Inflation remains at single digit in 2011

beginning of the year by the year end. decreased to 4.9 per- percent). cent in December 2011 Meanwhile, average ary 2011 and the annual

As projected in the tion reached 6.9 percent

the rate of year-on-year The contribution to the inflation, as measured by annual average increase of the Colombo Consum- 6.7 percent in the Index ers' Price Index (CCPI) came mainly from price (2006/07=100), com- increases in the sub catputed by the Department egory of Food and non of Census and Statistics, alcoholic beverages (8.8

from 6.2 percent in Janu- prices in the sub categories of Housing, water, electricaverage rate of inflation ity, gas and other fuels (4.3 recorded 6.7 percent in percent); Transport (7.1 December 2011 thus sta- percent); Clothing and bilising the inflation at footwear (13.4 percent); the mid single digit level. Furnishing, household The year-on-year core equipment and routine inflation, which is com- household maintenance puted by excluding the (4.6 percent); Health (2.7 items of fresh food, ener-percent); Education (3.5 gy, transport, rice and percent); Miscellaneous December 2011. The increased compared to the ing the year. annual average core infla- previous year. However,



coconut from the CCPI goods and services (3.9 the prices in the sub cat- locally produced agriculbasket, also declined percent); and Recreation egory of Communication tural and other food comreaching 4.7 percent in and culture (5.5 percent) remained unchanged dur- modities, especially of veg-

Increases in prices of the first three months of

etables were significant in

the year, due to both crop destructions and transport disruptions that occurred owing to the flood situation which prevailed in major producing areas.

Although this situation was temporary, inflation on a year-on-year basis continued to increase until it peaked in April and then decreased with the improved supply conditions. The increase in prices of imported food commodities such as wheat flour and milk powder in the international market led to the increase in the food sub index and thereby the CCPI. The upward price revisions of diesel, petrol, kerosene, LP gas and bus fares effected during the reference period also contributed both directly and indirectly to inflation.



New method to be adopted for census-

by Ranil Wijayapala

A new method will be adopted at the enumeration stage of the 2011 population and housing census to be conducted from February 27 to March 21 to support the need assessment in the development and administrative purposes by collecting data from the residents, Director, Census and Statistics Department H.R. Gunasekara said.

At the enumeration stage,

the Census and Statistics Department will not use the de-facto method of counting people as they are found on an assigned time on a census night. "We are deviating from the earlier method this time and are col-

those living in residences for more than six months continuously", he said.

"We are adopting this method as data users require data on the population who reside in the area as the residents are those that use services such as education, transport, health and security and not those found in the area on a census night", he said.

New method to...

lecting data from

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At the previous census the data tabulated included people who do not reside in the place where they were enumerated.

He said the Census and Statistics Department is now preparing for the enumeration stage of the population and housing census by training 80,000 enumerators recruited for the purpose and the 16,000 supervisors mainly Grama Niladharis at village level to facilitate the process.

According to the dates fixed for the enumeration stage of the census, enumerators are scheduled to visit houses from February 27 to March 19 to collect data of the persons and houses of the usual residents.

"The homeless people will be counted on March 19 night by the enumerators to include them also in the census", he said.

The enumerators are scheduled to visit households again on March 20 and 21 at the revision round to revise the data collected based on the number of deaths, births and the change of residence during this period.

"We seek the support of the public since they are the ultimate beneficiaries of this census. They should not be counted in two places. Nobody should be missed out or nobody should be duplicated", he said.



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