The Central Bank of Sri Lanka of late has been championing what is called the "Inflation Fan Chart" to support its forecast of country moving towards a single digit inflation by the year's end. Following is an explanatory note by the CBSL.

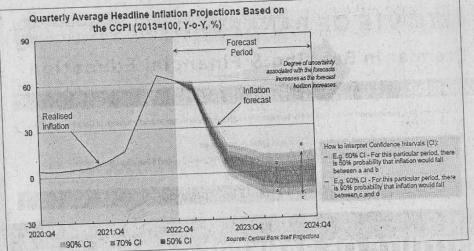
A fan chart illustrates the uncertainty surrounding a forecast of a given macroeconomic variable.

The fan chart on inflation projections published by the Central Bank comprises realised inflation and projections in the form of confidence intervals.

Macroeconomic projections, including that of inflation, are done on a quarterly basis using a semi-structural macroeconomic model.

Quarterly data are used for this purpose and quarterly inflation

Understanding the 'Inflation Fan Chart' of Central Bank of Sri Lanka



is arrived at by averaging the three monthly observations of inflation (CCPI, y-o-y, published by the DCS) for a given projections of selected quarter. The fan chart variables and judgcomprises forecasts ments. Accordingly, arrived for these quar- forecasts are uncertain terly values of inflation.

at using realised data, forecasts of major global indicators, near-term by nature, which is rep-

Forecasts are arrived resented by the confidence intervals, and this uncertainty needs to be taken into consideration when such forecasts are used for various purpos-

A confidence interval is a range of estimates

for a parameter or variable (inflation, in the estimates under consideration). Accordingly, a 50% confidence interval is a range of values where one can be 50% confident that it contains the true value of the variable.