9 | 1,581.1 | 2,020.1 |
| II. Machinery and Equipment | 1,301.8 | 1,875.7 | 1,973.1 | 1,407.8 | 1,570.8 | 1,183.5 | 1,035.1 |
| 1. Transport equipment | 407.0 | 778.1 | 665.7 | 468.2 | 537.5 | 429.6 | 354.7 |
| 2. Other | 894.8 | 1,097.6 | 1,307.4 | 939.6 | 1,033.3 | 753.9 | 680.4 |
| III. Land Improvement and Plantation Development | 391.1 | 1398.3** | 617.1** | 594.8** | 922.5** | 754.3** | 518.0 ** |
| TOTAL | 3,539.8 | 6,680.0 | 6,635.4 | 6,462.5 | 6,931.0 | 6,393.8 | 6,239.6 |
| B. PURCHASER | | | | | | | |
| 1. Private + | 2,496.4 | 5,247.9 | 5,016.2 | 4,704.1 | 4,840.2 | 4,490.0 | 3,918.1 |
| 2. Government | 1,043.4 | 1,432.1 | 1,619.2 | 1,758.4 | 2,091.1 | 1,903.8 | 2,321.5 |
| TOTAL | 3,539.8 | 6,680.0 | 6,635.4 | 6,462.5 | 6,931.3 | 6,393.8 | 6,239.6 |

** Includes development of irrigation projects etc.

+ Includes Corporations and Boards.

TABLE 24 - A SUPPLEMENTARY ANALYSIS OF GROSS DOMESTIC FIXED CAPITAL FORMATION OF GOVERNMENT AND PRIVATE SECTOR BY TYPE OF CAPITAL ASSETS

(Rs. Million)

| ICP Code | Type of Category of Asset | 1975 | | 1984 | | 1985 | | 1986 | | 1987 | | 1988 | | 1989 | |
|----------|---|-------|-------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|----------|---------|----------|---------|----------|---------|----------|
| | | Govt. | Other | Govt. | Other | Govt. | Other | Govt. | Other | Govt. | Other | Govt. | Other | Govt. | Other |
| 10 | Residential Buildings | 60.2 | 519.0 | 52.5 | 7,185.6 | 48.3 | 9,477.1 | 199.4 | 10,494.6 | 205.9 | 10,285.7 | 221.5 | 11,648.9 | 184.6 | 12,314.6 |
| 10.1 | One and two dwelling units | 36.9 | | 14.6 | | 32.7 | | 199.4 | | 167.4 | | 151.5 | | 184.6 | |
| 10.2 | Multi-dwelling units | 23.3 | | 37.9 | | 15.6 | | - | | 38.5 | | 70.0 | | | |
| 11 | Non-residential Buildings | 115.3 | 57.1 | 765.5 | 1,633.1 | 885.0 | 2,153.9 | 1,782.0 | 2,385.1 | 1,969.6 | 2,961.0 | 2,023.7 | 2,647.5 | 3,118.6 | 2,798.7 |
| 11.1 | Hotels and Other non-housekeeping units | - | | 26.0 | | 23.1 | | 0.3 | | 16.6 | | - | | | |
| 11.2 | Industries | 6.1 | | 39.9 | | 38.2 | | 44.8 | | 26.9 | | 53.8 | | 40.6 | |
| 11.3 | Commercial | 10.4 | | 21.9 | | 17.8 | | 73.9 | | 2.2 | | 5.0 | | 3.2 | |
| 11.4 | Office buildings | 30.0 | | 335.0 | | 301.4 | | 331.6 | | 462.3 | | 449.0 | | 585.3 | |
| 11.5 | Educational | 19.6 | | 252.3 | | 339.2 | | 729.8 | | 560.1 | | 586.3 | | 1,266.1 | |
| 11.6 | Hospitals and Industrial | 31.6 | | 57.7 | | 80.7 | | 243.4 | | 470.6 | | 825.2 | | 853.4 | |
| 11.7 | Agricultural | 1.7 | | 17.4 | | 45.4 | | 11.4 | | 25.2 | | 61.6 | | 37.6 | |
| 11.8 | Other buildings | 15.9 | | 15.3 | | 39.2 | | 346.8 | | 405.7 | | 44 | | 332.4 | |
| 12 | Other Constructions | 303.8 | 273.5 | 2,564.6 | 2,068.6 | 3,761.8 | 2,728.2 | 3,745 | 3,021.2 | 3,878.6 | 2,337.7 | 4,762 | 3,353.5 | 7,603.4 | 3,545.2 |
| 12.1 | Roads, streets and highways | 184.8 | | 423.4 | | 799.2 | | 1,104.7 | | 1,104.7 | | 1,101 | | 2,715.3 | |
| 12.2 | Transport (other than road and utility lines) | 119.0 | | 2,111.1 | | 2,939.1 | | 947.6 | | 2,755 | | 3,411.1 | | 4,236.0 | |
| 12.21 | Railroad ways | 54.4 | | - | | 612.3 | | 77.5 | | 60.7 | | 0 | | 560.4 | |
| 12.22 | Telephone and Telegraph lines | 2.3 | | 1,044.4 | | 1,345.3 | | 1,354.5 | | 1,486.3 | | 011.1 | | 2,302.5 | |
| 12.23 | Power lines | 11.2 | | 29.5 | | 23.5 | | 20.7 | | 59.4 | | 122.2 | | 379.7 | |
| 12.24 | Pipeline for gas and oil, water and sewerage systems | 23.9 | | 1,037.2 | | 958.0 | | 294.8 | | 1,141.2 | | | | 878.2 | |
| 12.25 | Other | 27.2 | | - | | - | | 0.1 | | 8.0 | | | | 115.2 | |
| 12.3 | Other construction (dams for power etc.) | - | | 30.1 | | 23.5 | | 20.9 | | 18.3 | | 53.0 | | 652.1 | |
| 13. | Land Improvement and Plantation and Orchard Development | 249.6 | 141.5 | 1,658.4 | 4,783.8 | 1,708.0 | 1,096.0 | 1,761.2 | 1,007.4 | 2,669.2 | 1,960.1 | 2,032.8 | 2,280.3 | 967.4 | 2,439.4 |
| 14. | Transport equipment | 184.1 | 222.9 | 437.0 | 5,183.9 | 822.0 | 4,506.3 | 1,200.9 | 3,682.2 | 1,410.2 | 4,639.5 | 1,187.9 | 5,663.8 | 1,325.1 | 4,842.7 |
| 14.1 | Railway vehicles | 113.8 | 0.4 | 237.1 | 61.3 | 536.9 | 79.9 | 654.5 | - | 845.3 | 81.2 | 614.0 | 111.6 | 877.0 | 7.4 |
| 14.11 | Locomotives | 58.8 | 0.4 | 52.0 | - | 216.1 | - | 654.5 | - | 360.3 | - | 353.4 | - | 438.5 | - |
| 14.12 | Other | 55.0 | - | 185.1 | 61.3 | 320.8 | 79.9 | - | 40.9 | 485.0 | 81.2 | 260.6 | 111.6 | 438.5 | 7.4 |
| 14.2 | Passenger cars | 38.6 | 56.7 | 63.9 | 702.5 | 129.5 | 1,364.4 | 265.5 | 73.1 | 222.8 | 161.4 | 303.0 | 1,259.5 | 140.4 | 327.8 |
| 14.3 | Trucks and Buses | 19.6 | 156.9 | 104.8 | 3,114.3 | 109.4 | 2,452.7 | 230.7 | 2,528.4 | 231.6 | 2,751.1 | 218.0 | 2,423.4 | 223.2 | 2,206.2 |
| 14.4 | Aircrafts | - | 2.5 | - | 1,293.2 | - | 51.8 | 8.9 | 215.6 | 0.6 | 561.3 | 0.6 | 123.8 | 74.4 | 8.0 |
| 14.5 | Ships and Boats | 8.0 | - | 9.3 | 12.6 | 32.9 | 541.9 | 13.3 | 12.5 | 76.4 | 80.4 | 5.5 | 3.6 | 1.4 | |
| 14.6 | Other transport equipment | 4.1 | 6.4 | 21.9 | - | 13.3 | 15.6 | 28.0 | 811.7 | 33.5 | 1,004.1 | 46.8 | 1,741.9 | 8.7 | 2,293.3 |

Contd.....

TABLE 24 - (Contd.) A SUPPLEMENTARY ANALYSIS OF GROSS DOMESTIC FIXED CAPITAL FORMATION OF GOVERNMENT AND PRIVATE SECTOR BY TYPE OF CAPITAL ASSETS

(Rs.Million)

| ICP Code | Type of Category of Asset | 1975 | | 1984 | | 1985 | | 1986 | | 1987 | | 1988 | | 1989 | |
|----------|---|---------|---------|---------|----------|---------|----------|---------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|
| | | Govt. | Other | Govt. | Other | Govt. | Other | Govt. | Other | Govt. | Other | Govt. | Other | Govt. | Other |
| 15. | Non-electrical Machinery and Equipment | 41.5 | 595.6 | 295.2 | 3,869.9 | 222.2 | 4,750.1 | 206.9 | 5,438.5 | 289.0 | 6,367.2 | 610.0 | 6,678.5 | 855.0 | 5,813.5 |
| 15.1 | Engines and Turbines | 0.5 | 28.7 | 12.9 | 176.6 | 9.8 | 650.7 | 28.1 | 138.5 | 2.2 | 229.6 | - | 189.3 | - | 123.8 |
| 15.2 | Agricultural machinery | 15.4 | 71.1 | 41.7 | 704.5 | 42.5 | 778.5 | 74.9 | 744.8 | 135.7 | 889.0 | 67.4 | 729.6 | 218.2 | 670.8 |
| 15.21 | Tractors | 14.7 | 62.7 | 5.2 | 338.4 | - | 537.1 | 58.8 | 348.6 | 6.6 | 604.8 | 0.3 | 505.1 | - | 320.8 |
| 15.22 | Other | 0.7 | 8.4 | 36.5 | 366.1 | 42.5 | 241.4 | 16.1 | 396.2 | 129.1 | 284.2 | 67.1 | 224.5 | 218.2 | 350.0 |
| 15.3 | Office machines | 1.8 | 3.0 | 39.8 | 385.8 | 71.2 | 645.9 | 68.1 | 959.5 | 81.6 | 707.6 | 348.9 | 895.4 | 621.0 | 1,050.9 |
| 15.4 | Metal working machinery | 0.5 | 14.3 | 1.8 | 287.4 | 1.0 | 390.0 | 2.0 | 427.8 | 42.7 | 817.4 | 1.2 | 1,008.7 | 1.2 | 843.0 |
| 15.5 | Construction, mining and oil field machinery | 6.9 | 24.6 | 98.1 | 108.3 | 22.2 | 49.8 | 2.0 | 94.0 | 7.3 | 4.8 | 0.4 | 105.9 | - | 153.6 |
| 15.6 | Special industry machinery -n.e.c. | 2.0 | 235.4 | 30.4 | 320.9 | 73.2 | 505.1 | 23.2 | 576.2 | 16.3 | 858.5 | 14.1 | 630.4 | 8.7 | 487.6 |
| 15.7 | General industry machinery | 14.4 | 210.5 | 70.5 | 1,497.9 | 2.3 | 1,239.2 | 3.8 | 1,961.8 | 3.2 | 2,064.6 | 44.4 | 2,335.5 | 5.9 | 1,639.8 |
| 15.8 | Service industry machinery | - | 8.0 | - | 388.5 | - | 490.9 | 4.8 | 535.9 | - | 795.7 | 133.6 | 783.7 | - | 844.0 |
| 16. | Electrical Machinery and Appliances | 73.4 | 168.8 | 77.9 | 3,395.6 | 127.6 | 5,180.9 | 357.6 | 3,527.8 | 671.3 | 4,068.8 | 353.6 | 4,076.6 | 1,099.0 | 3,635.4 |
| 16.1 | Electrical transmission distribution and industrial apparatus | 7.6 | 143.0 | 14.5 | 1,144.4 | 14.3 | 2,868.2 | 61.6 | 1,258.1 | 67.3 | 1,724.6 | 54.5 | 1,214.3 | 225.0 | 1,081.6 |
| 16.2 | Communication equipment | 64.9 | 10.8 | 18.5 | 1,372.2 | 2.2 | 916.2 | - | 1,287.8 | 64.8 | 1,185.1 | 58.9 | 1,593.2 | 136.9 | 1,597.8 |
| 16.3 | Other electrical equipment | - | 1.4 | 0.8 | 270.1 | 1.0 | 84.2 | 4.1 | 146.5 | - | 189.6 | 0.7 | 162.6 | - | 106.6 |
| 16.4 | Instrument | 0.9 | 13.6 | 44.1 | 608.9 | 110.1 | 1,312.3 | 291.9 | 835.4 | 539.2 | 969.5 | 239.5 | 1,106.5 | 737.1 | 849.4 |
| 17. | Other Durables Furnishing and Equipment | 15.5 | - | 227.8 | - | 183.5 | - | 252.7 | - | 233.8 | - | 306.7 | - | - | 425.8 |
| 17.1 | Furniture and fixtures | 14.3 | - | 222.8 | - | 173.1 | - | - | - | - | - | 306.7 | - | - | 425.8 |
| 17.2 | Other durable goods | 1.2 | - | 10.4 | - | 10.4 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| 18. | Other n.e.s. | - | - | 62.7 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| | TOTAL | 1,043.4 | 2,496.4 | 6,141.6 | 28,120.5 | 7,758.4 | 29,892.5 | 8,937.2 | 29,556.8 | 11,327.6 | 32,620.0 | 11,498.4 | 36,349.1 | 15,578.9 | 35,389.5 |

TABLE 25 - GOVERNMENT FINAL CONSUMPTION EXPENDITURE BY PURPOSE AT CURRENT PRICES

| Purpose | (Rs.Million) | | | | | | |
|---|--------------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|
| | 1975 | 1984 | 1985 | 1986 | 1987 | 1988 | 1989 |
| 01. Defence | 192.9 | 1,748.1 | 4,654.0 | 7,877.1 | 9,109.6 | 8,806.0 | 6,778.7 |
| 02. Education | 681.1 | 2,662.3 | 3,154.4 | 3,456.8 | 3,691.0 | 4,458.0 | 5,230.6 |
| 03. Health | 332.1 | 1,521.2 | 1,660.0 | 1,732.4 | 2,257.9 | 2,293.3 | 3,275.2 |
| 04. Housing and community amenities | 24.7 | 129.5 | 82.9 | 72.8 | 74.3 | 84.4 | 98.8 |
| 05. General public services | 666.4 | 5,816.3 | 6,126.4 | 5,280.8 | 5,711.5 | 6,140.1 | 7,538.4 |
| 06. Social security and welfare | 335.5 | 1,949.8 | 2,227.7 | 3,053.4 | 3,513.8 | 4,763.9 | 4,862.8 |
| 07. Other community and social services | 12.9 | 74.3 | 81.6 | 93.4 | 103.8 | 124.4 | 139.3 |
| 08. Economic services | 451.1 | 1,540.9 | 1,182.9 | 1,422.9 | 1,741.6 | 3,660.9 | 4,661.0 |
| Total Government Final Consumption Expenditure | 2,696.7 | 15,442.4 | 19,169.9 | 22,989.6 | 26,203.5 | 30,331.0 | 32,584.8 |

TABLE 26 - GOVERNMENT FINAL CONSUMPTION EXPENDITURE BY PURPOSE AT CONSTANT (1975) PRICES

| Purpose | (Rs.Million) | | | | | | |
|---|--------------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|
| | 1975 | 1984 | 1985 | 1986 | 1987 | 1988 | 1989 |
| 01. Defence | 192.9 | 446.7 | 1,184.9 | 1,959.8 | 2,034.5 | 1,699.6 | 1,150.4 |
| 02. Education | 681.1 | 680.0 | 804.5 | 857.0 | 824.3 | 860.6 | 890.4 |
| 03. Health | 332.1 | 391.4 | 424.2 | 428.5 | 502.8 | 442.6 | 558.6 |
| 04. Housing and community amenities | 24.7 | 31.6 | 19.5 | 17.1 | 17.5 | 16.4 | 16.6 |
| 05. General public services | 666.4 | 1,490.4 | 1,555.4 | 1,314.1 | 1,274.5 | 1,185.0 | 1,277.6 |
| 06. Social security and welfare | 335.5 | 498.1 | 565.6 | 759.9 | 783.4 | 919.7 | 824.1 |
| 07. Other community and social services | 12.9 | 19.8 | 19.5 | 22.9 | 23.5 | 24.0 | 22.1 |
| 08. Economic services | 451.1 | 395.3 | 302.3 | 354.3 | 385.9 | 706.6 | 790.9 |
| Total Government Final Consumption Expenditure | 2,696.7 | 3,953.3 | 4,875.9 | 5,713.6 | 5,846.4 | 5,854.5 | 5,530.7 |

TABLE 27 - EXTERNAL TRANSACTION ON CURRENT ACCOUNT

| ITEM | (Rs. Million) | | | | | |
|---|---------------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|
| | 1975 | 1985 | 1986 | 1987 | 1988 | 1989 |
| 01. Exports of goods and non-factor services | 7,306.0 | 42,393.6 | 42,601.6 | 50,763.2 | 57,885.4 | 68,485.7 |
| (a) Merchandise | 6,436.4 | 357,828.5 | 38,893.2 | 41,097.0 | 46,985.0 | 56,093.6 |
| (b) Other | 869.6 | 6,665.1 | 8,708.4 | 9,666.2 | 10,900.4 | 12,392.1 |
| 02. Factor income from rest of the world | 82.0 | 2,261.3 | 1,893.0 | 2,055.5 | 2,197.2 | 2,074.1 |
| 03. Current transfers from rest of the world* | 99.0 | 7,920.0 | 8,872.8 | 10,323.8 | 11,386.3 | 12,201.0 |
| Current receipts from rest of the world | 7,487.0 | 52,574.9 | 53,367.4 | 63,142.5 | 71,468.9 | 82,760.8 |
| 04. Imports of goods and non-factor services | 9,291.0 | 62,395.7 | 63,737.4 | 70,693.8 | 81,771.2 | 92,608.7 |
| (a) Merchandise | 8,801.4 | 55,528.2 | 55,283.5 | 61,102.3 | 71,253.4 | 80,809.7 |
| (b) Other | 489.6 | 6,867.5 | 8,453.9 | 9,591.5 | 10,517.8 | 11,799.0 |
| 05. Factor income paid to rest of the world | 295.0 | 5,706.2 | 5,763.9 | 6,754.5 | 7,463.1 | 7,980.2 |
| 06. Current transfers to rest of the world | 67.0 | 707.7 | 890.3 | 1,098.0 | 1,199.5 | 1,356.6 |
| Current payments to rest of the world | 9,653.0 | 68,809.6 | 70,391.6 | 78,546.3 | 90,433.8 | 101,945.6 |
| Surplus of the nation on current Account | -2,166.0 | -16,234.7 | -17,024.2 | -15,403.8 | -18,964.9 | -19,184.7 |

* Excludes capital transfers, hence the figures are not comparable with the figures that have been already published.

**APPENDIX
SUPPORTING TABLES**

TABLE 1
PADDY STATISTICS EXTENT SOWN, HARVESTED (GROSS AND NET) AND
PRODUCTION 1981 - 1989

| YEAR | Extent Sown (Hectares)'000 | | | Gross Extent Harvested (Hectares)'000 | | | Net Extent Harvested (Hectares)'000 | | | Production ('000) Metric Tons | | |
|--------|-------------------------------|------|-------|--|------|-------|--|------|-------|----------------------------------|-------|-------|
| | Yala | Maha | Total | Yala | Maha | Total | Yala | Maha | Total | Yala | Maha | Total |
| 1981 | 280 | 597 | 877 | 272 | 565 | 837 | 239 | 501 | 740 | 707 | 1,523 | 2,230 |
| 1982 | 277 | 567 | 844 | 267 | 478 | 745 | 237 | 424 | 661 | 793 | 1,363 | 2,156 |
| 1983 | 241 | 583 | 824 | 219 | 558 | 777 | 194 | 495 | 689 | 698 | 1,786 | 2,484 |
| 1984 | 384 | 606 | 990 | 377 | 509 | 886 | 336 | 451 | 787 | 1,060 | 1,353 | 2,413 |
| 1985 | 312 | 569 | 881 | 305 | 559 | 864 | 270 | 498 | 768 | 910 | 1,748 | 2,658 |
| 1986 | 342 | 555 | 895 | 310 | 527 | 835 | 273 | 468 | 739 | 907 | 1,688 | 2,588 |
| 1987 | 273 | 508 | 781 | 246 | 433 | 679 | 217 | 380 | 597 | 735 | 1,392 | 2,128 |
| 1988 | 323 | 545 | 868 | 317 | 499 | 816 | 282 | 443 | 725 | 952 | 1,525 | 2,477 |
| 1989 * | 258 | 469 | 727 | 250 | 440 | 690 | 220 | 392 | 612 | 721 | 1,342 | 2,063 |

* Provisional.

Source: Department of Census and Statistics.

TABLE 2
PADDY PRODUCTION AND PADDY PURCHASES BY PNB 1981-1989

| YEAR | PADDY PRODUCTION (In Bushels) Mn. | PADDY PURCHASES (In Bushels) Mn. (PNB) | PURCHASES AS A % OF PRODUCTION |
|-------|--------------------------------------|--|-----------------------------------|
| 1981 | 106.8 | 6.1 | 5.7 |
| 1982 | 103.3 | 4.0 | 3.9 |
| 1983 | 119.0 | 15.5 | 13.0 |
| 1984 | 115.8 | 8.1 | 7.0 |
| 1985 | 127.5 | 4.8 | 0.8 |
| 1986 | 123.9 | 7.4 | 6.0 |
| 1987 | 102.0 | 3.1 | 3.0 |
| 1988 | 118.7 | 5.1 | 4.3 |
| 1989* | 98.8 | 0.2 | 0.2 |

* Provisional.

Source: Paddy Marketing Board.

TABLE 3
 PRODUCTION OF TEA, RUBBER AND COCONUT 1981-1989

| | Unit | 1981 | 1982 | 1983 | 1984 | 1985 | 1986 | 1987 | 1988 | 1989* |
|-------------------|--------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| Tea: | | | | | | | | | | |
| High grown | M.Kgs. | 80.5 | 71.7 | 67.8 | 79.3 | 78.9 | 77.1 | 73.4 | 76.8 | N.A |
| Medium grown | " | 59.3 | 51.6 | 48.4 | 54.6 | 55.1 | 53.3 | 53.5 | 54.3 | N.A |
| Low grown | " | 70.3 | 64.5 | 63.1 | 74.1 | 80.1 | 80.9 | 86.4 | 95.8 | N.A |
| Total | " | 210.1 | 187.8 | 179.3 | 208.0 | 214.1 | 211.3 | 213.3 | 226.9 | 207.0 |
| Rubber: | | | | | | | | | | |
| Sheet Rubber | M.Kg. | 62.1 | 62.2 | 56.6 | 65.9 | 65.9 | 62.4 | 55.6 | 62.9 | N.A |
| Crepe Rubber | " | 47.2 | 48.5 | 73.0 | 64.3 | 51.6 | 55.3 | 48.8 | 41.5 | N.A |
| Others | " | 14.7 | 14.5 | 10.4 | 11.7 | 20.0 | 20.1 | 17.4 | 18.0 | N.A |
| Total | " | 124.0 | 125.2 | 140.0 | 141.9 | 137.5 | 137.8 | 121.8 | 122.4 | 110.7 |
| Coconut: | | | | | | | | | | |
| Desicated Coconut | M.Nuts | 276 | 286 | 295 | 221 | 362 | 428 | 350 | 156 | 317 |
| Coconut Oil | " | 605 | 820 | 663 | 295 | 1,038 | 1,146 | 573 | 276 | 597 |
| Copra | " | 10 | 19 | 18 | 12 | 37 | 48 | 44 | 25 | 59 |
| Fresh Nuts | " | 1,367 | 1,396 | 1,336 | 1,414 | 1,521 | 1,417 | 1,325 | 1,476 | 1,508 |
| Total | " | 2,258 | 2,521 | 2,312 | 1,942 | 2,958 | 3,039 | 2,292 | 1,933 | 2,481 |

* Provisional

Source: Tea Commissioner's Department
 Rubber Control Department
 Coconut Development Authority

In nut equivalent converted at, 1 Mt. ton DC = 6,800 nuts
 1 Mt. ton Oil = 8,000 nuts
 1 Mt. ton Copra = 4,925 nuts

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TABLE 4
 PRODUCTION OF HIGHLAND CROPS IN SRI LANKA 1981 - 1989 IN METRIC TONS

| | 1981 | 1982 | 1983 | 1984 | 1985 | 1986 | 1987 | 1988 | 1989* |
|-------------------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|
| 01 Kurakkan | 11,400 | 12,200 | 14,100 | 10,700 | 9,000 | 8,700 | 7,324 | 8,299 | 7,568 |
| 02 Maize | 23,600 | 23,900 | 30,700 | 37,700 | 43,600 | 40,700 | 41,679 | 38,603 | 30,737 |
| 03 Meneri | 2,200 | 1,700 | 1,600 | 1,100 | 1,000 | 900 | 435 | 283 | 172 |
| 04 Sorghum | 600 | 300 | 400 | 600 | 400 | 220 | 63 | 44 | 31 |
| 05 Green-Gram | 10,000 | 11,500 | 16,800 | 16,100 | 18,800 | 18,700 | 17,583 | 25,568 | 20,471 |
| 06 Cow-pea | 19,400 | 21,700 | 30,800 | 21,800 | 23,900 | 24,600 | 22,169 | 19,812 | 18,745 |
| 07 Dhall | 300 | 400 | 200 | 140 | 100 | 30 | 56 | 235 | 4 |
| 08 Gingelly | 10,300 | 13,200 | 15,000 | 7,700 | 8,700 | 8,400 | 6,159 | 9,557 | 4,573 |
| 09 Ground-nuts | 7,400 | 5,600 | 6,800 | 6,300 | 5,900 | 6,600 | 4,631 | 6,095 | 7,474 |
| 10 Manioc | 52,610 | 572,800 | 722,100 | 682,500 | 579,700 | 485,900 | 427,439 | 491,716 | 424,946 |
| 11 Sweet potatoes | 158,600 | 172,600 | 117,600 | 147,000 | 117,500 | 93,700 | 80,431 | 87,238 | 94,397 |
| 12 Potatoes | 66,000 | 76,900 | 89,800 | 68,300 | 89,000 | 82,500 | 81,042 | 87,511 | 83,485 |
| 13 Chillies-Green | 37,500 | 36,500 | 40,600 | 76,300 | 98,700 | 105,800 | 73,501 | 83,515 | 38,649 |
| 14 Mustard | 800 | 600 | 900 | 700 | 700 | 1,230 | 1,099 | 1,441 | 848 |
| 15 Red Onion | 59,100 | 67,500 | 95,300 | 36,700 | 41,700 | 57,100 | 56,267 | 59,155 | 71,896 |
| 16 Ginger | 8,000 | 7,600 | 8,400 | 15,900 | 16,500 | 18,300 | 12,164 | 11,944 | 16,315 |
| 17 Turmeric | 600 | 6,100 | 8,800 | 16,700 | 17,200 | 15,900 | 8,950 | 11,008 | 14,825 |
| 18 pepper | 18,900 | 18,000 | 20,000 | 10,300 | 10,600 | 9,200 | 10,404 | 6,831 | 6,831 |

* Provisional

Source: Department of Census and Statistics.

TABLE 5
AREA OF LAND UNDER PRINCIPAL CROPS (EXCLUDING PADDY) 1981-1989

| | (Hectares) | | | | | | | | |
|---------------------------|------------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|
| | 1981 | 1982 | 1983 | 1984 | 1985 | 1986 | 1987 | 1988 | 1989 * |
| (A) MAJOR CROPS | | | | | | | | | |
| Tea | 244,918 | 242,141 | 242,130 | 227,874 | 231,450 | 222,905 | 221,498 | 221,683 | 222,110 |
| Rubber | 230,451 | 205,606 | 205,645 | 205,589 | 205,504 | 205,200 | 205,100 | 200,248 | 199,648 |
| Coconut | 451,472 | 416,423 | 416,423 | 416,423 | 416,423 | 497,360 | 419,000 | 419,000 | 419,000 |
| (B) HIGHLAND CROPS | | | | | | | | | |
| Kurakkan | 19,600 | 20,400 | 19,700 | 16,900 | 13,000 | 13,230 | 11,598 | 12,360 | 10,201 |
| Maize | 24,000 | 26,700 | 26,200 | 32,900 | 33,100 | 31,200 | 35,955 | 36,820 | 29,097 |
| Chillies | 40,900 | 37,100 | 34,800 | 29,400 | 30,900 | 35,670 | 25,128 | 27,130 | 24,350 |
| Red Onions | 8,700 | 9,100 | 9,600 | 3,900 | 5,600 | 6,620 | 6,814 | 7,500 | 9,102 |
| Potatoes | 5,300 | 6,200 | 6,800 | 6,000 | 7,100 | 7,300 | 6,949 | 7,250 | 6,773 |
| Manioc | 56,100 | 59,100 | 55,400 | 56,800 | 52,900 | 49,290 | 46,823 | 49,980 | 47,958 |
| Sweet Potatoes | 16,600 | 16,300 | 14,400 | 16,400 | 14,800 | 13,150 | 12,676 | 12,660 | 12,320 |

* Provisional

Source: Department of Census and Statistics.

TABLE 6
 PRODUCTION AND THE COST OF PRODUCTION OF PRINCIPAL CROPS (EXCLUDING PADDY) 1981-1989

| Year | TEA | | RUBBER | | COCONUT | |
|-------|------------------------|---|------------------------|---|-------------------------|---|
| | Production (Kg.Mn.) | Cost of Production Per Kg. (Rs.Cts.) | Production (Kg.Mn.) | Cost of Production Per Kg. (Rs.Cts.) | Production (Mn.Nuts) | Cost of Production Per 1000 Nuts (Rs.Cts.) |
| 1981 | 201.1 | 16.66 | 123.9 | 9.68 | 2,258.6 | 529.80 |
| 1982 | 187.8 | 21.05 | 125.2 | 11.55 | 2,521.0 | 532.67 |
| 1983 | 179.3 | 25.16 | 140.0 | 11.94 | 2,312.0 | 542.07 |
| 1984 | 208.0 | 35.56 | 141.9 | 14.54 | 1,942.0 | 634.16 |
| 1985 | 214.1 | 40.82 | 137.5 | 17.50 | 2,958.0 | 671.85 |
| 1986 | 211.3 | 38.78 | 137.8 | 21.47 | 3,039.0 | 638.77 |
| 1987 | 213.3 | 41.60 | 121.8 | 21.27 | 2,292.0 | 690.00 |
| 1988 | 226.9 | 46.52 | 122.4 | 26.29 | 1,933.0 | 901.96 |
| 1989* | 207.0 | N.A | 110.7 | N.A | 2,481.0 | N.A |

N.A. - Not Available
 * Provisional.

Source: Department of Census and Statistics
 Tea Commissioner's Department
 Rubber Control Department
 Coconut Development Authority

TABLE 7
EXPORT VALUE OF SELECTED ITEMS IN MINOR EXPORT CROPS
IN SRI LANKA 1981 - 1989

| | (P.s.'000) | | | | | | | | |
|-------------|------------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|-----------|
| | 1981 | 1982 | 1983 | 1984 | 1985 | 1986 | 1987 | 1988 | 1989* |
| Cinnamon | 429,984 | 294,486 | 40,005 | 314,222 | 318,145 | 323,926 | 443,446 | 674,667 | 1,058,037 |
| Cloves | 254,976 | 217,625 | 379,625 | 194,152 | 40,203 | 161,913 | 42,726 | 252,679 | 16,002 |
| Pepper | 56,238 | 36,006 | 45,905 | 119,286 | 113,260 | 160,032 | 286,337 | 292,575 | 151,678 |
| Sesame Seed | 127,738 | 234,812 | 68,197 | 9,386 | 31,405 | 21,536 | 62,779 | 90,567 | 7,181 |
| Cocoa | 32,566 | 22,805 | 27,076 | 27,941 | 57,264 | 34,131 | 43,070 | 6,271 | 5,292 |
| Cashew Nuts | 73,558 | 64,676 | 83,740 | 16,989 | 41,202 | 90,675 | 195,633 | 208,506 | 244,441 |
| Cardamom | 53,283 | 48,954 | 41,868 | 71,619 | 75,846 | 64,438 | 35,153 | 21,965 | 19,399 |
| Coffee | 62,108 | 110,006 | 163,269 | 233,972 | 287,165 | 225,224 | 45,050 | 228,964 | 94,518 |
| Betel | 37,741 | 45,180 | 41,781 | 64,073 | 44,110 | 46,348 | 70,461 | 101,086 | 93,037 |
| Arecanuts | 32,769 | 35,573 | 30,835 | 30,852 | 11,033 | 18,729 | 13,546 | 16,374 | 15,432 |

* Provisinal.

Source: Sri Lanka Customs

TABLE 8
VOLUME AND VALUE OF EXPORTS OF MAJOR AGRICULTURAL PRODUCTS 1983-1989

| | 1983 | | 1984 | | 1985 | | 1986 | | 1987 | | 1988 | | 1989* | |
|-------------------------------|----------------|-----------------|----------------|-----------------|----------------|-----------------|----------------|-----------------|----------------|-----------------|----------------|-----------------|----------------|-----------------|
| | Qty. Kg.Mn. | Value Rs.Mn. | Qty. Kg.Mn. | Value Rs.Mn. | Qty. Kg.Mn. | Value Rs.Mn. | Qty. Kg.Mn. | Value Rs.Mn. | Qty. Kg.Mn. | Value Rs.Mn. | Qty. Kg.Mn. | Value Rs.Mn. | Qty. Kg.Mn. | Value Rs.Mn. |
| Tea | 157.8 | 8,295.0 | 204.2 | 15,764.3 | 198.0 | 12,002.8 | 207.8 | 9,251.2 | 201.1 | 10,652.3 | 219.0 | 12,215.8 | 190.3 | 11,891.8 |
| Rubber | 125.2 | 2,852.0 | 126.2 | 3,301.0 | 120.4 | 2,565.9 | 110.0 | 2,622.0 | 106.0 | 2,872.6 | 99.3 | 3,706.9 | 98.0 | 3,505.5 |
| Fresh Coconut (Mn.Nuts) | 5.7 | 20.8 | 4.4 | 28.4 | 10.1 | 36.2 | 17.8 | 54.1 | 16.3 | 69.9 | 12.1 | 70.4 | 12.8 | 68.2 |
| Coconut Oil | 32.7 | 440.2 | 7.6 | 249.5 | 66.1 | 934.0 | 81.1 | 672.5 | 17.3 | 252.4 | 5.4 | 175.1 | 34.0 | 869.3 |
| Desicated Coconut | 42.1 | 945.2 | 30.1 | 1,091.4 | 52.2 | 1,296.1 | 59.8 | 848.4 | 53.2 | 1,104.0 | 22.4 | 618.3 | 42.8 | 993.5 |
| Copra | 3.7 | 69.8 | 2.4 | 72.4 | 7.5 | 99.3 | 10.1 | 87.9 | 9.0 | 112.1 | 5.1 | 102.1 | 8.4 | 150.3 |

* Provisional.

Source: Tea Commissioner's Department
Rubber Control Department
Coconut Development Authority.

TABLE 9
EXPORT QUANTITY OF SELECTED ITEMS IN MINOR EXPORT CROPS IN SRI LANKA 1981-1989

| | UNIT | 1981 | 1982 | 1983 | 1984 | 1985 | 1986 | 1987 | 1988 | 1989* |
|-------------|------|--------|--------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| Cinnamon | MT | 9,166 | 6,260 | 1,649 | 8,818 | 7,585 | 7,373 | 9,370 | 6,811 | 7,490 |
| Cloves | MT | 1,356 | 977 | 1,774 | 968 | 295 | 740 | 392 | 2,251 | 312 |
| Pepper | MT | 2,223 | 1,300 | 1,374 | 2,775 | 1,250 | 1,284 | 2,022 | 2,706 | 1,576 |
| Cocoa | MT | 912 | 912 | 854 | 618 | 1,092 | 672 | 814 | 110 | 106 |
| Cashew Nuts | MT | 1,105 | 617 | 899 | 128 | 284 | 503 | 1,034 | 1,116 | 1,328 |
| Cardamom | MT | 216 | 209 | 136 | 118 | 232 | 272 | 192 | 139 | 126 |
| Coffee | MT | 2,037 | 2,920 | 3,124 | 3,679 | 5,178 | 2,640 | 850 | 4,142 | 1,804 |
| Betel | MT | 1,697 | 2,189 | 2,027 | 2,276 | 1,700 | 1,789 | 1,902 | 2,517 | 2,383 |
| Arecanuts | MT | 2,098 | 2,410 | 3,269 | 2,199 | 383 | 1,071 | 1,376 | 1,512 | 714 |
| Sesame Seed | MT | 12,023 | 23,383 | 5,499 | 601 | 2,341 | 1,784 | 5,640 | 7,484 | 334 |

* Provisional

Source: Sri Lanka Customs

TABLE 10
FISH IMPORTS AND EXPORTS IN SRI LANKA 1981-1989

| YEAR | IMPORTS | | EXPORTS | |
|-------|------------------|--------------------------|--------------------|--------------------------|
| | Qty. (Kg.Mn.) | Value (C.I.F.) Rs.Mn. | Qty. (Kg. '000) | Value (F.O.B.) Rs.Mn. |
| 1981 | 78.3 | 1.2 | 2,568.1 | 329.8 |
| 1982 | 1,006.7 | 7.1 | 3,025.2 | 403.2 |
| 1983 | 53.0 | 5.3 | 2,389.2 | 400.4 |
| 1984 | 226.1 | 2.9 | 3,452.2 | 586.3 |
| 1985 | 42.3 | 1.0 | 4,418.9 | 446.6 |
| 1986 | 13.9 | 6.2 | 3,253.1 | 596.7 |
| 1987 | 35.1 | 12.4 | 2,038.8 | 511.5 |
| 1988 | 8.7 | 3.9 | 3,067.3 | 705.6 |
| 1989* | 49.4 | 4.1 | 3,218.0 | 687.8 |

* Provisional

Source: Sri Lanka Customs

TABLE 11
FISHERY, LIVESTOCK, MILK AND EGGS PRODUCTION IN SRI LANKA 1981-1989

| | UNIT | 1981 | 1982 | 1983 | 1984 | 1985 | 1986 | 1987 | 1988 | 1989* |
|--------------------------------------|---------------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|
| Coastal Fisheries | MT. | 175,075 | 182,532 | 184,049 | 136,642 | 140,266 | 144,266 | 149,278 | 155,099 | 157,411 |
| Off-set shore and deep sea fisheries | MT. | 2,178 | 1,078 | 689 | 823 | 2,400 | 3,400 | 4,259 | 4,425 | 8,155 |
| Inland Fisheries | MT. | 29,590 | 33,323 | 36,068 | 31,882 | 32,743 | 35,390 | 36,465 | 38,012 | 38,560 |
| Total | MT. | 206,843 | 216,933 | 220,806 | 169,347 | 175,409 | 183,056 | 190,002 | 197,536 | 204,126 |
| Meat Cattle | No. | 1,720,400 | 1,698,600 | 1,699,800 | 1,737,900 | 1,782,300 | 1,782,500 | 1,807,000 | 1,788,000 | 1,819,900 |
| buffaloes | No. | 898,100 | 879,200 | 910,000 | 951,000 | 966,600 | 964,200 | 1,007,600 | 963,400 | 967,000 |
| Goats | No. | 512,200 | 511,600 | 519,300 | 535,000 | 539,600 | 533,600 | 502,500 | 510,200 | 518,300 |
| Sheep | No. | 29,500 | 28,000 | 28,600 | 28,800 | 26,600 | 29,100 | 27,500 | 28,000 | 29,800 |
| Pigs | No. | 93,700 | 75,100 | 77,000 | 84,800 | 83,600 | 85,800 | 96,700 | 94,900 | 94,400 |
| Poultry | No. | 6,296,400 | 6,248,500 | 6,456,900 | 6,613,700 | 7,097,600 | 7,637,700 | 8,588,500 | 8,645,000 | 8,833,400 |
| Milk | ('000 Litres) | 308,718 | 162,661 | 168,202 | 171,785 | 178,863 | 176,157 | 274,537 | 225,648 | 238,202 |
| Eggs | ('000 Dozens) | 46,621 | 43,442 | 47,261 | 46,757 | 51,428 | 51,585 | 67,906 | 64,809 | 69,479 |

* Provisional
(Data on Milk Production have been revised from 1982)

Source: Ministry of Fisheries
Department of Census and Statistics

TABLE 12
FERTILIZER CONSUMPTION OF PRINCIPAL CROPS IN SRI LANKA 1981-1989

| YEAR | ('000 MT) | | | | |
|-------|-----------|--------|---------|-------|-----------|
| | Tea | Rubber | Coconut | Paddy | Other (1) |
| 1981 | 103.3 | 16.8 | 37.7 | 155.6 | 52.9 |
| 1982 | 102.6 | 16.5 | 30.3 | 167.1 | 62.9 |
| 1983 | 115.5 | 18.5 | 25.6 | 162.1 | 73.2 |
| 1984 | 137.4 | 23.5 | 49.9 | 186.8 | 73.2 |
| 1985 | 149.9 | 24.2 | 41.0 | 202.5 | 75.8 |
| 1986 | 128.9 | 26.3 | 31.4 | 232.6 | 75.5 |
| 1987 | 136.7 | 23.3 | 42.2 | 217.1 | 86.1 |
| 1988 | 138.0 | 25.1 | 42.0 | 226.2 | 93.9 |
| 1989* | 181.4 | 8.7 | 9.0 | 165.3 | 32.1 |

* Provisional

Source: National Fertilizer Secretariat

(1) This includes fertilizer issues to Minor Food Crops,
Minor Export Crops, Tobacco and Other Crops.

TABLE 13
GUARANTEED PRICE SCHEME FOR PADDY

| From | To | Guaranteed Price In Rs/Bushel |
|----------------------|----------------------|----------------------------------|
| 1948 | 1951 July | 8.00 |
| 1951 August | 1952 August | 9.00 |
| 1952 September | 1967 October | 12.00 |
| 1967 November | 1972 October | 14.00 |
| 1972 November | 14th February, 1973 | 15.00 |
| 15th February, 1973 | 30th September, 1973 | 18.00 |
| 1st October, 1973 | 20th March, 1974 | 25.00 |
| 30th March, 1974 | 10th July, 1974 | 30.00 |
| 11th July, 1974 | 15th November, 1977 | 33.00 |
| 16th November, 1977 | 5th November, 1980 | 40.00 |
| 6th November, 1980 | 28th January, 1981 | 50.00 |
| 29th January, 1981 | 14th September, 1981 | 52.50 |
| 15th September, 1981 | 7th March, 1983 | 57.50 |
| 8th March, 1983 | 13th November, 1985 | 62.50 |
| 14th November, 1985 | 9th August, 1988 | 70.00 |
| 10th August, 1988 | 15th November, 1989 | 80.00 |
| 16th November, 1989 | to date | 100.00 |

Source: Paddy Marketing Board

TABLE 14
F.O.B. PRICES AND COLOMBO MARKET PRICES (C.M.P.) OF MAJOR AGRICULTURAL PRODUCTS 1983-1989

| | 1983 | | 1984 | | 1985 | | 1986 | | 1987 | | 1988 | | 1989 | |
|---------------------------------|-----------------|----------|-----------------|----------|-----------------|----------|-----------------|--------|-----------------|----------|-----------------|----------|-----------------|----------|
| | F.O.B. | C.M.P. | F.O.B. | C.M.P. | F.O.B. | C.M.P. | F.O.B. | C.M.P. | F.O.B. | C.M.P. | F.O.B. | C.M.P. | F.O.B. | C.M.P. |
| | Price Rs.Cts | Rs.Cts | Price Rs.Cts | Rs.Cts | Price Rs.Cts | Rs.Cts | Price Rs.Cts | Rs.Cts | Price Rs.Cts | Rs.Cts | Price Rs.Cts | Rs.Cts | Price Rs.Cts | Rs.Cts |
| Tea | 52.52 | 43.27 | 77.20 | 63.27 | 60.62 | 35.39 | 44.52 | 31.12 | 52.97 | 39.30 | 55.95 | 41.59 | 62.49 | 52.16 |
| Rubber | 22.77 | 14.51 | 26.16 | 14.75 | 21.34 | 15.46 | 23.83 | 17.06 | 27.63 | 20.21 | 37.33 | 24.40 | 35.77 | 22.56 |
| Coconut (Fresh) ('000 Nuts) | 3,811.38 | 1,780.85 | 6,917.61 | 3,195.85 | 3,917.39 | 1,389.50 | 3,040.00 | 952.43 | 4,280.99 | 1,890.00 | 5,814.97 | 4,310.00 | 5,321.84 | 3,430.00 |
| Coconut Oil | 12.53 | 15.52 | 24.52 | 28.49 | 14.10 | 14.97 | 8.29 | 8.26 | 14.71 | 16.75 | 32.72 | 30.86 | 25.56 | 19.47 |
| Desicated Coconut | 21.49 | 18.61 | 37.00 | 24.87 | 25.16 | 12.31 | 14.18 | 10.01 | 20.68 | 18.30 | 27.57 | 23.05 | 23.23 | 18.68 |
| Copra | 17.94 | 9.75 | 30.36 | 18.60 | 13.90 | 9.35 | 8.72 | 5.88 | 8.82 | 12.53 | 17.45 | 18.89 | 17.92 | 13.33 |

Source: Sri Lanka Tea Board
Rubber Control Department
Coconut Development Authority

TABLE 15
 INSTALLED CAPACITY AND GROSS ELECTRICITY GENERAGED 1981-1989

| YEAR | Installed Capacity | Units Generated Mn.KWH | | |
|-------|--------------------|------------------------|---------|-------|
| | | Hydro | Thermal | Total |
| 1981 | 522 | 1,571 | 300 | 1,871 |
| 1982 | 562 | 1,608 | 458 | 2,066 |
| 1983 | 592 | 1,217 | 897 | 2,114 |
| 1984 | 812 | 2,090 | 170 | 2,260 |
| 1985 | 1,016 | 2,400 | 69 | 2,470 |
| 1986 | 1,016 | 2,645 | 8 | 2,653 |
| 1987 | 1,138 | 2,177 | 530 | 2,707 |
| 1988 | 1,208 | 2,598 | 202 | 2,800 |
| 1989* | 1,241 | 2,802 | 56 | 2,858 |

* Provisional
 N.A Not available.

Source: Ceylon Electricity Board

TABLE 16
 PRODUCTION AND SALES OF L.P. GAS AND AIR MIXED GAS 1981-1989

| Year | Production | | Sales | |
|-------|------------------|-------------------------------------|------------------|-------------------------------------|
| | L.P. Gas (MT) | Air Mixed Gas (Cu.Mtrs.) '000 | L.P. Gas (MT) | Air Mixed Gas (Cu.Mtrs.) '000 |
| 1981 | 6,425.0 | 4,757.4 | 4,950.0 | 14,004.0 |
| 1982 | 8,197.0 | 3,080.8 | 6,573.2 | 964.3 |
| 1983 | 7,058.0 | 2,090.8 | 8,066.9 | 835.1 |
| 1984 | 8,631.0 | 2,063.6 | 10,859.7 | 849.6 |
| 1985 | 11,815.0 | 1,808.4 | 12,722.9 | 882.5 |
| 1986 | 16,480.0 | 2,034.9 | 15,943.0 | 1,098.3 |
| 1987 | 18,185.0 | 2,345.5 | 19,342.5 | 1,375.1 |
| 1988 | 20,100.0 | 2,338.2 | 20,168.0 | 1,127.8 |
| 1989* | 15,192.0 | 1,990.5 | 23,956.0 | 1,229.2 |

* Provisional

Source: G.O.B.U. Colombo Gas and Water Company Ltd.

TABLE 17
ELECTRICITY SALES BY THE TYPE OF CUSTOMER 1981-1989

| (Million Kwh) | | | | | |
|---------------|----------|------------|------------|-------------------|---------|
| Year | Domestic | Industrial | Commercial | Local Authorities | Total |
| 1981 | 216.3 | 676.7 | 219.4 | 379.7 | 14592.1 |
| 1982 | 258.3 | 739.1 | 262.5 | 415 | 1674.7 |
| 1983 | 304.9 | 751.9 | 291.7 | 432.9 | 1781.4 |
| 1984 | 316.9 | 790.8 | 299.4 | 457.7 | 1864.9 |
| 1985 | 348 | 848.2 | 352.3 | 502 | 2050.5 |
| 1986 | 369.2 | 925.3 | 381.4 | 543.3 | 2219.2 |
| 1987 | 382.2 | 884.3 | 395.9 | 571.7 | 2234.1 |
| 1988 | 404.8 | 905.4 | 358.1 | 600.9 | 2269.2 |
| 1989* | 415.2 | 931.3 | 348.9 | 634.2 | 2329.6 |

* Provisional

Source: Ceylon Electricity Board

TABLE 18
GEM EXPORT STATISTICS 1982-1988

| | 1982 | | 1983 | | 1984 | | 1985 | | 1986 | | 1987 | | 1988 | | 1989 | |
|---------------|---------------------------|-------------------|---------------------------|-------------------|---------------------------|-------------------|---------------------------|-------------------|---------------------------|-------------------|---------------------------|-------------------|---------------------------|-------------------|---------------------------|-------------------|
| | Qty. Carats ('000) | Value (Rs.Mn.) | Qty. Carats ('000) | Value (Rs.Mn.) | Qty. Carats ('000) | Value (Rs.Mn.) | Qty. Carats ('000) | Value (Rs.Mn.) | Qty. Carats ('000) | Value (Rs.Mn.) | Qty. Carats ('000) | Value (Rs.Mn.) | Qty. Carats ('000) | Value (Rs.Mn.) | Qty. Carats ('000) | Value (Rs.Mn.) |
| Blue Sapphire | 73.6 | 141.6 | 43.5 | 144.6 | 54.3 | 156.2 | 43.8 | 120.1 | 53.7 | 172.3 | 51.2 | 363.3 | 56.6 | 419.9 | 69.0 | 318.5 |
| Star Sapphire | 90.7 | 47.1 | 115.4 | 65.3 | 184.6 | 78.2 | 189.8 | 70.8 | 249.1 | 93.1 | 186.7 | 177 | 191.4 | 231.7 | 171.4 | 205.7 |
| Ruby | 2.2 | 18.5 | 1.3 | 13.5 | 2.3 | 13.2 | 1.6 | 5.4 | 1.3 | 8.8 | 1.6 | 18.9 | 2.1 | 25.5 | 8.6 | 84.6 |
| Star Ruby | 4 | 13 | 4 | 14.1 | 6.6 | 15.2 | 4.1 | 10 | 3.1 | 10.2 | 4.3 | 17.4 | 5.7 | 36.0 | 5.8 | 31.7 |
| Cats Eye | 9.4 | 65.4 | 21 | 78 | 32.4 | 84.6 | 24 | 77.1 | 28.5 | 125.1 | 27.9 | 220.9 | 26.8 | 235.4 | 21.4 | 187.6 |
| Others | 426.8 | 100.3 | 889.1 | 205.1 | 1375.4 | 175.9 | 1976.6 | 162.8 | 4143.9 | 222.6 | 4075.7 | 547.3 | 3,701.9 | 380.2 | 5,946.0 | 459.4 |
| Total Exports | 606.7 | 385.9 | 1074.3 | 530.6 | 1655.6 | 523.3 | 2239.9 | 446.2 | 4479.6 | 632.1 | 4347.4 | 1344.8 | 3,984.5 | 1,328.7 | 6,222.2 | 1,287.5 |

Source: State Gem Corporation

TABLE 19
MINERAL SANDS PRODUCTION 1982-1989

| | 1982 | | 1983 | | 1984 | | 1985 | | 1986 | | 1987 | | 1988 | | 1989 | |
|--------------|--------------|-------------------|--------------|-------------------|--------------|-------------------|--------------|-------------------|--------------|-------------------|--------------|-------------------|--------------|-------------------|--------------|-------------------|
| | Qty. (MT) | Value (Rs.Mn.) | Qty. (MT) | Value (Rs.Mn.) | Qty. (MT) | Value (Rs.Mn.) | Qty. (MT) | Value (Rs.Mn.) | Qty. (MT) | Value (Rs.Mn.) | Qty. (MT) | Value (Rs.Mn.) | Qty. (MT) | Value (Rs.Mn.) | Qty. (MT) | Value (Rs.Mn.) |
| Ilmanite | 65214 | 4.9 | 76462 | 5.4 | 97046 | 9.4 | 114954 | 12.8 | 129907 | 23.4 | 128490 | 22.3 | 74305 | 21.1 | 97798 | 56.3 |
| Rutile | 7212 | 8.5 | 8386 | 10 | 6467 | 9.9 | 8605 | 16.6 | 8443 | 16.5 | 7238 | 5.7 | 5255 | 4.8 | 5589 | 4.4 |
| Zircon | 5789 | 6.8 | 5923 | 7.1 | 3708 | 5.7 | 4061 | 7.8 | 910 | 1.8 | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Menoizite | - | - | - | - | - | - | 79590 | 0.2 | 17570 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Hi-Ilmanite | 3068 | 3.6 | 4024 | 4.8 | 5008 | 7.7 | 7734 | 14.9 | 3966 | 7.7 | 3938 | 3.1 | 3702 | 3.4 | 3556 | 3.6 |
| Crude Zircon | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 867430 | 1.6 | 23855 | 18.9 | 20900 | 19.1 | 21983 | 16.7 |

- Not Available.

Source: Ceylon Mineral Sands Corporation

TABLE 20
MINERAL SANDS SALES 1982-1989

| ITEM | 1982 | | 1983 | | 1984 | | 1985 | | 1986 | | 1987 | | 1988 | | 1989 | |
|-----------------------------|------------------|------------------|------------------|------------------|------------------|------------------|------------------|------------------|------------------|------------------|------------------|------------------|------------------|------------------|------------------|------------------|
| | Quantity (MT) | Value Rs.'000 | Quantity (MT) | Value Rs.'000 | Quantity (MT) | Value Rs.'000 | Quantity (MT) | Value Rs.'000 | Quantity (MT) | Value Rs.'000 | Quantity (MT) | Value Rs.'000 | Quantity (MT) | Value Rs.'000 | Quantity (MT) | Value Rs.'000 |
| Ilmanite Local Exports | - | - | - | - | 1 | 1.4 | 2,500 | 2.9 | 2,000 | 2.9 | 10,250 | 19.8 | - | - | - | - |
| | 46,975 | 15,272.3 | 30,673 | 10,889.7 | 130,967 | 52,684.7 | 147,666 | 86,907.8 | 95,298 | 102,094.9 | 106,722 | 146,607.4 | 91,878 | 145,783.0 | 118,080 | 235,637.0 |
| Rutile Local Exports | 56 | 346.4 | 45 | 266.5 | 50 | 387.0 | 11 | 123.6 | 29 | 340.1 | 41 | 467.6 | 22 | 262.0 | 34 | 541.0 |
| | 15,355 | 74,728.2 | 12,274 | 56,781.0 | 4,711 | 33,650.5 | 8,374 | 73,671.0 | 7,248 | 74,996.4 | - | - | 13,810 | 147,716.0 | 5,230 | 103,091.0 |
| Zircon Local Exports | 141 | 348.3 | 164 | 381.2 | 129 | 275.6 | 132 | 400.1 | 88 | 317.8 | 194 | 726.5 | 31 | 189.0 | 5 | 21.0 |
| | - | - | 11,390 | 16,542.6 | 3,678 | 6,551.7 | 4,548 | 10,520.7 | 34 | 154.1 | 1,700 | 9,528.9 | - | - | - | - |
| Monozone Local Exports | - | - | - | - | 50 | 0.3 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| | - | - | - | - | 605,800 | 2,491.6 | 397,072 | 1,691.1 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| High-Ilmanite Local Exports | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 17,625 | 20,511.3 | - | - | 5,207 | 9,103.0 | - | - |
| Crude Zircon Local Exports | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 21 | 59.0 | 83 | 221.0 |
| | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 27,281 | 34,899.9 | 27,538 | 41,195.0 | - | - |

Source: Ceylon Mineral Sands Corporation

TABLE 21
SUGAR PRODUCTION 1981-1989

| YEAR | HINGURANA | | KANTALE | | SEVANAGALA | | TOTAL | |
|-------|-----------|---------------|----------|---------------|------------|---------------|----------|---------------|
| | Qty.(MT) | Value(Rs.Mn.) | Qty.(MT) | Value(Rs.Mn.) | Qty.(MT) | Value(Rs.Mn.) | Qty.(MT) | Value(Rs.Mn.) |
| 1981 | 13,574 | 121.8 | 11,423 | 61.6 | - | - | 24,997 | 183.3 |
| 1982 | 12,985 | 129.8 | 10,720 | 70.3 | - | - | 23,705 | 200.1 |
| 1983 | 12,623 | 160.7 | 9,202 | 82.6 | - | - | 21,825 | 243.2 |
| 1984 | 10,816 | 132.0 | 8,834 | 89.7 | - | - | 19,650 | 221.6 |
| 1985 | 10,269 | 149.7 | 9,323 | 89.8 | - | - | 19,592 | 239.3 |
| 1986 | 8,008 | 118.0 | 7,192 | 81.2 | 6,533 | 94.9 | 21,733 | 294.1 |
| 1987 | 8,658 | 125.6 | 2,933 | 52.4 | 4,868 | 69.8 | 16,454 | 247.8 |
| 1988 | 11,089 | 164.2 | 1,435 | 59.5 | 11,124 | 203.0 | 23,648 | 426.6 |
| 1989* | 14,256 | 242.3 | 2,305 | 67.1 | 9,078 | 244.2 | 25,639 | 553.6 |

- Not Available
* Provisional

Source: Sri Lanka Sugar Corporation

TABLE 22
SUGAR SALES 1981-1989

| Year | HINGURANA | | KANTALE | | SEVANAGALA | | TOTAL | |
|-------|-----------------------|------------------|-----------------------|------------------|-----------------------|------------------|-----------------------|------------------|
| | Sugar Sold '000 MT | Value Rs. Mn. | Sugar Sold '000 MT | Value Rs. Mn. | Sugar Sold '000 MT | Value Rs. Mn. | Sugar Sold '000 MT | Value Rs. Mn. |
| 1981 | 10,654.6 | 156.5 | 9,743.5 | 147.8 | - | - | 20,398.1 | 304.3 |
| 1982 | 10,567.7 | 181.3 | 12,638.7 | 144.8 | - | - | 23,206.4 | 326.0 |
| 1983 | 12,326.6 | 138.8 | 9,289.3 | 100.8 | - | - | 21,616.0 | 239.6 |
| 1984 | 11,191.3 | 121.9 | 8,903.6 | 99.4 | - | - | 20,095.0 | 221.3 |
| 1985 | 10,348.7 | 114.0 | 9,330.2 | 104.9 | - | - | 19,678.9 | 218.9 |
| 1986 | 7,963.4 | 110.0 | 7,171.6 | 99.0 | 6,509.4 | 86.3 | 21,644.4 | 295.4 |
| 1987 | 8,768.4 | 124.6 | 2,910.8 | 42.0 | 4,776.6 | 68.3 | 16,455.7 | 234.9 |
| 1988 | 10,558.0 | 169.8 | 1,459.0 | 22.9 | 11,086.0 | 179.0 | 23,103.0 | 372.6 |
| 1989* | 12,124.0 | 261.7 | 2,144.9 | 44.3 | 6,680.0 | 145.2 | 20,948.9 | 451.2 |

- Not Available
* Provisional

Source : Sri Lanka Sugar Corporation

TABLE 23
 PRODUCTION OF NATIONAL PAPER CORPORATION 1982-1989

| | 1982 | 1983 | 1984 | 1985 | 1986 | 1987 | 1988 | 1989* |
|---|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|
| Total Production of Paper and Paper Board (MT) | 22,209 | 22,262 | 20,210 | 24,080 | 26,533 | 27,041 | 24,997 | 18,059 |
| Production Value at Producer Prices (Rs.Mn.) | 412.3 | 471.3 | 440.1 | 549.1 | 561.4 | 495.8 | 544.8 | 467.6 |

*Provisional

Source: National Paper Corporation.

TABLE 24
TEXTILE EXPORTS 1982-1989

(Rs. '000)

| PRODUCTS | EXPORT VALUE | | | | | | | |
|-------------------------------------|---------------------------|------------------|------------------|------------------|------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|
| | 1982 | 1983 | 1984 | 1985 | 1986 | 1987 | 1988 | 1989* |
| Textiles and Wearing Apparel | | | | | | | | |
| 01. Woven Fabrics | 11,691 | 26,527 | 67,825 | 125,080 | 131,872 | 135,514 | 111,496 | 72,943 |
| 02. Garments | 3,443,856 | 4,635,574 | 7,358,194 | 7,700,764 | 9,265,374 | 12,387,594 | 13,619,032 | 16,916,301 |
| 03. Other Madeup Articles | 20,606 | 33,422 | 50,186 | 38,434 | 111,178 | 191,740 | 313,025 | 315,761 |
| Total Value | 3,476,153 | 4,695,523 | 7,476,205 | 7,864,278 | 9,508,424 | 12,714,848 | 14,043,553 | 17,304,805 |
| * Provisional | Source: Sri Lanka Customs | | | | | | | |

TABLE 25
 PRODUCTION AND VALUE OF TEXTILES 1982-1989

(Rs.'000)

| Items | Unit | 1982 | | 1983 | | 1984 | | 1985 | | 1986 | | 1987 | | 1988 | | 1989* | |
|-------|-------------|------------|---------|------------|---------|------------|---------|------------|---------|------------|---------|------------|---------|------------|---------|------------|-----------|
| | | Production | Value | Production | Value | Production | Value | Production | Value | Production | Value | Production | Value | Production | Value | Production | Value |
| Cloth | Metres(000) | 34,329 | 497,437 | 31,304 | 461,977 | 32,737 | 596,140 | 41,281 | 674,093 | 48,889 | 761,349 | 42,512 | 846,895 | 43,100 | 931,201 | 43,068 | 1,050,610 |
| Yarn | Kg.(000) | 7,398 | 334,396 | 6,149 | 366,194 | 6,063 | 457,815 | 7,780 | 513,108 | 7,866 | 518,317 | 7,573 | 556,332 | 8,417 | 876,018 | 6,592 | 632,029 |

* Provisional

Source: G.O.B.U. Textile Industry

TABLE 26
EXPORTS OF PETROLEUM PRODUCTS 1982-1988

| Type of Exports | (Rs. Million) | | | | | | | |
|-----------------|---------------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|--------|
| | 1982 | 1983 | 1984 | 1985 | 1986 | 1987 | 1988 | 1989* |
| Marine Bunkers | 1,252.7 | 1,128.7 | 1,686.5 | 1,633.4 | 1,155.3 | 1,424.8 | 1,105.8 | 543.6 |
| Aviation Fuels | 870.6 | 732.7 | 724.1 | 651.8 | 558.3 | 524.5 | 455.1 | 507.5 |
| Naptha | 430.8 | 343.7 | 437.7 | 800.9 | 474.9 | 499.3 | 405.3 | 363 |
| Others | 725.9 | 476.8 | 426.1 | 761.3 | 169.3 | 128.6 | 300.8 | 178.2 |
| Total | 3,280.0 | 2,681.9 | 3,274.4 | 3,847.4 | 2,357.8 | 2,577.2 | 2,267.0 | 1592.3 |

* Provisional

Source: Sri Lanka Petroleum Corporation

TABLE 27
PRODUCTION VALUE OF SELECTED PETROLEUM PRODUCTS 1982-1989

| | (Rs. '000) | | | | | | | |
|---------------------------|-------------------|------------------|-------------------|-------------------|------------------|-------------------|------------------|------------------|
| Product | 1982 | 1983 | 1984 | 1985 | 1986 | 1987 | 1988 | 1989 * |
| A. Refinery | | | | | | | | |
| 1. Super Petrol | 894,783 | 795,774 | 903,403 | 995,366 | 786,954 | 1,028,034 | 1,131,450 | 969,811 |
| 2. Kerosene | 1,297,437 | 1,049,849 | 1,124,515 | 1,260,299 | 903,284 | 1,203,089 | 1,251,436 | 1,112,648 |
| 3. Auto Diesel | 2,526,731 | 1,252,033 | 2,395,385 | 2,565,418 | 1,893,765 | 2,350,658 | 2,816,537 | 1,944,643 |
| 4. Heavy Diesel | 863,288 | 1,473,192 | 704,401 | 394,585 | 293,784 | 1,225,209 | 516,538 | 297,474 |
| 5. Fuel Oil | 892,831 | N.A. | 3,139,799 | 1,685,125 | 1,600,360 | 2,800,179 | 2,326,568 | 1,920,556 |
| 6. Avtur | 963,459 | 522,752 | 886,556 | 593,680 | 566,866 | 589,840 | 666,721 | 441,938 |
| 7. S.B.P. and L.A.W.S. | 24,998 | 35,382 | 53,699 | 28,823 | 38,484 | 38,900 | 48,850 | |
| 8. Other | 3,696,274 | 3,180,035 | 1,321,411 | 2,537,207 | 1,029,221 | 1,198,670 | 992,783 | 774,931 |
| Total | 11,153,801 | 8,308,017 | 10,529,169 | 10,060,503 | 7,112,718 | 10,414,579 | 9,742,883 | 7,462,001 |
| B. Blending Plants | | | | | | | | |
| Lubricants | 1,276,112 | 324,883 | 313,629 | 296,224 | 365,383 | 339,554 | 278,459 | 389,762 |
| C. Candle Factory | | | | | | | | |
| Candles | 5,713 | 5,397 | 7,207 | 7,971 | 3,815 | 5,056 | 9,943 | 12,299 |

* Provisional

Source: Sri Lanka Petroleum Corporation

TABLE 28
ANNUAL PRODUCTION OF PETROLDEUM (CORPORATION) 1982-1989

| | Unit | 1982 | 1983 | 1984 | 1985 | 1986 | 1987 | 1988 | 1989 * |
|--------------------------|------------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|
| A. Refinery | | | | | | | | | |
| 1. Super Petrol | MT | 113,927 | 97,821 | 115,865 | 116,181 | 112,728 | 131,257 | 158,161 | 118,466 |
| 2. Kerosene | MT | 155,233 | 130,416 | 148,233 | 156,948 | 142,502 | 152,747 | 162,851 | 124,097 |
| 3. Auto Diesel | MT | 336,232 | 177,972 | 358,727 | 364,150 | 375,024 | 332,020 | 417,425 | 249,678 |
| 4. Heavy Diesel | MT | 116,127 | 211,059 | 107,572 | 560,010 | 57,643 | 163,006 | 79,882 | 39,337 |
| 5. Fuel Oil 3500 | MT | 80,409 | 84,931 | 94,665 | 24,029 | N.A. | 42,695 | 24,079 | 9,891 |
| 6. Fuel Oil 500 | MT | 4,826 | 33,084 | 6,598 | 4,378 | 4,926 | 4,229 | 7,093 | 6,279 |
| 7. Fuel Oil 800 | MT | 44,218 | 0 | 26,720 | 24,609 | 14,830 | 21,048 | 26,597 | 23,964 |
| 8. Fuel Oil 1000 | MT | 383,383 | 379,489 | 238,178 | 280,273 | 176,447 | 79,363 | 121,121 | 93,175 |
| 9. Fuel Oil 1500 | MT | 202,456 | 0 | 291,615 | 269,851 | 311,632 | 448,263 | 442,921 | 312,502 |
| 10. Fuel Gas | MT | 128 | 272 | 511 | 6 | 169 | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. |
| 11. Chemical Nephtha | MT | 157,616 | 122,761 | 121,048 | 124,423 | 124,946 | 119,894 | 96,094 | 57,673 |
| 12. Bitumaine | MT | 24,871 | 22,790 | 35,177 | 32,013 | 42,680 | 33,160 | 27,480 | 26,139 |
| 13. Avtur | MT | 114,985 | 64,165 | 115,717 | 73,933 | 87,522 | 71,149 | 85,716 | 48,555 |
| 14. S.B.P. | MT | 1,076 | 1,162 | 1,401 | 755 | 1,355 | 1,050 | N.A. | N.A. |
| 15. R.A.W.S. | MT | 1,473 | 1,443 | 2,837 | 1,436 | 2,034 | 2,544 | 3,685 | N.A. |
| 16. L.P.G. | MT | 8,197 | 7,058 | 8,633 | 11,815 | 14,999 | 18,133 | 20,013 | 15,195 |
| 17. S.R. Nephtha | MT | 21,335 | 18,230 | 23,289 | 1,354 | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. |
| Total | MT | 1,785,479 | 1,358,106 | 1,696,766 | 1,543,164 | 1,464,315 | 1,620,558 | 1,673,818 | 1,124,951 |
| B. Blending Plant | | | | | | | | | |
| Lubricants | '000 Litre | 22,249 | 22,428 | 22,433 | 21,286 | 21,184 | 23,331 | 20,102 | 23,930 |
| C. Candle Factory | | | | | | | | | |
| Candle | Cases | 22,232 | 21,662 | 646,860** | 676,530** | 13,158 | 17,639 | 20,360 | 23,607 |

(** Figures in Lbs.)
* Provisional

Source: Sri Lanka Petroleum Corporation

TABLE 29
ANNUAL PRODUCTION AND SALES OF CEMENT 1982-1989

| Period | Unit | Production Quantity | production Value (Rs.) | Sales Quantity | Sales Value(Rs.) |
|--------|---------|---------------------|------------------------|----------------|------------------|
| 1982 | '000 MT | 573,261 | 728,339 | 571,635 | 737,990 |
| 1983 | '000 MT | 507,401 | 574,216 | 498,981 | 889,111 |
| 1984 | '000 MT | 403,301 | 654,208 | 405,639 | 756,155 |
| 1985 | '000 MT | 379,545 | 754,185 | 380,439 | 745,846 |
| 1986 | '000 MT | 546,725 | 1,100,550 | 546,034 | 1,080,995 |
| 1987 | '000 MT | 609,746 | 943,647 | 612,074 | 1,240,256 |
| 1988 | '000 MT | 632,804 | 1,272,991 | 629,328 | 1,267,149 |
| 1989* | '000 MT | 595,621 | 1,625,532 | 580,628 | 1,310,286 |

* Provisional

Source: Sri Lanka Cement Corporation

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TABLE 30
ANNUAL PRODUCTION AND SALES OF CERAMIC INDUSTRY 1984 - 1989

(Rs. '000)

| Production | Unit | 1984 | | 1985 | | | 1986 | | | 1987 | | | 1988 | | | 1989* | | | |
|-------------------|------|------------|---------|--------|------------|---------|--------|------------|---------|---------|------------|---------|---------|------------|---------|---------|--------|---------|---------|
| | | production | | sales | production | | sales | production | | sales | production | | sales | production | | sales | | | |
| | | Qty. | Value | Value | Qty. | Value | Value | Qty. | Value | Value | Qty. | Value | Value | Qty. | Value | Value | Qty. | Value | Value |
| Crockery | MT | 3,479 | 101,281 | 90,154 | 3,223 | 103,600 | 99,314 | 3,474 | 123,483 | 105,496 | 3,038 | 116,803 | 130,363 | 3,383 | 143,295 | 110,450 | 3,358 | 181,139 | 173,279 |
| Sanitary ware | MT | 747 | 25,960 | 31,410 | 798 | 30,356 | 35,906 | 902 | 30,859 | 41,979 | 842 | 40,871 | 45,425 | 1,055 | 55,170 | 52,330 | 859 | 59,019 | 63,001 |
| Insulators | MT | 209 | 4,314 | 4,673 | 107 | 4,661 | 4,329 | 240 | 12,173 | 12,364 | 309 | 16,691 | 16,325 | 307 | 17,078 | 14,833 | 342 | 20,380 | 18,169 |
| Keolin | MT | 7,390 | 5,751 | 13,014 | 6,346 | 6,266 | 13,354 | 6,263 | 18,517 | 16,001 | 6,768 | 20,423 | 20,449 | 7,097 | 17,353 | 18,677 | 9,042 | 31,117 | 24,086 |
| Ball Clay refined | MT | 1,144 | 529 | 1,248 | 1,022 | 583 | 1,215 | 20,470 | 9,952 | 6,167 | 20,210 | 10,261 | 5,866 | 17,200 | 5,629 | 4,485 | 19,578 | 6,019 | 6,411 |
| Ball clay raw | MT | 11,619 | 1,268 | 2,307 | 14,208 | 3,476 | 4,156 | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Bricks and Tiles | '000 | 19,997 | 47,143 | 42,849 | 22,704 | 60,716 | 55,394 | 22,511 | 64,990 | 68,361 | 20,261 | 65,476 | 57,615 | 17,392 | 58,144 | 56,968 | 19,533 | 77,051 | 78,811 |

* Provisional

Source: Ceylon Ceramic Corporation

TABLE 31
TRANSPORT SERVICES - RAILWAY

| ITEM | 1982 | 1983 | 1984 | 1985 | 1986 | 1987 | 1988 | 1989* |
|---|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|
| 01. Route Kilometerage | 1,453 | 1,453 | 1,453 | 1,453 | 1,453 | 1,453 | 1,453 | 1,453 |
| 02. Rolling Stocks | | | | | | | | |
| (i) Engines (locomotives) | 246 | 265 | 252 | 247 | 246 | 194 | 193 | 193 |
| (ii) Carriages | 2,845 | 2,859 | 2,868 | 2,701 | 2,658 | 23,840 | 2,436 | 2,266 |
| (iii) Wagons | 5,473 | 5,143 | 5,151 | 4,982 | 4,231 | 48,270 | 4,830 | 4,377 |
| 03. Train Kilometers Operated | | | | | | | | |
| (i) Passenger trains | 7,746,103 | 6,113,729 | 5,902,574 | 5,987,638 | 5,787,155 | 5,916,773 | 5,537,045 | 4,963,800 |
| (ii) Goods trains | 2,397,100 | 2,054,142 | 2,408,211 | 2,258,113 | 2,098,786 | 2,053,948 | 1,106,540 | 993,300 |
| 04. Passenger Kilometers | | | | | | | | |
| (i) Ordinary tickets '000 Km. | 1,998,503 | 1,322,512 | 1,215,848 | 1,047,869 | 902,485 | 979,178 | 863,785 | 844,900 |
| (ii) Season tickets '000 Km. | 1,195,950 | 1,124,728 | 1,064,376 | 1,052,941 | 1,069,486 | 902,727 | 995,332 | 832,100 |
| 05. Passengers Carried '000 | 70,889 | 61,379 | 59,591 | 60,343 | 59,737 | 60,626 | 54,933 | 50,200 |
| (i) Income per passenger per Km. (Cents) | 0.09 | 0.11 | 0.13 | 0.13 | 0.13 | 0.13 | 0.12 | 0.12 |
| (ii) Expenditure per passenger per Km. (Cents) | 0.17 | 0.26 | 0.35 | 0.35 | 0.38 | 0.41 | 0.46 | 0.44 |
| 06. Goods Carried '000 MT | 1,642 | 1,576 | 1,590 | 1,614 | 1,574 | 1,497 | 1,506 | 1,205 |
| (i) Income per ton per Km. (Cents) | 0.43 | 0.57 | 0.62 | 0.71 | 0.93 | 0.95 | 0.94 | 0.87 |
| (ii) Expenditure per ton per Km. (Cents) | 1.01 | 1.11 | 1.35 | 1.21 | 1.43 | 1.62 | 1.72 | 1.63 |
| 07. Total Revenue Rs'000 | 410,000 | 447,909 | 522,980 | 483,146 | 500,789 | 506,382 | 464,267 | 457,774 |
| 08. Total Expenditure Rs'000 | 765,000 | 887,161 | 1,125,023 | 1,009,867 | 1,045,690 | 1,133,180 | 1,212,781 | 1,241,500 |

* Provisional

Source: Department of Railway

TABLE 32
SRI LANKA TRANSPORT BOARD

| | 1982 | 1983 | 1984 | 1985 | 1986 | 1987 | 1988 | 1989 |
|---|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|
| 01. Total number of buses owned | 7,453 | 7,526 | 8,005 | 7,335 | 7,212 | 7,245 | 7,021 | 7,086 |
| 02. Average number of buses operated per day | 5,602 | 5,541 | 5,062 | 4,880 | 4,750 | 4,697 | 4,407 | 3,888 |
| 03. Number of bus Kilometers operated ('000) Kilometers | 481,382 | 457,550 | 416,815 | 390,337 | 375,281 | 371,191 | 333,610 | 260,800 |
| 04. Total number of passengers carried ('000) | 1,363,000 | 1,218,177 | 1,050,673 | 985,500 | 978,417 | 1,040,511 | 988,000 | 851,000 |
| 05. Total Revenue (Rs. '000) | 1,806,600 | 1,931,284 | 1,997,360 | 2,209,543 | 2,381,767 | 2,537,710 | 2,510,220 | 2,154,827 |
| 06. Revenue per bus Km. in Rs.Cts | 3.75 | 4.22 | 4.79 | 5.66 | 6.35 | 6.84 | 7.52 | 8.26 |
| 07. Total Expenditure (Rs. '000) | 2,401,316 | 2,589,298 | 2,694,214 | 2,657,106 | 2,676,749 | 2,640,200 | 2,801,270 | 2,863,373 |

Source: Sri Lanka Central Transport Board.

TABLE 33
TRANSPORT SERVICES - PRIVATE OMNI BUSES

| Year | Number of Buses in Operation | Total Seating Capacity | Total Income On Route Permits Rs.'000 | Number of Buses - According to seating Capacity | | | | |
|-------|------------------------------|------------------------|--|---|-------|-------|-------|--------------|
| | | | | 15 and Less | 16-25 | 26-35 | 36-42 | 43 and above |
| 1984 | 10,482 | 243,351 | 10,505.0 | 3,705 | 2,695 | 3,309 | 360 | 413 |
| 1985 | 9,864 | 220,587 | 12,395.0 | 3,906 | 2,316 | 2,637 | 529 | 476 |
| 1986 | 10,370 | 231,834 | 13,730.4 | 4,605 | 2,341 | 2,669 | 265 | 490 |
| 1987 | 10,392 | 253,855 | 12,364.7 | 4,671 | 2,307 | 2,932 | 286 | 196 |
| 1988 | 8,812 | 225,963 | 10,391.1 | 3,619 | 1,396 | 3,239 | 290 | 268 |
| 1989* | 8,812 | 226,522 | 11,378.9 | 3,619 | 1,396 | 3,239 | 290 | 268 |

* provisional

Source: Department of Private Omni Bus Transport

TABLE 34
MOTOR VEHICLES - REGISTERED

| Period | SLTB Buses | Private Buses | Private Cars and Hiring Cars | Motor Cycles | Lorries | Tractors | Other | Total |
|-----------------------------|---------------|------------------|---------------------------------------|-----------------|---------|----------|--------|---------|
| Stocks as at end of 1980 | 15,000 | 5,752 | 17,873 | 79,803 | 60,535 | 54,796 | 623 | 234,382 |
| 1981 | 15,024 | 8,068 | 126,256 | 96,851 | 68,427 | 58,826 | 658 | 374,110 |
| 1982 | 15,579 | 10,593 | 131,657 | 107,545 | 74,770 | 62,185 | 685 | 403,014 |
| 1983 | 16,100 | 14,338 | 136,853 | 121,840 | 82,845 | 66,973 | 712 | 439,661 |
| 1984 | 16,425 | 18,056 | 141,730 | 138,632 | 90,974 | 71,353 | 729 | 477,899 |
| 1985 | 16,516 | 21,793 | 148,587 | 161,373 | 98,121 | 75,474 | 1,859 | 523,723 |
| 1986 | 16,770 | 23,444 | 155,224 | 187,717 | 101,054 | 79,245 | 5,768 | 569,222 |
| 1987 | 13,149 | 23,915 | 147,837 | 213,441 | 98,377 | 81,745 | 9,051 | 587,515 |
| 1988 | 13,370 | 24,607 | 155,194 | 240,869 | 100,409 | 83,855 | 12,069 | 630,373 |
| 1989* | 13,630 | 24,973 | 163,779 | 307,392 | 102,628 | 86,425 | 15,231 | 714,058 |

* Provisional

NOTE : All cars have been included in the category of-
private cars 1981 onwards.

Source: Department of Motor Traffic.

TABLE 35
GROWTH TRENDS OF TOURISM

| Year | Tourist Nights '000 | Tourist Receipts Rs.Mn. | Receipts Per Tourist Per day U.S.\$ | Accommodation Capacity | | Annual Room Occupancy Rate | Employment | |
|-------|---------------------------|-------------------------------|--|------------------------|----------------|-------------------------------------|------------|----------|
| | | | | Rooms Number | Beds Number | | Direct | Indirect |
| 1981 | 3,907 | 2,546.5 | 33.9 | 6,891 | 13,773 | 54.5 | 23,023 | 32,232 |
| 1982 | 4,048 | 3,050.4 | 36.2 | 7,539 | 15,001 | 47.8 | 26,776 | 37,486 |
| 1983 | 3,179 | 2,896.1 | 39.6 | 8,852 | 17,605 | 35.9 | 22,374 | 31,234 |
| 1984 | 2,818 | 2,669.5 | 37.2 | 9,627 | 18,970 | 35.6 | 24,541 | 34,357 |
| 1985 | 2,365 | 2,233.3 | 34.8 | 9,826 | 19,352 | 32.7 | 22,723 | 31,810 |
| 1986 | 2,513 | 2,300.1 | 32.7 | 9,794 | 19,301 | 32.9 | 22,285 | 31,199 |
| 1987 | 2,414 | 2,415.2 | 34.0 | 9,921 | 19,322 | 31.5 | 20,338 | 28,473 |
| 1988 | 2,305 | 2,438.3 | 33.3 | 9,977 | 19,432 | 32.1 | 19,960 | 27,944 |
| 1989* | 1,970 | 2,724.3 | 38.4 | 9,459 | 18,464 | 31.0 | 20,870 | 29,220 |

* Provisional

Source: Sri Lanka Tourist Board

TABLE 36
 TOURIST ARRIVALS BY COUNTRY OF REGION

| Country of Region | 1981 | 1982 | 1983 | 1984 | 1985 | 1986 | 1987 | 1988 | 1989* |
|--------------------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|
| 01. North America | 13,946 | 15,528 | 14,686 | 15,020 | 10,358 | 9,232 | 7,166 | 6,534 | 5,844 |
| 02. Latin America | 637 | 532 | 590 | 486 | 430 | 402 | 374 | 396 | 300 |
| 03. Western Europe | 245,785 | 232,290 | 176,310 | 191,070 | 153,004 | 143,022 | 121,112 | 111,426 | 101,910 |
| 04. Eastern Europe | 5,311 | 4,160 | 4,488 | 3,270 | 3,080 | 2,764 | 3,160 | 3,386 | 4,544 |
| 05. Middle East | 3,961 | 3,702 | 3,354 | 3,228 | 1,926 | 2,264 | 2,426 | 2,736 | 2,286 |
| 06. Africa | 2,774 | 3,096 | 2,928 | 2,954 | 1,512 | 484 | 427 | 480 | 400 |
| 07. Asia | 88,744 | 135,088 | 124,620 | 89,736 | 79,056 | 66,150 | 43,462 | 53,712 | 65,428 |
| 08. Australia | 9,584 | 12,834 | 10,554 | 11,970 | 8,090 | 5,788 | 4,448 | 3,992 | 4,020 |
| Total | 370,742 | 407,230 | 337,530 | 317,734 | 257,456 | 230,106 | 182,620 | 182,662 | 184,732 |

* Provisional

Source: Sri Lanka Tourist Board

TABLE 37
PERCENTAGE DISTRIBUTION OF TOURIST BY PURPOSE OF VISIT

| Purpose | 1982 | 1983 | 1984 | 1985 | 1986 | 1987 | 1988 | 1989* |
|------------------------------------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|-------|
| 01. Pleasure | 88.7 | 90.8 | 94.5 | 90.9 | 93.9 | 89.1 | 90.4 | 92.1 |
| 02. Business | 6.7 | 4.7 | 3.4 | 7.4 | 4.4 | 8.5 | 7.5 | 6.4 |
| 03. Visiting friends and relations | 1.7 | 1.3 | 0.6 | 1.0 | 0.8 | 1.3 | 0.6 | 0.3 |
| 04. Religions and Cultural | 1.2 | 0.7 | 0.2 | 0.1 | 0.1 | 0.1 | 0.1 | 0.1 |
| 05. Others | 1.7 | 2.5 | 1.3 | 0.6 | 0.8 | 1.0 | 1.4 | 1.1 |

* Provisional

Source: Sri Lanka Tourist Board

TABLE 38
IMPORTS BY PRINCIPAL COUNTRIES

| | (Rs.Mn.) | | | | | | | |
|--------------------------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|
| | 1982 | 1983 | 1984 | 1985 | 1986 | 1987 | 1988 | 1989* |
| 01. Australia | 870.3 | 539.5 | 668.7 | 1,572.3 | 767.3 | 599.6 | 831.3 | 1,315.7 |
| 02. China Republic | 872.6 | 882.0 | 923.4 | 1,920.5 | 2,418.0 | 1,876.2 | 3,336.3 | 3,696.0 |
| 03. China Taiwan | 910.0 | 1,100.9 | 1,284.3 | 1,556.6 | 2,669.1 | 3,123.3 | 3,349.8 | 4,183.4 |
| 04. France | 770.1 | 1,152.9 | 564.4 | 865.8 | 703.5 | 1,017.3 | 1,639.7 | 1,299.2 |
| 05. Germany Fe. Republic | 1,589.2 | 1,766.4 | 2,236.5 | 2,675.0 | 2,405.4 | 2,649.9 | 3,265.4 | 2,563.7 |
| 06. Hong Kong | 860.5 | 1,273.4 | 1,502.4 | 1,562.9 | 2,396.1 | 3,823.0 | 3,710.0 | 3,963.1 |
| 07. India Republic | 1,520.0 | 2,709.3 | 2,833.6 | 2,027.9 | 2,221.9 | 2,459.8 | 2,893.5 | 2,312.6 |
| 08. Iran | 4,288.8 | 4,409.8 | 1,369.8 | 4,537.9 | 1,069.3 | 3,064.6 | 3,237.8 | 3,478.7 |
| 09. Japan | 5,600.4 | 7,460.6 | 7,824.5 | 7,668.4 | 8,933.9 | 8,957.6 | 9,704.9 | 9,350.2 |
| 10. Korea South | 742.3 | 844.0 | 995.5 | 1,247.1 | 1,962.5 | 2,319.6 | 2,843.2 | 3,409.9 |
| 11. Malaysia | 1,597.3 | 1,383.2 | 1,112.5 | 789.6 | 1,174.1 | 1,731.0 | 1,971.2 | 2,194.7 |
| 12. Netherland (Holland) | 463.1 | 631.7 | 659.0 | 563.0 | 613.8 | 745.4 | 1,161.8 | 1,067.9 |
| 13. New Zealand | 80.2 | 334.1 | 224.4 | 478.2 | 568.9 | 508.6 | 717.2 | 814.1 |
| 14. Pakistan | 0.0 | 0.0 | 434.9 | 922.6 | 1,292.3 | 1,373.7 | 2,215.4 | 1,788.4 |
| 15. Singapore | 2,210.8 | 3,499.8 | 2,568.7 | 2,003.2 | 2,010.5 | 2,948.1 | 2,955.2 | 3,402.4 |
| 16. South Africa | 523.2 | 552.6 | 518.0 | 678.2 | 1,718.5 | 1,801.0 | 2,158.6 | 2,877.5 |
| 17. Sweden | 568.4 | 747.8 | 739.3 | 460.1 | 712.5 | 723.9 | 648.9 | 556.5 |
| 18. Switzerland | 262.7 | 387.0 | 388.8 | 235.8 | 721.2 | 610.2 | 463.6 | 524.0 |
| 19. Thailand | 312.2 | 440.9 | 358.7 | 582.8 | 1,116.0 | 1,182.2 | 1,335.5 | 3,509.0 |
| 20. UAE | 30.7 | 41.5 | 42.0 | 370.7 | 2,864.0 | 2,548.0 | 1,523.4 | 1,015.0 |
| 21. U.K. | 2,424.8 | 2,858.3 | 2,209.3 | 2,618.6 | 2,882.4 | 4,134.9 | 4,024.6 | 4,512.3 |
| 22. USA | 2,321.6 | 2,698.5 | 4,177.9 | 3,503.3 | 3,816.2 | 3,358.8 | 4,857.2 | 4,938.6 |
| 23. United Arab | 24.7 | 28.3 | 159.1 | 55.5 | 569.1 | 782.1 | 870.2 | 288.3 |
| 24. Other Countries | 8,002.2 | 6,270.7 | 13,105.5 | 10,187.6 | 6,695.1 | 7,899.9 | 10,573.3 | 12,290.1 |
| Total Imports # | 36,866.1 | 42,013.2 | 46,901.2 | 49,083.6 | 52,301.6 | 59,738.7 | 70,288.0 | 75,351.3 |

Excluding re-imports
* Provisional

Source: Sri Lanka Customs

TABLE 39
EXPORTS BY PRINCIPAL COUNTRIES

| | (Rs.Mn.) | | | | | | | |
|--------------------------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|
| | 1982 | 1983 | 1984 | 1985 | 1986 | 1987 | 1988 | 1989* |
| 01. Belgium | 271.7 | 348.0 | 228.2 | 523.1 | 1,024.5 | 801.2 | 1,668.4 | 2,990.4 |
| 02. Canada | 266.3 | 431.4 | 723.2 | 629.8 | 638.8 | 701.4 | 713.9 | 913.9 |
| 03. France | 322.2 | 346.2 | 512.2 | 419.6 | 456.1 | 743.7 | 883.8 | 1,394.5 |
| 04. Germany Fe. Republic | 1,159.1 | 1,537.1 | 1,782.6 | 1,868.4 | 2,305.2 | 2,946.4 | 3,302.4 | 3,407.0 |
| 05. Hong Kong | 165.9 | 199.6 | 385.2 | 250.6 | 294.1 | 543.0 | 482.8 | 616.4 |
| 06. Iraq | 975.8 | 1,147.8 | 2,632.2 | 1,468.5 | 842.9 | 1,394.0 | 1,627.6 | 1,406.8 |
| 07. Japan | 1,040.5 | 1,130.4 | 1,553.6 | 1,748.0 | 1,813.1 | 1,950.9 | 2,664.7 | 3,191.2 |
| 08. Libya | 162.5 | 391.7 | 624.3 | 348.3 | 280.0 | 522.2 | 470.4 | 441.1 |
| 09. Netherland (Holland) | 693.4 | 736.0 | 863.3 | 1,199.5 | 1,289.2 | 1,122.8 | 1,502.7 | 1,606.4 |
| 10. Pakistan | 0.0 | 0.0 | 871.8 | 741.9 | 949.3 | 923.2 | 1,677.4 | 1,618.7 |
| 11. Saudi Arabia | 563.5 | 805.4 | 1,300.5 | 1,292.6 | 906.8 | 1,088.3 | 1,155.6 | 1,195.8 |
| 12. Singapore | 780.5 | 844.4 | 498.8 | 1,140.9 | 784.8 | 907.8 | 1,246.6 | 1,227.7 |
| 13. UAE | 222.9 | 167.5 | 245.3 | 345.3 | 421.9 | 635.1 | 566.0 | 724.0 |
| 14. U.K. | 1,368.6 | 1,226.9 | 2,159.0 | 1,864.7 | 1,892.6 | 2,159.2 | 2,535.3 | 3,103.3 |
| 15. U.S.A. | 2,980.4 | 4,357.6 | 7,120.6 | 7,650.1 | 8,480.3 | 10,434.3 | 11,664.4 | 14,393.7 |
| 16. USSR | 474.8 | 942.0 | 1,637.7 | 844.1 | 447.7 | 507.6 | 393.2 | 962.1 |
| 17. United Arab Rep. | 840.4 | 1,723.4 | 2,333.7 | 1,956.1 | 1,710.7 | 1,944.6 | 1,865.5 | 2,047.3 |
| 18. All other countries | 8,440.0 | 8,508.0 | 11,068.6 | 9,946.5 | 8,554.3 | 9,934.0 | 12,126.7 | 13,445.3 |
| Total Export # | 20,728.5 | 24,843.4 | 36,540.8 | 34,238.0 | 33,092.3 | 39,259.7 | 46,547.4 | 54,685.6 |

* Provisional
Excluding Re-exports

Source: Sri Lanka Customs

TABLE 40
EXPORTS BY PRINCIPAL COMMODITIES

| (Rs.Mn.) | | | | | | | | |
|----------------------------|---------|---------|----------|----------|---------|----------|----------|----------|
| ITEM | 1982 | 1983 | 1984 | 1985 | 1986 | 1987 | 1988 | 1989* |
| 01. Tea | 6,342.0 | 8,295.0 | 15,764.0 | 12,003.0 | 9,205.0 | 10,652.0 | 12,216.0 | 11,892.0 |
| 02. Rubber | 2,323.0 | 2,852.0 | 3,301.0 | 2,566.0 | 2,622.0 | 2,873.0 | 3,707.0 | 3,506.0 |
| 03. Coconuts | 1,081.0 | 1,476.0 | 1,442.0 | 1,525.0 | 1,663.0 | 1,538.0 | 954.0 | 2,081.0 |
| (i) Fresh Nuts | 31.5 | 20.8 | 28.4 | 36.2 | 54.0 | 69.9 | 70.4 | 68.2 |
| (ii) Desiccated Coconut | 594.8 | 945.2 | 1,091.4 | 1,296.1 | 848.4 | 1,104.0 | 618.3 | 993.5 |
| (iii) Coconut Oil | 391.6 | 440.2 | 249.5 | 93.4 | 672.5 | 252.4 | 175.3 | 869.3 |
| (iv) Copra | 62.6 | 69.8 | 72.4 | 99.3 | 88.0 | 112.1 | 89.6 | 150.3 |

* Provisional

Source: Department of Census and Statistics

TABLE 41
ANNUAL AVERAGES OF PRODUCER PRICES FOR SELECTED AGRICULTURAL PRODUCTS

| ITEM | Unit | (Rs.Cts) | | | | | | | |
|------------------------|---------|----------|--------|--------|--------|----------|----------|----------|----------|
| | | 1982 | 1983 | 1984 | 1985 | 1986 | 1987 | 1988 | 1989 * |
| 01. Paddy | Bushels | 71.00 | 74.00 | 75.00 | 81.00 | 82.32 | 86.51 | 88.75 | 118.11 |
| 02. Kurakkan | Kg. | 3.05 | 3.31 | 3.42 | 3.52 | 4.46 | 4.37 | 5.64 | 6.55 |
| 03. Green Gram | Kg. | 9.66 | 7.93 | 9.64 | 12.25 | 12.92 | 12.52 | 13.51 | 21.82 |
| 04. Cow-pea | Kg. | 6.95 | 6.43 | 6.63 | 8.52 | 9.28 | 9.47 | 10.66 | 16.23 |
| 05. Ground Nuts | Kg. | 12.93 | 12.49 | 13.56 | 15.30 | 12.29 | 10.82 | 10.40 | 15.21 |
| 06. Manioc | Kg. | 1.70 | 1.86 | 2.30 | 2.36 | 2.29 | 2.83 | 3.22 | 3.46 |
| 07. Sweet Potatoes | Kg. | 2.41 | 2.74 | 2.81 | 2.89 | 2.85 | 3.83 | 4.38 | 5.04 |
| 08. Red Onions | Kg. | 6.66 | 7.03 | 12.05 | 11.45 | 10.56 | 8.82 | 10.51 | 9.11 |
| 09. Chillies-Dried | Kg. | 27.47 | 29.80 | 26.68 | 35.92 | 33.05 | 35.33 | 50.02 | 61.61 |
| 10. Coffee Seed | Kg. | 26.53 | 33.99 | 38.87 | 40.13 | 55.20 | 48.14 | 45.04 | 43.60 |
| 11. Coconuts | each | 1.33 | 1.74 | 2.94 | 1.69 | 1.21 | 2.17 | 3.60 | 2.70 |
| 12. Goats | each | 325.00 | 380.00 | 415.00 | 439.00 | 472.00 | 503.00 | 537.00 | 669.00 |
| 13. Pigs | each | 503.00 | 611.00 | 640.00 | 711.00 | 785.00 | 790.00 | 847.00 | 979.00 |
| 14. Poultry Full Brown | each | 36.00 | 41.00 | 45.00 | 49.00 | 52.52 | 53.74 | 55.87 | 65.00 |
| 15. Buffaloes | each | 886.00 | 940.00 | 962.00 | 994.00 | 1,246.00 | 1,406.00 | 1,508.00 | 1,893.00 |
| 16. Neet Cattle | each | 825.00 | 923.00 | 956.00 | 967.00 | 1,124.00 | 1,300.00 | 1,448.00 | 1,864.00 |
| 17. Eggs | each | 1.20 | 1.30 | 1.34 | 1.39 | 1.43 | 1.35 | 1.53 | 1.82 |
| 18. Milk (Cow) | 750 ml. | 2.10 | 2.44 | 2.86 | 3.21 | 3.45 | 3.70 | 3.98 | 4.36 |

* Provisional

Source: Department of Census and Statistics

TABLE 42
ANNUAL AVERAGES OF OPEN MARKET RETAIL PRICES (IN COLOMBO CITY)

| (Rs. Cts.) | | | | | | | | | | |
|-------------------------|-------------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|--------|
| ITEM | Unit | 1981 | 1982 | 1983 | 1984 | 1985 | 1986 | 1987 | 1988 | 1989 * |
| Food | | | | | | | | | | |
| ---- | | | | | | | | | | |
| Rice-Parboiled-Local | Kg. | 6.81 | 6.69 | 6.94 | 7.98 | 8.02 | 8.08 | 8.30 | 9.04 | 12.53 |
| Rice-Raw-Local | Kg. | 6.35 | 6.80 | 7.28 | 8.21 | 8.42 | 8.32 | 8.43 | 9.12 | 12.82 |
| Flour | Kg. | 5.77 | 6.53 | 6.68 | 7.67 | 7.77 | 7.88 | 7.88 | 7.88 | 8.72 |
| Bread | 450g. | 2.37 | 2.67 | 2.76 | 3.03 | 3.06 | 3.10 | 3.10 | 3.10 | 3.37 |
| Dhall-Mysore** | Kg. | 15.54 | 20.25 | 19.84 | 18.94 | 26.09 | 33.38 | 31.79 | 32.11 | 32.82 |
| Dhall Lanka Mung | Kg. | 16.97 | 20.23 | 18.42 | 20.80 | 23.22 | 27.28 | 32.46 | 32.28 | 35.61 |
| Chillies (dried) | Kg. | 28.69 | 32.74 | 34.31 | 39.14 | 49.59 | 42.01 | 49.39 | 67.18 | 79.07 |
| Onion-Red | Kg. | 11.04 | 9.06 | 9.95 | 24.03 | 17.24 | 17.27 | 12.85 | 18.44 | 13.96 |
| Coconuts | Kg. | 1.77 | 1.58 | 2.41 | 4.04 | 2.38 | 1.67 | 2.93 | 4.31 | 3.41 |
| Coconut Oil | 750 ml. | 9.47 | 8.48 | 12.68 | 22.68 | 12.14 | 7.06 | 13.29 | 24.94 | 17.53 |
| Potatoes | Kg. | 9.58 | 9.83 | 11.77 | 15.14 | 15.26 | 17.09 | 15.78 | 21.46 | 21.72 |
| Beef (with bones) | Kg. | 16.23 | 18.48 | 21.79 | 24.20 | 28.42 | 32.75 | 36.13 | 40.90 | 48.01 |
| Mutton (with bones) | Kg. | 32.85 | 37.78 | 42.08 | 55.29 | 60.56 | 67.78 | 73.79 | 81.10 | 88.62 |
| Fresh Fish | | | | | | | | | | |
| ---- | | | | | | | | | | |
| Seer | Kg. | 29.96 | 46.09 | 49.04 | 58.40 | 66.57 | 76.49 | 83.02 | 94.16 | 101.49 |
| Paraw | Kg. | 26.64 | 35.94 | 39.64 | 44.00 | 56.00 | 54.44 | 57.47 | 69.38 | 72.62 |
| Galmalu | Kg. | 21.56 | 30.61 | 32.90 | 35.93 | 40.30 | 41.99 | 49.37 | 58.09 | 63.22 |
| Dried Fish | | | | | | | | | | |
| ---- | | | | | | | | | | |
| Seer | Kg. | 46.86 | 54.62 | 61.46 | 66.98 | 73.93 | 79.98 | 83.27 | 92.62 | 103.55 |
| Paraw | Kg. | 43.10 | 47.37 | 56.48 | 60.57 | 63.36 | 65.36 | 67.86 | 79.67 | 87.68 |
| Katta | Kg. | 44.35 | 52.20 | 63.14 | 63.94 | 70.82 | 78.09 | 75.74 | 86.52 | 92.57 |
| Spratts | Kg. | 46.07 | 53.01 | 52.60 | 53.38 | 55.05 | 67.07 | 63.89 | 65.55 | 63.43 |
| Other | | | | | | | | | | |
| ---- | | | | | | | | | | |
| Tea Dust | Kg. | 23.47 | 29.20 | 50.01 | 69.00 | 68.36 | 62.64 | 64.93 | 66.60 | 73.68 |
| Sugar | Kg. | 16.08 | 12.83 | 12.45 | 12.29 | 12.58 | 14.29 | 15.79 | 18.18 | 24.76 |
| Egg (Medium and Small) | each | 1.02 | 1.39 | 1.30 | 1.39 | 1.44 | 1.43 | 1.20 | 1.56 | 1.97 |
| Fresh Milk (Dairy) | Litre | 4.34 | 4.87 | 5.68 | 6.09 | 6.67 | 6.67 | 6.67 | 7.92 | 10.23 |
| Fresh Milk (Milk Board) | Litre | 3.80 | 3.86 | 5.39 | 6.16 | 7.11 | 7.11 | 7.71 | 9.20 | 9.87 |
| Lakspray | 450 g. | 15.46 | 17.18 | 21.73 | 26.28 | 28.23 | 28.19 | 28.25 | 32.45 | 35.95 |
| Lactogen | 450 g. | 20.07 | 29.68 | 31.58 | 32.00 | 33.67 | 35.28 | 36.17 | 39.56 | 48.41 |
| Fuel and Light | | | | | | | | | | |
| ---- | | | | | | | | | | |
| Kerosene Oil | Litre | 3.95 | 3.99 | 5.64 | 6.58 | 6.58 | 6.58 | 6.58 | 6.58 | 6.58 |
| Firewood | 50 kg. | 17.00 | 18.29 | 22.29 | 26.51 | 29.23 | 30.00 | 30.52 | 36.70 | 46.53 |
| Miscellaneous | | | | | | | | | | |
| ---- | | | | | | | | | | |
| Cigarettes - Capstan | 10 | 5.06 | 5.79 | 6.50 | 7.91 | 8.57 | 9.26 | 10.52 | 12.59 | 15.17 |
| Bristol | 10 | 4.76 | 5.49 | 6.20 | 7.41 | 8.07 | 8.76 | 10.02 | 12.07 | 14.67 |
| Sunlight | Cake | 2.32 | 2.39 | 2.68 | 3.47 | 3.47 | 2.86 | 3.17 | 4.49 | 4.65 |
| Sovering Bar | each | 9.93 | 10.43 | 11.13 | 23.42 | 20.92 | 14.38 | 14.21 | 21.96 | 24.67 |
| Train fares (3rd class) | per mile | 0.16 | 0.16 | 0.21 | 0.23 | 0.23 | 0.23 | 0.23 | 0.23 | 0.23 |
| Bus fares | per section | 0.28 | 0.28 | 0.39 | 0.46 | 0.46 | 0.46 | 0.46 | 0.46 | 0.46 |
| Petrol | Litre | 9.39 | 9.42 | 12.35 | 13.50 | 13.50 | 13.50 | 13.50 | 13.50 | 16.71 |
| Postal ordinary letters | each | 0.50 | 0.50 | 0.51 | 0.60 | 0.61 | 0.75 | 0.75 | 0.75 | 0.75 |
| Post Card | each | 0.35 | 0.35 | 0.35 | 0.35 | 0.36 | 0.50 | 0.50 | 0.50 | 0.50 |
| Cinema - 1st class | | 4.00 | 4.00 | 4.00 | 5.00 | 5.00 | 5.00 | 6.71 | 6.71 | 6.71 |
| 2nd class | | 2.25 | 2.25 | 2.25 | 3.00 | 3.00 | 3.00 | 4.18 | 4.18 | 4.18 |

* Provisional

** Mysore Dhall - Upto 1985 Co-op. price

Source: Department of Census and Statistics

TABLE 43
AUDIO VISUAL MEDIA SERVICES INCOME GENERATED ON LICENCES

| YEAR | RADIO | TELEVISION |
|-------|-------|------------|
| 1981 | 42.7 | 11.6 |
| 1982 | 48.6 | 26.5 |
| 1983 | 53.7 | 41.0 |
| 1984 | 54.0 | 64.7 |
| 1985 | 43.0 | 63.7 |
| 1986 | 46.0 | 61.8 |
| 1987 | 48.2 | 104.2 |
| 1988 | 29.4 | 57.8 |
| 1989* | 33.8 | 95.1 |

* Provisional

Source: Postal Department

Note : Values are based on income obtained by the
 Postal Department.

TABLE 44
 COLOMBO CONSUMERS PRICE INDEX NUMBER BY MAJOR COMMODITY GROUPS (1952 = 100)

| YEAR | ALL ITEMS | FOOD | CLOTHING | FUEL AND LIGHT | RENT | MISCELLANEOUS |
|-----------|-----------|---------|----------|----------------|-------|---------------|
| 1953 | 101.6 | 106.0 | 82.8 | 99.8 | 101.3 | 97.2 |
| 1955 | 100.5 | 105.1 | 80.5 | 102.3 | 101.5 | 94.6 |
| 1960 | 103.5 | 100.8 | 95.1 | 102.7 | 101.5 | 117.5 |
| 1965 | 112.5 | 107.3 | 126.7 | 100.7 | 101.5 | 128.3 |
| 1970 | 138.2 | 136.6 | 137.3 | 136.1 | 109.8 | 153.2 |
| 1975 | 198.3 | 204.3 | 208.2 | 237.0 | 109.8 | 191.9 |
| 1980 | 318.2 | 339.7 | 239.9 | 563.9 | 109.8 | 293.8 |
| 1981 | 375.4 | 399.6 | 257.8 | 767.9 | 109.8 | 345.7 |
| 1982 | 416.1 | 450.4 | 273.8 | 816.4 | 109.8 | 377.1 |
| 1983 | 474.2 | 506.3 | 291.1 | 1,087.6 | 109.8 | 433.7 |
| 1984 | 553.1 | 598.0 | 307.5 | 1,282.7 | 109.8 | 496.9 |
| 1985 | 561.2 | 598.4 | 324.2 | 1,332.1 | 109.8 | 524.4 |
| 1986 | 606.0 | 641.4 | 374.5 | 1,347.6 | 109.8 | 599.7 |
| 1987 | 652.8 | 697.0 | 400.9 | 1,358.7 | 109.8 | 650.7 |
| 1988 | 744.1 | 802.0 | 419.8 | 1,535.1 | 109.8 | 742.6 |
| 1989 | 830.2 | 884.6 | 490.0 | 1,718.9 | 109.8 | 860.1 |
| 1989 | | | | | | |
| January | 786.5 | 851.4 | 432.0 | 1,606.2 | 109.8 | 783.8 |
| February | 780.8 | 837.4 | 432.0 | 1,663.7 | 109.8 | 789.1 |
| March | 788.5 | 837.4 | 459.2 | 1,710.3 | 109.8 | 809.2 |
| April | 797.5 | 846.2 | 460.1 | 1,710.3 | 109.8 | 829.6 |
| May | 806.7 | 858.3 | 460.8 | 1,711.3 | 109.8 | 838.1 |
| June | 823.7 | 884.1 | 467.0 | 1,711.3 | 109.8 | 836.8 |
| July | 824.5 | 869.0 | 507.1 | 1,734.6 | 109.8 | 873.6 |
| August | 844.3 | 895.6 | 507.1 | 1,734.6 | 109.8 | 890.7 |
| September | 851.5 | 900.7 | 517.8 | 1,750.2 | 109.8 | 904.5 |
| October | 861.3 | 915.7 | 527.6 | 1,750.2 | 109.8 | 900.0 |
| November | 881.6 | 937.9 | 541.3 | 1,760.0 | 109.8 | 927.2 |
| December | 915.3 | 982.0 | 568.2 | 1,784.5 | 109.8 | 938.2 |
| 1990 | | | | | | |
| January | 937.7 | 1,014.0 | 568.2 | 1,786.6 | 109.8 | 949.3 |
| February | 952.6 | 1,030.5 | 574.7 | 1,786.6 | 109.8 | 972.8 |
| March | 964.2 | 1,043.4 | 581.7 | 1,802.3 | 109.8 | 985.1 |
| April | 977.6 | 1,060.8 | 605.9 | 1,802.3 | 109.8 | 985.1 |
| May | 994.5 | 1,084.1 | 606.6 | 1,802.3 | 109.8 | 996.8 |
| June | 1,008.3 | 1,105.6 | 606.6 | 1,802.3 | 109.8 | 996.8 |
| July | 1,022.6 | 1,118.3 | 614.3 | 1,889.9 | 109.8 | 1,007.4 |
| August | 1,020.8 | 1,101.8 | 614.3 | 2,008.0 | 109.8 | 1,031.1 |
| September | 1,026.5 | 1,093.5 | 629.7 | 2,081.1 | 109.8 | 1,072.8 |
| October | 1,029.4 | 1,095.7 | 640.2 | 2,081.1 | 109.8 | 1,075.9 |

Source: Department of Census and Statistics.

TABLE 45
WHOLESALE PRICE INDEX (1974=100)

| PERIOD | COMMODITIES - WISE | | | | | | | | | | | | | | SECTOR - WISE | | | | | |
|--------|--------------------|-------|---------------------|----------------------------|-------------------|---|-----------------------|-------------------------|-------------------|------------------------|--------------------------|-----------|----------------------|--------------------|---------------|---------|---------|----------|-------------------|----------------|
| | All-Items | Food | Alcoholic Drinks | Textile and Footwear | Paper Products | Chemical and Chemical Products | Petroleum Products | Non-Metalic Products | Metal Products | Transport Equipment | Electrical Appliances | Machinery | Fuel And Light | Miscel- laneous | Domestic | Imports | Exports | Consumer | Inter- mediate | Invest ment |
| 1981 | 268.5 | 249.5 | 252.9 | 279.3 | 288.3 | 173.2 | 467.3 | 412.6 | 206.0 | 193.9 | 185.3 | 161.7 | 402.5 | 337.8 | 217.0 | 301.4 | 343.7 | 252.8 | 318.2 | 305.1 |
| 1982 | 283.3 | 263.7 | 267.6 | 308.9 | 289.1 | 183.2 | 473.3 | 444.6 | 229.9 | 200.6 | 232.4 | 167.6 | 409.2 | 359.5 | 239.6 | 295.2 | 365.8 | 268.3 | 329.8 | 325.1 |
| 1983 | 354.1 | 342.9 | 281.3 | 290.6 | 340.7 | 213.4 | 608.8 | 517.2 | 246.1 | 250.9 | 253.8 | 194.8 | 427.9 | 440.2 | 253.7 | 325.4 | 612.9 | 345.8 | 381.9 | 367.1 |
| 1984 | 444.7 | 455.9 | 310.1 | 295.8 | 405.0 | 246.2 | 685.1 | 633.3 | 310.2 | 295.0 | 275.9 | 197.5 | 511.7 | 451.8 | 282.4 | 345.9 | 926.4 | 453.5 | 420.4 | 399.0 |
| 1985 | 377.1 | 346.9 | 335.5 | 303.4 | 431.1 | 247.0 | 685.1 | 651.4 | 324.7 | 306.5 | 292.4 | 199.5 | 627.6 | 495.7 | 303.1 | 356.6 | 567.2 | 360.3 | 432.1 | 409.4 |
| 1986 | 366.0 | 324.1 | 394.8 | 309.8 | 419.5 | 233.9 | 685.1 | 621.7 | 318.1 | 308.0 | 293.1 | 217.5 | 692.6 | 545.5 | 327.0 | 355.0 | 466.3 | 345.4 | 434.4 | 401.7 |
| 1987 | 414.9 | 385.7 | 441.0 | 323.4 | 432.7 | 227.3 | 685.1 | 594.2 | 322.6 | 313.8 | 308.4 | 235.5 | 723.2 | 649.0 | 340.5 | 362.5 | 644.6 | 406.5 | 449.9 | 396.7 |
| 1988 | 488.7 | 471.9 | 502.9 | 329.4 | 452.2 | 259.4 | 685.1 | 658.2 | 358.6 | 321.3 | 346.1 | 264.4 | 754.3 | 827.1 | 383.3 | 403.4 | 826.9 | 489.6 | 495.3 | 439.3 |
| 1989 | 532.9 | 493.3 | 573.0 | 343.6 | 550.1 | 291.9 | 762.3 | 735.9 | 469.6 | 395.9 | 427.8 | 285.7 | 1002.9 | 1051.2 | 466.0 | 458.7 | 772.1 | 545.0 | 588.4 | 503.6 |

Source: Central Bank of Sri Lanka

TABLE 46

IMPORT QUANTITY BY PRINCIPAL COMMODITIES

| ITEM | (Metric Tons) | | | | | | | | |
|------------------------|---------------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|
| | 1981 | 1982 | 1983 | 1984 | 1985 | 1986 | 1987 | 1988 | 1989 |
| Rice | 154,579 | 111,659 | 176,808 | 20,339 | 176,873 | 210,906 | 79,749 | 194,477 | 139,444 |
| Wheat and Meslin | 509,949 | 356,509 | 423,548 | 641,208 | 661,647 | 504,898 | 422,273 | 681,098 | 477,494 |
| Flour | 2,890 | 7,189 | 18,720 | 13,783 | 42,225 | 12,837 | 12,341 | 36,728 | 17,025 |
| Sugar | 237,801 | 120,724 | 265,386 | 233,108 | 362,939 | 323,524 | 340,090 | 318,959 | 207,349 |
| Dhall (Mysore) | 8,433 | 9,222 | 22,500 | 57,223 | 29,566 | 38,629 | 39,717 | 31,066 | 3,919 |
| Chillies (Dried) | 580 | 3,362 | 9,285 | 8,154 | 4,117 | 3,312 | 2,100 | 8,789 | 1,388 |
| Onions (Red) | 3,220 | 3,937 | 1,484 | 2,888 | 2,942 | 1,482 | 1 | 1 | 0 |
| Onions (Bombay) | 786 | 2,159 | 6,277 | 44,736 | 58,690 | 45,828 | 34,402 | 11,672 | 4,225 |
| Potatoes | 1,000 | 0 | 861 | 214 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 20 | 501 |
| Dried Fish* | 3,831 | 7,388 | 105,016 | 34,052 | 24,611 | 24,063 | 30,362 | 30,584 | 33,984 |
| Milk Products (Powder) | 9,986 | 10,939 | 24,912 | 16,981 | 20,597 | 25,628 | 35,781 | 40,134 | 47,770 |

*Including Maldive Fish and excluding Dried Prawns.

Source: Sri Lanka Customs.

TABLE 47

IMPORT VALUE BY PRINCIPAL COMMODITIES

(Rs.Million)

| ITEM | 1981 | 1982 | 1983 | 1984 | 1985 | 1986 | 1987 | 1988 | 1989 |
|------------------------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|
| Rice | 891.8 | 589.2 | 919.4 | 153.8 | 923.2 | 976.0 | 486.1 | 1,677.3 | 1,464.4 |
| Wheat and Meslin | 1,871.6 | 1,318.1 | 1,623.4 | 1,635.5 | 2,894.3 | 2,003.7 | 1,410.3 | 2,915.1 | 2,963.1 |
| Flour | 24.8 | 58.8 | 104.7 | 24.9 | 203.0 | 87.9 | 93.4 | 302.0 | 174.3 |
| Sugar | 2,662.6 | 913.0 | 1,675.9 | 1,192.6 | 1,870.0 | 1,783.0 | 2,164.7 | 2,927.1 | 2,422.9 |
| Dhall (Mysore) | 69.7 | 139.6 | 167.5 | 660.8 | 562.1 | 743.6 | 485.7 | 360.9 | 49.8 |
| Chillies (Dried) | 9.3 | 58.3 | 163.3 | 235.1 | 116.9 | 97.8 | 86.2 | 306.2 | 73.1 |
| Onions (Red) | 11.6 | 22.6 | 8.1 | 28.5 | 25.1 | 9.8 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 |
| Onions (Bombay) | 3.7 | 14.6 | 40.5 | 268.6 | 329.0 | 314.5 | 301.2 | 86.7 | 46.0 |
| Potatoes | 2.6 | 0.0 | 5.7 | 1.7 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.3 | 5.8 |
| Dried Fish* | 57.5 | 162.2 | 217.5 | 376.2 | 509.9 | 624.8 | 755.0 | 941.9 | 993.5 |
| Milk Products (Powder) | 337.2 | 426.2 | 775.2 | 535.8 | 639.5 | 798.6 | 1,151.1 | 1,814.8 | 2,111.4 |

*Including Maldivo Fish and excluding Dried Prawns.

Source: Sri Lanka Customs.

DEPARTMENTAL PUBLICATIONS

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